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## LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

Department of the Interior, - Office pf Education, Washington, June, 1930.
$S_{\text {In : }}$ For the information of university and college officers concerned with the evaluation of credits presented for advanced standing, of high-school administrators and teachers, of prospective college students, and others, the Office of Education publishes from time to time a compilation of the lists of institutions of college grade accredited or approved or classified by recognized State and voluntary accrediting agencies. The accompanying manuscript contains a compilation of the latest lists of these agencies obtainable. I recommend that it be printed in bulletin form as a publication of the Office of Education.

Respectfully submitted.
Wm. John Cooper, Commissioner.
The Secretary of the Interior.

## ACCREDITED HICHER INSTITUTIONS

Introduction
In spite of the growing criticism of the measurement of the work of institutions of higher learning by a set of formal standards, organizations representing. various fields of higher education are more and more directing.their attention to the standardizing of education in their respective fields. Accrediting by formal requirements may be an evil, but it appears to be a necessary one. The growth in the number of institutions of higher learning, particularly of junior colleges, and the development of the newer professional and technical departments render it increasingly difficult for college and universi'ty officers to evaluate the credentials presented to them by students applying for advanced standing on the basis of credits earned from other institutions. The work of the national and regional accrediting organizations has therefore suffered no abatement during the past few years - ip which criticism has been directed against it. On the other hand, it has been extended to other departments of learning, and standards to meet the expanding fields of professional and technical higher education have been adopted and applied in the accrediting of these departments. Likewise, changes in existing standards have been made from time to time in order that they may more adequately meet, present conditions.
National organizations representing schools and departments of journalism, collegiate schools of business, schools of music, and library schools have, within the past five or six years drawn up standards the fulfilling of which is required for membership in the several organizations. Each organization publishes a list of its members. The American Assbciation of Teachers Colleges drew up in 1923 a set of standards for teacher-training institutions which were brief and which followed somewhat the lines of the standards for these institutions already in use by the regional accrediting associations. In 1926 the association abolished the old standards and adopted in their place an entirely new set of standards, very detailed and pogiding for a classification of teacher-training, institutions. In 1928 the first list of teachers colleges classified in accordance with the standards, which in the meantime had undergone two revisions, was published by the association.
A committee on the Gradiag of Nursing Schools, consisting of representatives from the leading medical nursing and hospital associa-
tions, is about to complete a 5 -year study of nursing schools which will eventuate in the setting up of minimum standards for and a classification of these scirols.

The Society for the Promotion of Engineering Education and the organizations representing the five major divisions of engineering education, which in the past have taken a quiescent attitudetoward the standardizing of schools of engineering, have recently given the subject some consideration. The wisdom of establishing educational standards in engineering was discussed in the report of the investigation of engineering education conducted by the Society for the Promotion of Engineering Education during the years 1924 to 1927. In estimating the influence of the national engineering societips in engineering education, it was found that "The engineering profes sion has exercised practically no open influence in establishing or sustaining educational standards or in guiding the public to discrimination between sound, marginal, and deficient institutions calling themselves 'colleges of engineering.' Its position in this matter has differed markedly from that of other nationally organized professions, such as law, medicine, architecture, and dentistry." But the opinions of prominent representatives of the five major fields of engincering, given through the medium of their respective organizations, favored a list of approved institutions and led to the conclusion in the report that "reasonable minimum qualifications for the recognition of an institution 'as a college of engineering' stand approved in principle."

The tendency to extend standardization in higher education has been accompanied during the past several years by greater effort toward uniformity of standards. There are indications that the principles and standards for accrediting universities and colleges, junior colleges, and teacher-training institutions formulated by the American Council on Education in 1922 and 1924 are serving in larger measure for the accrediting activities of the regional and State

* accrediting agencies. Effort toward uniformity is noticeable also in another direction. Regional associations and State accrediting agencies as well, have begun abandonment of the apparent distinctions between colleges of arts and sciences and teacher-training colleges implied by the establishment of separate stadards and accredited lists for these two types of institutions and are including the teachers colleges in the group with the colleges of arts and sciences.
In 1927 the North Central Association of Colleges and Secondary - Schools voted that "Such teacher-training institutions in the North Central territory as meet the standards of accredited institutions of higher education for colleges and universities may be accredited by the association in the regular way by applying these standards, although these colleges are professional institutions and grant professional degrees." The following year the association voted to dis-
continue in 1931 the separate listing of teacher-training institutions and in the meantime to accept no further applications for the list. In 1928 also it began the transfer to the college and university list of those teacher-training institutions which it found to meet the regular collegé standards.
The Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools of the Southern States has taken a similar action. At its recent meeting it voted that "the standards of teacher-training institutions be made identical with those for collcges of arts and sciences, except that two additional standards, embracing the contents of the present standards No. $\grave{2}$ and Xo. 12, be included."

The tendency to apply a single set of standards to colleges fof arts and sciences and to teacher-training institutions and to include these two types of institutions in a single accredited list is noted also in the acredited lists of the State universities and the State departments of education.

## CONTENTS OF THE BULLETIN

The present bulletin on Accredited Higher Institutions contains the lists of universities and rolleges, junior colleges, and teacher-training institutions accredited by (1) the national and regional accrediting associations and by (2) State universities and State departments of education. It also contains lists of the schaols of architecture, - husiness, dentistry, journalism, law, library science, medicine, music, and pharmacy accredited, approved, or classified by the national urganization representing each of these groups of schools.
The lists of colleges, junior colleges, and teacher-training institutions nre accompanied by either the standards which each agency uses in judging the institutions or, in the lack of such standards in the case of the State accrediting agencies, by a brief statement concerning the credit given by the State university or the State department of education to the work of the several types of schools. Inasmuch as the standardizing of the professional and technical schools is undertaken by a single agency in each field, the standards for these institutions are omitted in each case.

The standardizing associations represented in the bulletin areFor universitics and colleges, junior colleges, and ieacher-training institutions:

Ameriman Council on Education. ${ }^{1}$
Association of American Universities. ${ }^{2}$.
Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools of the Middle Stater and Maryland.
Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools of the Southern States.
North Central Association of Colleges and Secondary Scchools.
Northwest Association of Secondary and Higher Schools.

[^0]For junior colleges (only): American Association of Junior Colleges.
For teacher-training institutions (only): American Association of Teachers Colleges. ${ }^{\text {a }}$
For professional and technical institutions as follows:
Architecture: Association of Collegiate Schools of Architecture.
Business: American Association of Collegiate Schools of Business.
Dentistry: . Dental Educational Council of América.
Journalism: American Association of Schools and Departments of Journalism.
Law: American Bar Association, Council of Legal Education and Admissions to the Bar.
Library Science: American Library Association º $_{\text {Board }}$ of Education for Librarianship.
Medicine: American Medical Association, Council on Medical Education and Hospitals.
Music: National Association of Schools of Music.
Pharmacy: American Association of Colleges of Pharmacy.
A complete index of the names of all the institutions included in the bulletin together with the numbers of the pages in which the names recur is appended.

The institutions listed in this bulletin are accredited, approved, or classified by State and voluntary accrediting agencies. The United States Office of Education does not accredit, approve, or classify any educational institutions

[^1]
## American Council on Education

Director: Charles R. Mann, 26 Jackson Pince, Washington. D. ©.

The following standards for accrediting colleges, junior colleges,' and teacher-training institutions are recommended by the American Council on Education to national, regional, and State agencies engaged in defining and accrediting institutions of higher learning. The council is not an accrediting agency. Its purpose in drawing up standards and submitting them to the accrediting bodies was to bring about, so far as possible, the use of uniform standards by the accrediting agencies already in the field. The list of " accredited higher institutions," which it has several times published, is a compilation of the lists of the Association of American Universities, the Association of Colleges arid Secondary Schools of the Middle States and Maryland, the Assoaiation of Colleges and Secondary Schools of the Southern States, the North Central Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools, and the Northwest Association of Secondary and Higher Schools.

(Approved by the council at the annual meeting In May, 1922)
Dcfinition.-The term "college" as used below is understood to designate all institutions of higher education which grant nonprofessional bachelor's degrees. The committee recommends to the various regional and national standardizing agencies as constituting minimum requirments the following principles and standards which should be observed in accrediting colleges:

1. Admission of students.-A college should demand for admission the satisfactory completion of a 4-year course in a secondary school approved by a recognized accrediting agency, or the equivalent of such a course. The major portion of the secondary-school course accepted for adimission should be definitely correlated with the curriculum to which the student is admitted.
2. Graduation requirements.- A collcge should require for graduation the completion of a minimum quantitative requirement of 120 semester hours of credit (or the equivalent in term hours, quarter hours, points, majors, or courses) with further scholastic qualitative requirements adapted by each institution to its conditions.
3. Faculty.-The size of the faculty should bear a definite relation to the type institution, the number of students, and the number of courses offered. For a
college of approximately 100 students in a single curriculum the faculty should consist of at least eight heads of departments devoting full time to college work. With the growth of the student body the number of full-time teachers should be correspondingly increased. The development of varied curricula should involve the addition, of further heads of departments.

The training of the members of the faculty of professorial rank should include at least two years of study in their respective fields of teaching in a recognized graduate school. It is desirable that the training of the head of a department should be equivalent to that required for the doctor's degree, or should represent a corresponding professional or technical training. A college should be judged in large part by the ratio which the number of persons of professorial rank with sound training, scholarly achievement, and successful experience as teachers bears to the total number of the teaching staff.

Teaching schedules exceeding 16 hours per week per instructor, or classes (exclusive of lectures) of more than 30 students, should be interpreted as endangering educational efficiency.
4. Income.-The minimum annual operating income for an accredited college, exclusive of payment of interest mannuities, etc., should be $\$ 50,000$, of which not less than $\$ 25,000$ should be derived from stable solirces, other than students, preferably from permenent endowments. Increase in faculty, student body, and scope of instruction should be accompanied by increase in income from endowment. The financial status of each college should be judged in relation to its edućational program.
5. Buildings and equipment.-The material equipment and upkeep of a college, including its buildings, lands, laboratories, apparatus, and libraries, and their efficient operation in relation to its educational progress, should also be considered when judging an institution.

A college should have a live, well-distributed, professionally administered library of at least 8,000 volumes, exclusive of public documents bearing specifically upon the subjects taught and with a definite annual appropriation for the purchase of new books.
6. Preparatory school-A college should not maintain a preparatory school as part of its college organization. If such a school is maintained under the college charter it should be kept rigidly distinct and separate from the college in students, faculty, buildings, and discipline.
7. Educational slandards.-In determining the standing of a college, emphasis should be placed upon the character of the curriculum, the efficiency of instruc. tion, the standard for regular degrees, the conservatism in granting honorary degrees, the tone of the institution, and its success in stimulating and preparing students to do satisfactory work in recognized graduate, professional, or research institutions.
8. Inspection.-No college should be accredited until it has been inspected and reported upon by an agent or agents regularly appointed by the accrediting organizations.

## Junior Colleges

(Approved at the annual meeting of the councll in May, 1924)
Definition.-The junior college is an institution of higher education which gives two years of worl equivalent in prerequisites, scope, and thoroughness to the work done in the first two years of a college as defined elsewhere by the American Council on Education.

1. Admission of students.-The requirement for admission should be the eatisfactory completion of a 4-year course of study in a secondary achool
approved by a recognized accrediting agency or the equivalent of such a course of study. The major portion of the secondary school course of study accepted for admission should be definitely correlated with the curriculum to which, the student is admitted.
2. Graduation requirements.- Requirements for graduation should be based on the satisfactory completion of 30 year hours or 60 semester hours of work corresponding in grade to that given in the freshman and sophomore years of standard colleges and universities. In addition to the above quantitative requirements, each institution should adopt qualitative standards suited to its individual conditions.
3. Faculy.-Members of the teaching staff in regular charge of classes should have a baccalaureate degree and should have had not less than one year of graduate work in a recognized graduate school; in all cases efficiency in teaching, as well as the amount of graduate work, should be taken into account.
4. Teaching schedules exceeding 16 hours per week per instructor, or classes (exclusive of lectures) of more than 30 students, should be interpreted as endangering educational efficiency,
5. Curricuta. - The curricula should provide both for breadth of study and for concentration and should have justifiable relations to the resources of the institution. The number of departments and the size of the faculty should be increased with the development of varied curricula and the growth of the student body.'
6. Enrollmert.-No junior college should be accredited unless it has a registration of not less than 50 students.
7. Income. - The ininimum annual operating incume for the two years of junior college work should be $\$ 20,000$, of which hot less than $\$ 10,000$ should be derived from stable sources other than students, such as public support or permanent endowments. Increase in facult $y$, student body, and scope of instruction should be accompanied by increase of income from such stable sources. The financial status of earh junior college should be judged in relation to its educational program.
8. Buildings and equipment.-The materinl equipment and upseep of a junior college, including its buildings, lands, laboratories, apparatus, and libraries, and their efficient operation in relation to its eduçational program, should also be considered when judging the institution.
9. Inspection.-No junior college should be accredited until it has been inspected and reported upon by an agent or agents regularly appointed by the accrediting organization.

## Normal Schools and Teachers Colleges

## (Approved at the annual meeting of the councl in Mhy, 1924)

Definition. - The normal schools or teachers colleges are institutions of higher education with 2 -year, 3 -year, or 4 -year curricula designed to afford such general and technical education as will fit students to teach in elementary and secondary schools.

1. Admission of students.- The requirement for admission should be the satisfactory completion of a 4-year course of study in a secondary school approved by a recognized accrediting agency or the equivalent of such a course of study.
2. Graduation requirements.-The minimum requirement for a diploma shbuld be the satisfactory completion of $\mathbf{6 0}$ semester hours of credit (or the equivalent in term hours, quarter hours, points, majors, or courses), and the minimum requirementa for graduation with the baccalaureate degree the satisfactory completion of 120 semester hours of credit (or the equivalent in term hours, points, majors, or courses).
3. Enrollment.- Each curriculum leading to a diploms or degree should be duly unified, recognized separately and only if the following conditions are met:
(a) Two-year curricula leading to diplomas should have a minimum enrollment of 80 students fully matriculated according to the provisions of, standard 1 above.
(b) Four-year curricula leading to baccalaureate degrees should have a minimum enrollment of 100 students fully matriculated according to the provisions of standard 1 above, with not fewer than 25 in the junior and senior years, exclusive of any other students.
4. Faculty.-The size of faculty should bear a definite relation to the program of the institution, the number of students, and the number of courses offered. With the growth of the student body, the number of full-time teachers should be correspondingly increased. Menibers of the teaching stsff in regular and permanent charge of classes (except teachers of special subjects in elementary schools, including music, drawing, and manual training, and assistants in the training school) should have a bachelor's degree foom a recognized institution of higher education and should have had not less than one year of graduate work in a graduate school, or special training supplemented by experience, preferably of at least three years. The training of the head of a department should be (a) in a 2 -year institution, that required for a master's degree; and (b) in an institution offering 4 -year curricula, the doctor's degree, or the equivalent as represented by a corresponding professional or technical training. In all cases efficiency of teaching as well as the amount of graduate work should be taken into account. A degree-giving institution should be judged in large part by the ratio which the number of persons of professorial rank with sound training, scholarly achievement, and successful experience as teachers bears to the total number of the teaching staff. (Iti administering this standard, accrediting agencies would not ordinarily expect to make it retroactive.)

A teaching schedule exceeding 16 hours per week per instructor, or classes (exclusive of those for lectures) of more than 30 students, should be interpreted as endangering educational efficiercy.
5. Income. -The minimum annual operating income for an accredited normal school or teachers college, exclusive of payment of interest, annuitics, ete., should be (a) for institutions offering 2 -year curricula only not less than $\$ 25,000$; and (b) for institutions offering 3 -year and 4 -year curricula not less than $\$ 50,000$, At least one-hali of this operating income should be derived frum stable sources other than studenta' fees. Increase in faculty, student body, and scope of instruction should be accompanied by increase in income from endowment. The financial status of each normal school or teachers college should be judged in relation to its educational program.
6. Buildings and equipment-The material equipment and upkeep of a normal school or teachers college, including its buildings, lands, haboratories, apparatus, and libraries, and their efficient operation in relation to its educational program, should also be considered when judging the institution.
A normal school or teachers college should bave a live, well-distributed, professionally administered library bearing apecifically upon the subjects taught, and a definite annual appropriation for the purchase of new books. Institutions offering 4-year curricula should have at least 8,000 volumes, exclusive of public documents, in such a library.

7, Practice leaching and observation.-In order to make practice teaching and observation the unifying and dominant characteristica of the curricula of normal schools and teachers colleges, adequate provision should be made as to the number of pupils encolled in the training department, the number and preparation of the teachera in the training department, and the amount of practice teaching and observation required of each candidate for graduation.
8. Inspection.-No normal school or teachers college should be accredited until it has been inspected and reported upon by an agent or agents regularly appointed by the accrediting organization.
9. Teacher training in universities and colleges.-The accrediting of standard colleges and universities as institutions for the technical training of teachers should be based upon meeting the following minimum requirements, in addition to compliance with the requirements for standard colleges and universities as to admission, graduation, training and schedule of faculty, and size of classes:
(a) At least one full-time professor devoting himself exclusively to courses in education.
(b) Adequate facilities for practice teaching and observation according to the principles suggested in paragraph 7.
(c) Adequate provision in the library for technical books and periodicals on education.
(d) Such a formulated curriculum or announcement of courses in education as will duly emphasize the technical character of the preparation for teaching.

## Association of American Universities

## Committee on Classification of Universities and Colleges

Chsirman: Adam Leroy Jones, Columbla University, Now York. N. Y.
The Association of American Universities publishes the following "Memorandum of procedure advised for institutions seeking approval of the association for inclusion in its accepted list":

Between the date of the original approval by the Association of American Universities in 1913 of the list of colleges accepted by the Carnegie Foundation for the Advancement of Teaching and the adoption of the present statement of principles, the committec of the association has been governed in a general way by the principle that acceptability of institutions would be determined by their demonstrated ability to prepare graduates for admission to standard graduate and professional sehools with the expectation that such students would ordinarily take advanced degrees with the minimum amount of prescribed work and in the minimum time prescribed, provided always they made proper correlation of undergraduate work with graduate work.

The committee considers the performance of recent graduates of institutions in the graduate and professional schools of the country to be fundamental in determining whether the institution should be included in the approved list of the association. However, the standards announced by an institution and its possession of faculty, equipment, and resources requisite for giving instruction in accordance with such standards, as well as the way in which its entrance requirements and its requirements for degres are administered, will certainly be taken into account.

The committee recognizes the advantage of a more definite statement of principles and standards of its procedure. On the other hand, it desires to avoid the implication that it would at once approve any institution which has barely come up to the point of meeting the minimum of the specifications adopted by the committee. It might, for example, require the maintenance of an acceptable status for a period of three or five yeara before full recognition would be accorded.

The committee accepts in a general way the atatement of principles and standards for accrediting collegea of the. American Council on Education and
will expect institutions which apply for places on the accepted list to meet the requirements of this statement point by point as a minimum, with the modifications included below. Modifications noted in italics in paragraph 4.
The term "college" as uber " low is understood to designate all institutions of higher education which gra': nonprofessional bachelor's degrees. The cornmittee recommends to the various regional and national standardizing agencies as constituting minimum requirements the following principles and standards which should be observed in accrediting colleges:

1. A college should demand for admission the satisfactory completion of a 4-year course in a secondary school approved by a recognized accreditirg agency, or the equivalent of such a course. The major portion of the secondary-school course accepted for admission should be definitely correlated with the curriculum to which the student is admitted.
2. A college should require for graduation the completion of a minimum quantitative requirement of 120 semester hours of credit (or the equivalent in term hours, quarter hours, points, majors, or courses) with further acholastic qualitative requirements adapted by each institution to its conditions.
3. The size of the faculty should bear a definite relation to the type of institution, the number of students, and the number of courses offered. For a college of approximately 100 students in a single curriculum the faculty should consist of at least eight heads of departments devoting full time to college work. With the growth of the student body the number of full-time teachers should be corre-* spondingly increased. The development of varied curricula should involve the addition of further heads of departments.
The training of the members of the faculty of professional rank should include at least two years of study in their respertive fields of teaching in a recognized graduate school. It is desirable that the training of the head of a department should be equivalent to that required for the doctor's degree, or should represent a corresponding professional or technical training. A coltege should be judged in large part by the ratio which the number of persons of professional rank with sound training, scholarly achievement, and successful experience as teachers bears to the total number of the teaching staff.
Teaching schedules exceeding 16 hours per week per instructor, or classes (exclusive of lectures) of more than 30 students, should be interpreted as endangering educational (fficiency.
4. The minimum annual operating income for an accredited college, exclusive of payment of interest, annuitics, etc., should be $\$ 50,000$, of which not less than $\$ 25,000$ should be derived from stable sources, other than students, preferably from permanent endowments. Increase in faculty, student body, and scope of instruction should be accompanied by increase in income from endowment, (Services of members of the faculty conlributed through permanent organizations for the support of educational programs may be captalized in satisfaction of the requirements for endowment, the estimate of the equivalent to be based on payments ordinarily made for similar services of instructors correspongingly trained, by institutions in the same section and operating under simitr conditions.) The financial status of each college should be judged in relation to its educational program.
5. The material equipment and upkeep of a college, including its buildings, landa, laboratories, apparatus, and libraries, and their efficient operation in relation to its educational progress, should also be cansidered when judging an institution

A college should have a live, well-distributed, professionally administered library of at least 8,000 volumes, exclusive of public documents, bearing specifically upon the subjects taught and with a definite annual appropriation for the purchase of new books.
6. A college should not maintain a preparatory school as a part of its college organization. If such a school is maintained under the college charter it should be kept rigidly distinct and separate from the college in students, faculty, buildings, and discipline.
7. In determining the standing of a college, emphasis should be placed upon the character of the curriculum, the efficiency of instruction, the standard for regular degrees, the conservatism in granting honorary degrees, the tone of the institution, and its success in stimulating and preparing students to do satisfactory work in recognized graduate, professional, or research institutions.
8. No college should be accredited until it has been inspected and reported upon by an agent or agents regularly appointed by the accrediting organization.
The committee desires to have from institutions applying for consideration a brief statement under each of the first seven general headings as given above and in addition the following specific information:

1. The number (not the names) of students in each of the last six graduating classes.
2. The number and names of students in such classes who have entered upon graduate or professional studies in specified institutions, particularly those institutions which are members of the Association of American Universities.
3. A memorandum showing in a general way the major work and quality of each student as shown in his undergraduate carcer. This does not require à transcript of record. A summary is preferred.
4. A catalogue and financial report of the institution for the current year
5. A statement of the traaning and experience of the faculty if this is not included in the catalogue.
6. A tabulation showing the hours of instruction and size of classes of each full-time teacher.
7. Such additional information as the authorities of the institution may think helpful.

The committee approves the principle that no college shall be placed on the accepted list until it has been inspected and reported upon by an agent of the committee.

- Colleges and Universities Approved 1929-30

Alabama:
Birmingham-Southern College, Birmingham
Howard College. Birmingham.
University of Alabama, University.
Arizona: University of Arizona, Tucson
Arkansas:
Hendrix College, Conway. ${ }^{1}$
University of Arkansas, Fayctteville.
Californla:
Californla Institute of Technology, Pasadena.
College of the Pacific, Stockton.
Dominican College, San Rafael.
Leland Stanford Junior Untversity. Stanforl University.
MUls College, Mills College.
Occidental College, Los Angeles.
Pomona College, Claremont.
University of Californla, Berkeley. ${ }^{1}$
University of Redlands, Redlands.
University of Southern California, Los A ngeles.
Whittier College, Whittier

## Canada:

 McGill University, Montreal. ${ }^{1}$ University of Toronto, Toronto.'Colorada: Colotado College, Colorado Springa University of Colorado, Boulder. University of Denver, Denver. ${ }^{1}$
Connecticut:
Connectlcut Coliege for Women. New Londoa. Trinity College, Hartford. Wesleyan University, Middletown Yale University, Now Haven. ${ }^{1}$
Delaware: Uatversity of Delawaro, Newark,
Distriet of Columbia: Catholic University of America, Washingtoa. ${ }^{2}$ Georgetown University, Washington. Trinity College, Washington.

## Florids:

Floriḍa State College for Women n . Tallahasase. University of Florids, Gainesville.
' Added to list $\ln 1029$.

- Member of Association of American Universities


## Georgla:

Agnes Bcott Colloge, Decatur.
Emory Unlversity, Emory University.
University of Georgla, Athens.
Wesleyad College, Macma. ${ }^{1}$
Hawali: University of Hawall, Honolulu.
Idaho: Unlversity of Idabo, Moscow.
Illinols:
Carthage College, Carthage.
Eureka College, Eureka.
Illinois College, Jacksonville.

- Llinols Wesleyan Ualversity, Bloomington.

Illinois Woman's College, Jacksonville.
Knos College, Galesburg.
Lake Forest College, Lake Forest.
Monmouth College, Monmouth.
North Central College, Naperville.
Northwestera Ualversity, Evanston.'
Rockford College, Rockford.
Rosary College, River Forest.
University of Chicago, Chicago. ${ }^{1}$
Universtty of llilaols, Urbana.'
Indiana:
DePaum Unlversity, Greencastlo.
Earlham College, Earlham.
Frantilin College, Franklin.
Indigna University, Bloomington.'
Purdue University, La Fayette.
Rose Polytechnic Institute, Terre Inite.
University of Notre Dame, Notre Dame.
Wabash College. Crawfordsville
Iowa:
Coe College, Cedar Rapids.
Columbla College, Dubuque.
Cornell College, Mount Vernon.
Drake Unlversity, Des Moines.
Grinnell College, Grinnell.
t Iowa State College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts, Ames.
Morningside College, Sloux City.
Simpson College, Indlanola.
State University of Iown, Iowa City.'
Kanssa:
Bater University, Baldwin City.
Eansas State Agricultuml College, Manhattan.
University of Kansas, Lawrence. 1
Washburn College. Topeka.

## Kentucky:

Beres College, Berea.
Centre College, Danville.
Unlversily ol Kentucky, Lexington
Louislana:
Louisiana State University and Agricultural and Mechanical College, Baton Rouge.
Tulane Unjvergity of Loulslans, New Orlanns. Malne:

Bates College, Lewiston.
Bowdoln College, Brunswlak.
Colby College, Watervil';
University of Maine, Orono.

## Maryland:

Goucher College, Baltimore.
Johns Hopkins Unlversity, Baltimore.،
University of Maryland College Park.

Massachusetts:
Amberst College, An'berst.
Roston College, Chnatnut Hill.
Boston Ualversity, toston
Clark University, Worcester.
Harvard Uaiversity, Cambridge.?
Holy Cross College, Worcester.
Massachusetts Agricultural College. Amherst.
Massichusetts Institute of Technology. Cam bridge.
Mount Holyoke College, South Hadley

- Radcliffe College, Cambridge

Slmmons College, Boston.
Smith College, Northampton.
Tufts College, Tufts College.
Wellesley College. Wellesley.
Wheaton College. vorton.
Williams College, Williamstown.
Worroster Polytechnic Instituta. Worcester.
Michlgan.
Albion College, Albion.
Kalamazoo Conllege, Kalamazoo.
University of Michigan, Ann Arbor.'
Minnesata:
Carleton College, Northfleld
Collere of St. Catherine, St. Paul. ac
Collego of St. Teress, Winona.
Hamline Univarsity. St. Paul.
Macalester Colleze, St. Paul.
Unlversity of Minnegala, Mindeapolis.'
Mississippi: Ualversit Mississippl, Uuiversity.
Missouri:
Centaal College, Fayette
Drury College, Springlleld.
Park Colleke, Parksille.
St Louls University. St. Lomis. ${ }^{1}$
Universisy of Missouri, Columbla.'
Washington University, St. Louig.
Westminster Cullege, Frilton.
William Jewell C illege, Liberty.
Montana: University of Montzna. Missoula.
Nebraska:
Doane College, Crete.
Ualversty of Nebraskn, Lincoln. ${ }^{4}$
Nevada: University of Nevada, Reno.
Now Hampshire.
Dirtmouth College; Hanover.
Uhiversity of New Hainpshire, Durham.
New Jersey:
College of St. Elizabeth, Convent Station.
Princeton University, Princeton.'
Rutgery Unlversity. New Brunswick
Stevens Institute of Technology, Hoboken.
New York:
Alfred University, Alíred.
Barnard College, New York.
Colgate University, Hamilton.
College of the City of New York, New York.
College of New Ruchelle, New Rochelle.
Columbia University, New York. ${ }^{1}$
Cornell Unlversity, Ithaca. ${ }^{-}$
Elmira Collerę, Elmira.
Fordham Universtity, New York.
Hamilton College, Cllnton.

[^2]' Member of Asssclation of American Univeratics.

New York-Contlaued.
Hobart Crillege, Qenera.
Hunter College of the City of New York, New York.
New York State College for Teachers, Albany New York University, New York.
Polytochaic Institute of Biooklyn, Brooklyn
Rensselner Polytechnic Institute, Troy.
St. Lawrence Unive.sity, Canton.
St Stephen's Cellege, A nnandale.
Byracuse Unlve. sity, Syracuse.
Union Unlversity, Schenectady.
United States Miltary Academy, West Puint. University of Bulfalo, Buflulo.
Unive.sity of Rocheste., Rochester
Vhssur Colle;e, Poughkeepsie.
Wells College, Aurora.
North Carelida
Davidson Cnlleze, Davideon
Meredith Culleke. Raleigh.
Triaity College (Duke University), Durham
Unive sity of North Carolina, Clapel Hill.
North Dakota: University of North Dakota. Universty.
Ohio.
Case school of A pplled Science, Clereland.
College of Wooster, Wonster.
Denison University, Granville
Heddelterg University, Tiflin
Hiram Colleke, Hiram.
Kenyon Cctlege. Gambier.
Lake Erin College, Painesvilie.
Marietta College. Mutietta.
Miami University, Ovlord.
Mount Union College, Alliance.
Oberlin Collere, Oberlin.
Ohio State U'niversity, Columbus. ${ }^{2}$
Ohio University, Athens.
Oblo Wesleyan University, Delaware.
Otterbein College, Westerville.
University of A kron, Akron.
University of Cincinaal, Clocinnati
Western College for Wumen, Uxford,
Westera Reverve Universtty, Cleveland.
Wittenterg College, auringlield.
Oklahoma: University of Oklahome, Norman Oregun:

Oregon Agricultural College, Corvallis.
Reed College, Portland.
University of Oregon, Eugene.
Wilhamette Unlverstry, Salem
Pennsylvania:
Allegheny College, Mardville.
Bryn Mawr College, Bryn Mafor.
Bucknell University, Lew ishorg.
Carnegie Institute of Technology, Pittsburgh.
Dickinson College, Carlisle
Drexel Institute, Philadelphfa. ${ }^{1}$
Franklin and Marshall Colluke, Lancaster
Qettysburg College, Qettysburg.
Haverford Coliege, Haverford.
Lafuyette College, Easton.
Lehigh University, Bethtehem. ,
${ }^{1}$ Added to llst.jn lu'2y.

Pennsylvanla-Contfnued.
Muhlenberg Collegs, Allentown.
Pennsylvania State College, State College. Swarthmore College, Swarthmore.
University of Pennsylvanla, Philadelphia. ${ }^{1}$
University of Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh.
Washington and Jefferson Collega, Washington.
Westminster College, New Wilmingtas.
Wilson Cullego, Cbambersburg.
Rhode Island: Brown Uaiversity, Providence.
South Carolina: ;
Converse College, Spartanburg.
Furman University, Greenville. ${ }^{1}$
Laversity of South Carolina, Columbla.
Winthrop College, Rock Hill.
Wofford College, Spartanbus. 1
South Dakota: University of South Dakota, Vermilion.

## Tennessee:

George Peabody College for Teachers, Nashville. ${ }^{1}$
University of Chattanonga, Chattanooga
University of Tennessee, Knoxrille,
University of the South, Sewance.
Vanderbilt University, Nashville
Texas:
College of Industrial Arts, Denton.
Our Lady of the Lake College, San Antonia Rice Institute, Houston.
Southern Methodist University, Dallas. ${ }^{1}$
Texas Christian University, Fort Worth. 1
University of Texas, Austin.
Utab:
Agricultural College of Utah, Logan.
Brigham Young University, Provo. ${ }^{1}$
University of Utah, Salt Lake C'ity.
Vermont:
Middlebury College, Middlebury.
University of Vermont. Burlington.
Virginla:
College of Willam and Mary, Willamsburg.
Randolpb-Macon Collese, Ashland.
Randolpb-Macon Woman's College, Lyachburg.
Sweel Briar College, Sweet Briar.
University of Richmond, Richmond.
University of Virginia, Charlotlesville. ${ }^{\text {a }}$
Washington and Leo University, Lexington.
W ashington:
State College of Washington, Puilman.
University of Washington, Seattle.
Whitman College, Walla Walla.
West Virginia:
Bethany College, Bethany. 1
West Virgiala University, Murgantown
W isconsin:
Beloft College, Beloit.
Lawrence College, Appleton.
Milwaukee-Downer College, Milwaukee.
Ripon College, Hipon.
University of Wisconsin, Madison.'
W yoming: University of W yoming, Laramide
${ }^{4}$ Member of Association of American Universities.

# Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools of the Middle States and Marydand <br> Commission on Higher Institutions 

Chairman, Adam Leroy Jones, Columbla University, New Yort. N. Y.
In accrediting colleges the Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools of the Middle States and Maryland makes use of the principles and standards recommended by the American Council on Education.
ty year 1929-30. "In each case the college of liberal arts and science, or the school of engine ring, or both, in the cases of institutions which have both, are includell, but no other schools are included."

## Colleges Accredited November, 1929

Delaware: Unversity of Delaware, Newark District of Columbia

American University, Wushington, Catholic Undversity of America, Washington Georgetown University, Wishington
George Washington University, Washangton Howard Cniversity, Washingtou.*
Trinity College, Washington.
Maryland:
College of Notre Dame of Marylund, Bultimore
Goucher College, Bratimore.
Hood College, Fredterick.
Jobns Hopkins University. Baltimore
Morgan College, Baltimore.
Mount St. Mary's College, Emmitshurg
St John's College, A nnapolis.
St. Joseph's College, Emmitshurg
University of Maryland, College I'urk
Westington College, Chestertown.
Western Maryland Colleqe, Westminster New Jer.ey:

College of St, Elizabeth, Convent Station
Georkian Court College. Lakew iod
Princeton University, Princeton
Rutgers University, New Brunswick
Stevens Institute of Technology. Hoboken
Now York:
Adelphl College, Brooklyn.
Alired Universtty, Alired,
Barnard College, New York.
Canisius College, Buffalo.
Clarkson School of Tochnology, Potedam
Culgate University, Hamiton.
College of Mount St. Vincent, New York
College of Now Rochel': N Now Rochelle.
College of the City of wew York. New York
College of the Sacred Heart, New York.
College of St Rose, Albany. ${ }^{1}$
Columbla University, New Yorz
Cortiell University, Itham.
D'Yuuville C'ollege, Buffalo.'
Elmira College, Elmira.
Fordham University, New York.
Hamilton College, Clinton
Hobart College, Oenev.s

New York-Contiqued
Hunter College of the City of New York. Neu York.
Keuka College, Keuka Park.
Manhatan College. New York.
Marymount College, Tarrytown-on-HLIson
New York University, New York
Niagara Unsersity, Niagara Fnlls
Polytechnic Institute of BrookIyn, Fromklyn
Rensisehaer I'olytechank Institute, Troy
Huscell Sage College. Troy,
It Bonaventure's College, st. Bonavinture
St. John's College, Brooklyn
St. Joseph's College for Women, Brambly.
St. Lnwrence University. Canton
St. Stephen's College, A nnandule.
Skidmore College, Saratoga Springs,
Syracuse University, Syracuse.
Union Universty. Schenectady.
U'ulversity af Buifalo, Buffalo.
Cniversity of Rochester, Rochester
Vassar College, Poughkeensie.
Wells College, Aurora

- Willara smith College ccoorduate with llumínt College), Ueneva
Pennsylvania:
'Albright College. Reading.'
Allegheny College, Meadville
Byrn Mawr College, Bryn Mawr
Bucknell University, Lewisburg
Drexel Institute, Philadelphia.
Dickinson Coliege, Carlisle.
Frani:lin and Marshall College, Luntaster
Ceneva College, Beaver Falls
Gettysburg College. Qeltyshurg.
Grove City College. Grove City.
Haverford College, IIaverford.
Immaculata C'ullege, Immaculata."
Juniata College, Huntingdon
Lalayette College, Easton.
Lebanon Valley College, Annville
Lehigh University, Bethlehern.
Lincoln Universit y, Lincolv University. *
Marywood College, Bcranton.
Moravian College (for men). Hethlebem.
- Added to lisi in 19\%s.

[^3]Ponnsy Ivania-Continued.
Muhlenberg College, Allentown.
Pennsylvania College for Women, Pittsburgh. Pennsylvania State College, Stata College.
St. Joseph's College, Philadelphia
st. Thomas College, Scranton
St Vincent College, Beatty.
Seton lill College, (Ireensburg.
swarthmore College. Swarthmore
-
Pennsylvania-Continued. Temple Unlverstey, Philadelphis. Thiel College, Greenville. University of Pennsylvania. Philadelphla University ot Plttaburgh, Pittsburgh Ursinus College, Collegeville. Villanova College, Villanova.
Washington and Jefferson College, Washington. Westminister College, New Wilmington. Wilson College, Chambersburg.

Jurior Colleges
The association adopted at its annual meeting in 1927 the standards recommended by the American Council on Education. At the same time it authorized its Commission on Higher Institutions to proceed to accredit such institutions as meet the standards. So far no institutions have been accredited and the commission is at present studying the standards rith a view to possible mpdification before it begins its work of accrediting.

## Teacher-Training Institutions

No standards for teacher-training institutions have been adopted by the association.

## Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools of the Southern States Commission on Institutions of Higher Education

Secretary: T. H. Jack, Emory University, Emory University, Ga.
Standards for Colleges of Arts and Sciences and for Teacher-Training Colleges ${ }^{6}$

- 1. Entrance requirements.-Tle requirement for admission shall be the satisfartory completion of a 4-year course of not less than 15 units in a secondary school approved by a recognized accrediting agency, or in a secondary sechool that is a member of this association, or the equivalent of such a course as shown by examirration. The major portion of the secondary school course accepted for admissi should be definitely correlated with the curriculum to which the student is admitted. Any college of this association may be ralled upon at any time for a record of all the students entering the freshman class, such record to contain the name of each student, his secondary school, method of admission, units offered in cach subject, and total units accepted.

2. Requirements for gradualion.-The college shall demand for graduation the completion of a minimum quantitative requirement of 120 semester hours of credit (or the equivalent in term hours, quarter hours, points, majors, or courses), with such scholastic qualitative requirements as may be deemed desirable by each institution.
3. Number of degrees.-The conferring of a multiplicity of degrees is discouraged. Small institutions should confine themselves to one or two. When more than one baccalaureate degree is offered, all should be equal in requirements for admis-

[^4]sion and for graduation. Institutions of limited resources and inadequate facillties for griduate work should confine themselves to strictly undergraduate courses.
4. Number of college departments.-A college of art's and sciences of approximately 100 students should maintain at least cight neparate departments, with at least one professor devoting his whole time to his department. The size of the faculty should bear a definite relation to the type of institution, the number of students, and the number of courses offered. With the growth of the stuffent body the number of full-time teachers should be correspondingly increased The development of varied curricula should involve the additum of other heads of departments.
5. Training of faculty.-The training of the members of the faculty of professorial rank should include at least two years of study in their respective fields of teaching in a fully organized and recognized graduate school. The trainfug of the head of a department should be that represented by three full years of coordinated graduate work in an institution of recognized standing, in the field in whirh he is tg teach; or should represent a corresponding professional or technical
training.
6. Salarics.-The average salary paid members of the faculties is an important consideration in determining the standing oif an institution. It is reconmended that the salary of full professors be not less than $\$ 3$,ono for nime months.
7. Number of classroom hours for teachers. - Teaching schedules exceeding 16 hours per week per instructor shall be interpreted as eudangering educational efficiency. In general, two laboratory hours will be counted as equivalent to one recitation hour.
8. Number of students in classes.- Chasses (exclusive of lectures) of more than 30 stuâchts shad be interpreted as endangering educational efficiency.
9. Support- - The college should have an annual income of not less than $\$ 50,000$ and if not tax suppofted an endowment of not less than $\$ 500,000$. The financial status of the college should be, however, judged in relation to its educational program,
10. Library.-The college should have a live, well-distributed library of at least 12,000 volumes, in addition to duplicates and public documents, bearing specifically upon the subjects taught and administered by a professionally trained librarian. For a college of approximately 300 students and a minimum number of departments, there should be spent annually for the library, exclusive of the care of the building, not less than $\$ 5,000$, with proportionate increase for larger student bodies and a targer number of departments. Leading periodicals in the different fields covered by the curriculum should be taken as well as those of more general cultural interest. There should be a catalogue of approved type. The library should be open not less than 10 hours per school day. The building should be well lighted, protected" as far as possible against fire, and equipped with adequate working quarters for the staff. Seating capacity for at least 15 per cent of the student body should be provided in the reading rooms. Arrangements should be made through freshman week, orientation courses, or otherwise, for students to receive instruction in the use of the library.
11. Laboratories.-The laboratory equipment shall be adequate for all the experiments called fur by the, courses offered in the sciences, and these facilities shall be kept up by means of an annual appropriation in keeping with the curriculum.
12. Separation of college and preparatory school.-The college may not maintain a preparatory school as part of its college organization. In case such a school is maintained under the college charter, it must be kept rigidly distinct and separate from the college in students, faculty, buildings, and discipline.
13. Proportion of regular college students to the whole student body.-At least 75 per cent of the students in a college should be pursuing courses leading to baccalaureate degrees in arts and science.
14. General statement concerning material equipment.-The location and construction of the buildings, the lighting, heating, and ventilation of the rooms, and the general sanitary equipment shall be such as to insure hygienic conditions for both students and teachers.
15. General statement concerning curriculum and spirit of administration.-The character of the curriculum, efficiency of instruction, the scientifie spirt, the soundness of scholarship, the standard for regular degrees, the conservatiam in granting honorary degrees, the character of its publicity, and the fone of the institution, shall also be factors in determining its standing. The curriculum should provide both for breadth of study and for coucentration. It should have justifiable relation to the resources of the institution.
16. EAtracurricular activities.-The proper administration of athletics, amusements, fraternities, and all other extracurricular activities is one of the fundamental tests of a atandard college.
Athletics.-All members of this association which engage in intercollegiate athletics shall also hold membership in some athletic conference or association, approved by this association, which requires adherence to the widely recognized safeguards against abuse, such as forbidding the playing of "special" students, the nonmigrant rule, and the 1-yeat rule, together with the rules which experience has proved to be necessary.
17. Slanding in the educational world.-The institution must be able to prepare Its students to enter recognized graduate, professional, or research institutions as candidates for advanced degrees. In evidence, statistice of the records of the graduates of the college in graduate or professional schools shall be filed with the Commission on Institutions of Higher Education on demand.
18. Professional and technical departments. - Wien the institution has, in addition to the college of arts and science, prossional or technical departments, the college of arts and science shall not be arcepted for the approved list of the association unless the professional or technical departments are of approved grade, national standards being used when available.
19. Inspection.-No college will be recommended for membership until it has been inspected and reported upon by an agent or agents regularly appointed by the commission. Any college of the pasociation shall be open to inspection at any time.
20. Filing of blank.-No institution shall be placed or retained on the approved list unless a regular information blank has been filed with the commission. The list shall be approved from year to year by the commission. The blank shall be filed triennially, but the commission may for due cause call upon any member to file a new report in the meantime. Failure to file the blank shall be cause for dropping an institution.

## ADDITIONAL STANDARDS FOR TEACHER-TRAINING COLLEGES

Not more than one-fourth of the credits required for graduation shofld represent profeasional subjects.

All subjects offered for degrees in 4-year courses for general or professional degrees shall be of collegiate grade.
The college shall provide adequate facilities for practice teaching and abservation.

## Colleges and Universities Approved December 5, 1929

## Alabams:

Alabsma College. Monteflallo.
Alabama Polytechaic Institute, Auburn
Birmingham-Southern Collece. Birmingham.
Howard College, Birminghim
Judson College, Marinn.
Spring Iill College, Spring Hill
Cnicersity of Alabama, University.
Womans College of Alatams. Montenmery. Floride:

Florida State Colleke for Women. Tallahassee
Rollins College. Winter Park.
Unirersity of Florids, Gainesville
Georgis:
Agnes Scotl College. Decatur
Brenau Collere, Gainesville. 1
Emory Univelsity, Emory I'niversity
Georgia State Woman's Colleze. Valdosta ${ }^{1}$
Georkin State College for Women. Milletge. ville.
Mercer University, Mscon
Shorter Collece. Rnme.
University of Ceorgis, Athens
Wesleyan College, Macon.

## Kentucky:

Berea College. Berea.
Centre College of Kentucky. Dantille
Genrgetown College, Georgetown
Transylvania College, lexington.
University of Kentucky, LLesington
University of Louisville, Louisville
Louisiana:
Centenary College, Shrereport.
H. Sophie Newcomb Memorial College the woman's college of Tulane (fiversity), New Orleans.
Louisiana College, Pineville
Louislana Polyterhale Institute, Ruston
Louisiana State University and Agrimituml and Mechanical College, Baton Rouge
Loyola University, New Orleans
Southwestern Louisiana Institute, Lafnyette.
Tulane University of Loulsiane, New Orleans
Maryland:
Goucher College, Baltimore.
Johns Hopkins University, Beltimore. Mississippi:

Blue Mountain College, Blue Mountaln.
Millsaps College, Jackson.
Mississippl Agricultural and Mechnnical Collere, Agricultural College.
Mississippl Collego, Clinton.
Mississlppl State College for Women. Columbus.
Mississippl Woman's College, Wattiesburg.
University of Mississippl, University
Missouri: University of Missourl, Columbla

## North Carolina:

Catawba College, Salisbury.
Davidson College, Davidgna.
Duke University, Durham.
1 Added to list in 1929.

North Carolina-Contlinued.
Elon College, Elon Colleze.
Greensboro C - heze for Women, Greenshoro
Guillo:d College, Guilford College.
Lenoir-Rhyne College, Hickory
Meredith College, Raleigh.

* North Carulins Culleze for Womej. Greens. boro.
North Carolinn State C'ollegent Agricultureand Engineering, Kaleigh.
Solem Colleze, Winston-salem
Unlversity of North Carolind, Chapel Hill
Wake Forest College, Wake Forest.
South Carolinas: ?
Clemson Agricultural College. (Iemson College.
Coker Colleze. Hartsville
Colloge of Charleston, Charleston.
Converse College. Spartinburg,
Frskine Collere, Due West
Furman C'niversity, Oreenville.
Presbyterian College of South Carollons. Clintno.
Limestone Collece, Gaffiney.
The citadel, the Military College of south Carmlina, Charleston.
University of South Carolina, Columhia
1 Winthrop College, Rock IIIII.
Wollord Colleze, Spartanburk.
Tennessee:
Carson and Newran Colleze. Jefferson City.
Genige Peabondy College for Tearhers. Nasb. ville.
Maryville College, Maryville.
Southwestern College. Memphis.
Tusculum Colleqe, Greenville.
University of Chattanonga, Chattanonga
Tinlversity of Tennessee, Knoville
University of the South, Sewanee
Vanderbilt University. Nashville
Texas:
Agricultural and Mechanical Colleze of Tenas. College Station.
Baylor College for Women, Belton.
Baylor Unlversity, Waco.
College of Industrial Arts, Denton.
Incarate Word College. San Antunto.
Ous Lady of the Lake Cohere, san Antnano
Rice Institute, Houston.
Slmmons University, Abllene
Southern Methodist University, Dallas
Southwestern Unlversity, Georget, inn.
Texas Cbyint lan University, Fort Worth.
Tevas Technological College, Lubbock.
Trinity Calversity, Waxahachie.
University of Texns, Austin.
Virginis:
Bridgewater Collage, Bridgewnter.
College of W'illism and Mary, Willamshurg.
Emory and Henry College, Emury
Hampden-Sidney Collene, Llampden-sidney.
Lynchburg College, Lynchburg.

Virginia-Continued.
Randolph Macon College, A shland.
Randolph-Mecon Woman's College, Lyachburg.
Roanoke College, Salem.
Sweetbrtar College, Sweetbriar.
Unlversity of Richmond, Richmond.
Caiversity of Virginia, Charlotlesville.

VIrginia-Continued.
Virginia Miltary Inatitute, Loringtion.
Virginla Polytechnic Institute, Blacksburg.
Washington and Lee Unlversity, Larington.
West VIrginia:
Bethany Coliego, Bethany.
Marshall College, Huntingtion.
West Virginia University, Morgantown.

## Teacher-Training Colleges Approved December 5, 1929.

Gerrgia State Teachers College, Athens, Ga.
Eastern Kentucky State Teachers College, Richmodd, Ky.
Murray State Teachers Colleze, Murray, Ky.
Western Kentucky State Teachers College, Bowlink (ireen, Ky.
Louisiana State Normal College, Natchitoches, Ls. State Teachers College, Hattiesburg. Miss. 1
Fast Chrolinn Teachers College, Greenville, N, C.
East Tennessee State Teachers College, Jobnson City, Tenn.
Middle Tennassee State Teachers College. MurIfeesboro, Tenn.
West Tennessee State Teachers College, Memphis, Tenn.

East Texas State Teachers College, Commerce, Tex. North Tearas State Teachers College, Denton, Ter. Sam Houston State Teachers College, Huntsville, Ter.
Sul Ross State Teachers College, Alpine, Tex. ${ }^{1}$
South Texas State Teachers College, Kingsville, Ter.
Southwest Ters, State Teachars College, Ban Marcos, Tex.
Stepihen F. Austin State Teachers College, Nagodoches, Tex.
West Texas Stiste Teachers College, Canyon, Tex.
State Teachers College, Epst Redford, Va.
State Teachers College, Farmville, Va.
State Teachets College, Harrisonburg, Ve.

## Standards for Junior Colleges

1. Entrance requirements.-The requirement for admission shall be the satisfactory completion of a 4 -year course of not less than 15 units in a secondary school that is approved by this association or by another recognized accrediting agency, or the equivalent of such a course as shown by examination. Any juntior college in, this association may be called upon at any time for such a record of all the students entering the freshman class, such record to contain the name of each student, his sccondary school, method of admission, units offered in each subject, and total units accepted.
2. Requirements for graduation.-The minimum requirement for graduation shall be 60 semester hours of credit.
3. Degrees.-Junior colleges shall not grant degrees.

4, Number of students and of college departments.-The number of regular college students shall be not less than 60, and the number of separate departments not less thad 5 (English, history, foreign language, mathematics, science). The number of teachers shall be not less than five employed specifically for college instruction, giving the major part of their time to college instruction.
5. Salaries and training of the faculty.-Salaries shall be such as to insure umployment and retention of well-trained and experienced teachers. The minimum scholastic requirements of teachers in the junior college shall be graduation from a standard college and, in addition, graduate work amounting to one year at least in a graduate school of recognized standing. The courses taught by any teacher should be in the field of specialization represented by his graduate work.

- 6. Number of classroom hours for teachers.-The average number of credit houra per week for-each instructor shall not exceed 16 hours of college work or 18 hours if part of the work is done in high school.

7. Number of students in classes. -The number of students in a class shall not exceed 30 (except for lectures). It is recommended that the number of students in a class in a foreign language shall not exceed 25 . The number of students in

[^5]a laboratory section shall not exceed the number for which desk apace and equipment have been provided:
8. Support.-The minimum annual operating income for the two years of junior college work should be $\$ 20,000$, of which not less than $\$ 10,000$ should be derived from stable sources other than students, such as public support or permanent endowment. Increase in faculty, student body, and scope of instruction should be accompanied by increase of income from such stable sources. The financial status of each junior college should be judged in relation to its educational program.
9. Library. - The junior college shall have a modern, well-distributed, catalogued, and efficiently administered library of at least 2,500 volumes, exclusive of public documents, selected with special reference to college work, and with a definite annual appropriation for the purchase of books and periodicals. It is urged that such an appropriation be at least $\$ 500$.
10. Laboratories.-The laboratories shall be adequately equipped for individual Instruction in courses offered and an annual income for their upkeep provided. It is recommended that a school with a limited income be equipped for good work in one or two sciences and not attempt work in others.
11. Separation of college and preparatory classes.- Where a junior college and high school are maintained together, the high school shall have been acceredited by this association. The students shall be taught in separate classes, no highschool student being admitted to any college courses.
12. Proportion of regular college students to the whole student body.-At least 75 per cent of the students in a junior college shall be pursuing curricula leading to graduation.
13. General statement concerning material equipment.-The location and construction of the buildings, the lighting, heating, and ventilation of the rooms, the nature of the laboratories, corridors, closets, water supply, school furniture, apparatus, and methods of cleaniug shall be such as to insure hygienic conditions for both students and teachers.
14. General statement concerning curriculum and spirit of administration.-The character of the curriculum, efficiency of instruction, and spirit of the institution shall be factors in determining its standing.
15. Extracurricular actinties.-Athletics, amusements, fraternities, and other extracurricular activities shall be properly administered and shall not occupy an undue place in the life of the college:
16. Inspection. - No college will.be recommended for membership until it has been inspected and reported upon by an agent or agents regularly appointed by the commission. Any college of the association shall be open to inspection at any time.
17. Filing of blank.-No institution shall be placed or retained on the approved list unless a regular information blank has been filed with the commission. The, list shall be approved from year to year by the commission. The blank shall be filed triennially, but the commission may for due cause call upon any member to file a new report in the meantime. Failure to file the blank shall be cause for dropping an institution.

## Junior Colleges Approved December 5, 1929

[^6]radded to list in 1920.

Mars Hill College, Mars Hill, N. C.
St. Mary's School, Raleigh, N. C.
Hiwassee College, Madisonville, Tenn.
Nashville Agricultural Normal Institute, Madison, Tenn.'
Tennessee Wesleyan College, Athens, Tenn. Ward-Belmont School, Nashville, Tenn.

John Tarleton Agricultaral College, Btephenvilio, Ter.
Lon Morris College, Jackson ville, Tex
.South Park College, Beaumont, Tex. ${ }^{1}$
A verett College, Danville, Va.
Sullins College, Bristol, Va.
Virginia Intermont College, Bristol, Va

# New England Association of Colleges agd Secondary Schools 

Secretary: Walter B. Jacobs, Brown University, Providence, R. I.

Although this association adopted a set of standards for colleges jn 1923, it has not accredited the higher institutions in its territorty. The standards are regarded as advisory and not compulsory for institutions bolding membership in the association.

North Central Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools

# Commission on Institution of Higher Education 

Secretary: George F. Zook, University of Akron, Akron, Ohlo

Standards for Accrediting Colleges and Universities

1. Definition. ${ }^{7}$-A standard American college, university, or technological insti-tution-designated as "college" in this statement of standards-is an institution-
(a) Which is legally authorized to give nonprofessional bachelor's degrees.
(b) Which is organized definitely on the basis of the completion of a standard secondary-school curriculum.
(c) Which organizes its curricula in such a way that the early years are a continuation of and a supplement to the work of the secondary school, and at least the last two years are shaped more or less distinctly in ther direction of special, professional, or graduate instruction.
2. Admission.-The college shall require for admission at least 15 units of secondary work as defined by this association, or the equivalent. These units must represent work done in a secondary school approved by a recognized accrediting agency or evidenced by the result of examinations. The major portion of the units accepted for admission should be definitely correlated withthe curriculum to which the student is admitted.
3. Graduation.-The college shall require for graduation the completion of a minimum quantitative requirement of 120 semester hours ${ }^{\text {a }}$ of credit (or the equivalent in term hours, quarter hours, points, majors, or courses), with further scholastic qualitative requirements adapted by each institution to its conditions.
4. Faculty-Size.-The college of 200 students or less, with a single curriculum, shall maintain at least eight distinct departments, each having at least one person of professorial rank giving full time to the college work of his department. The size of the faculty should bear a definite relation to the type of institution, the number of students, and the number of courses offered. With the growth of the student body the number of full-time teachers should be proportionately increased.
[^7]
## ACCREDITED HIGHER INSTITUTIONS

The development of varied curricula shall involve the addition of further heada of departments.
5. Facult -Training.-The minimum scholastic requirement of all teachers shall be graduation from a college belonging to this association, or the equivalent. The training of the members of the faculty of professorial rank shall include at least two years of study In their respective fields of teaching in a recognized graduate school, presumably including the master's degree. For heads of departments, training should be equivalent to that required for the Ph . D. degree or should represent corresponding professional or technological training. The teacher's success is to be determined by the efficiency of his teaching as well as his research work. The college should be judged in large part by the ratio which the number of persons of professorial rank with sound training, scholarly achieve-r-t, and successful experience as teachers bears to the total number of the teaching staff.
6. Faculty-Service. -The number of hours of classroom work given by each teacher will vary in different departments. To determine this, the amount of preparation required for the class and the amount of time needed for study to keep abreast of the subject, together with the number of students, must be taken into account. Teaching schedules including classes for part-time students exceeding 16 recitation hours or their equivalent per week per instructor, will be interpreted as endangering educational efficiency.
7. Size of classes.-Classes (exclusive of lectures) of more than 30 students should be interpreted as endangering educational efficiency.
8. Preparation of students for advanced sludy.-The college shall be able to prepare its graduates to enter recognized graduate schools as candidates for the advanced degrees.
9. General standards.-The character of the curriculum, the efficiency of the instruction and the scientific spirit, the standard for regular degrees, conservatism in granting honorary degrees, and the tone of the institution shall be factors in determining eligibility for accrediting.
10. Registration-No institution shall be admitted to the accredited list, or continued more than one year on such list, unless it has a regular college registration of at least 100 students. A notably small proportion of college students registered in the third and fourth years, continued over a period of several years, will constitute ground for dropping an institution from the accredited list.
11. Libraries and laboralories.- The college shall have a live, well-distributed, professionally administered library of at least 8,000 volumes, exclusive of public documents, bearing specifically upon the subjects taught, and with a definite annual appropriation for the purchase of new books and current periodicals. It is urged that such appropriation be at least $\$ 5$ per student registered.

The college shall be provided with a laboratory equipment sufficient to develop fully and illustrate each course announced.
12. Finances.-The college, if a corporate institution, shall have a minimum annual income of. $\$ 50,000$ for its educational program, one-half of which shall be from sources other than payments by students, and an additional annual ingome of $\$ 5,000$, one-half of which shall be from sources other than payments by students for each 100 students above 200. Such college, if not tax-supported, shall possess a productive endowment of $\$ 500,000$ and an additional endowment of $\$ 50,000$ for each additional 100 students above 200 . Income from permanent and officially authorized educational appropriations of churches and church boards or duly recognized corporations or associations shall be credited to the extent actually received as 5 per cent income toward the endowment requirement, but to an amount not exceeding the average annual income from auch appropriation in the preceding 5 years: Provided, however, That this shall not apply to more than the
amount required in excess of $\$ 300,000$ : And provided further, That colleges electing to qualify under this interpretation be subject to annual review for accrediting.
13. Secondary schools.-A college should not maintain a secondary school as part of its college organization except for training-school purposes.
14. Professional departments. - When an institution has, in addition to the college of liberal arts, professional or technical schools or departments, the college of liberal arts shall not be accepted for the approved list of the association unless the professional or technical departments are of an accepted grade.
15. Buildings and equipment.-The location and construction of the buildings, the lighting; heating, and ventilation of the rooms, the nature of the laboratories, corridors, closets, water supply, school furniture, apparatus, and methods of cleaning shall be such as to insure hygienic conditions for both students and teachers.
16. Inspection.-No college should be achedited until it has been inspected and reported upon by an agent or agents regularly appointed by this association.

## Colleges and Universities Accredited, March, 1930, to March, 1931

Arizona:
Northern Arizona State Teachers College, Flagstaf.
U'niversity of Arizona, Tucson.
Arkansas:
Hendris College, Conway.
Ouachits College, Arkadelphis.
University of Arkansas, Fayetteville.
Colorado: ${ }^{\circ}$
Colorado Agricultural College, Fort Collins.
Colorado College, Colorado Springs,
Colorado School of Mines, Golden.
Colorado State Tearhers College, Oreeley.
Loretto Ueights College, Loretto Héghts.
University of Colorado, Boulder.
University of Denver, Denver.
Western State College, Ounnison.
Illinois:
Armour Institute of Technology, Cbicago.
Augustana College, Rock Island.
Bradley Polytechnic Institute, Peorla.
Carthage College, Carthage.
DePaul Uñilversity, Chicago.
Eastern Illinois State Teachers College, ('harleston.
Eureks College, Eureks.
ILHnols College, Jacksonville.
Illinols Wesleyan University, Bloomington.
Illinols Woman's College, Jacksonville.
James Mullikin University, Decatur.
Knox College, Galesburg.
Lake Forest College, Lake Forest.
Lewis Institute, Cbicago.
Loyold University, Cbicago.
Monmouth College, Monmouth.
North Central College, Naperville.
Northwestern University, Evanston.
Hocklord College, Rockford.
Rosary College, River Forest. Shurtleff College, Altop.
University of Chicago, Chicago.
Universty of Illinols, Urbana.

Illinols-Continued.
Western Illinois State Teachers College, Macomb.
Wheaton College, Wheaton.
Indiana:
Ball State Teachers College, Muncle.10
DePauw University, Greencastle.
Ebriham College, Earlham.

- Franklin College, Franklin. Hanover College, Hanover. Indiana State Teachers College, Terre Haute. ${ }^{4}$ Indinna C'niversity, Bloomington.
Purduc Uincersity, La Fayette. Rose Polytechnic Institute. Terre Haute. Et. Mary's College, Notre Dame.
St. Mary-of-the-Woods College. St. Mary-orthe. Woods.
University of Notre Dame, Notre Dame.
Valparaico University, Valparaiso.
Wabash College, Crawfordsville.
Iowe:
Clarke College, Dubuque." Coe College, Cedar Rapids. Columbia College, Dubuque. Cornell College, Mount Vernon. Drake University, Des Moines. Grinnell College, Grinnell. lowa state College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts, Ames.
Iowa State Teachers College, Cedar Falls. ${ }^{10}$ Luther College, Decoral. Morningside College, Stoux Clty. Parsons College, Fairfeld. Penn College, Oskaloosa. St. Ambrose College, Davenport. Simpson College, Indianola, State University of Iown, Iowa City. University of Dubuque, Dubuqua:


## Kansas:

Baker Unlversity, Baldwin City. College of Emporla, Emporia.

## - Added to list In 1930.

${ }^{10}$ Transterred from teachers college list in 1030.
${ }^{11}$ Name changed from Mount 8t. Joseph College In 1028.

## Eansas-Contluned.

Friends University, Wicblts.
Eansas State Arglcultural College, Manhattan.
Kansas 8tate Teachers College, Emporla.
Kansas 8tate Teachers College, Hays. 10
Kansas 8tate Teachers College, Pittsburg. ${ }^{10}$
Municlpal University of Wichita, Wichits.
Ottawa Ualversity, Ottaws.
Bt. Benedict's College, Atchlson.
St. Mary's College, Bt. Marys.
Boutbwestern follego, Winfleld.
Sterling College, Sterling.
Universty of Kansas, Lawrence.
Washburn College, Topeka.
Michigan:
Albion College, Albion.
Alma College, Alma.
Battle Creek College, Battle Creek.
Calvio College, Grand Rapids. ${ }^{\circ}$
Central State Teachers College. Mount Pleasant.
College of the City of Detroit, Detroit.
Billsdale College, Hillsdale.
Hope College, Holland.
Kalamazoo College, Kalamazoo.
Marygrove College, Detroit.

- Michigan College of Mining and Technology. Houghton.
Michigan State College of Agriculture and Applied Science, East Lanslng.
Michigan State Normal College, Ypsilanti.
Northern State Teachers College, Marquette.
University of Michigan, Ann Arbor.
Western State Teachers College, Kalamazoo.
M innesota:
Carleton College, Northfield.
College of St. Cathtride, St. Paul.
College of St. Teress, WInons.
College of St. Thomas, St. Paul.
Concordia College, Moorhesd.
Qustavus Adolphus College, St. Peter.
Hamline Unlversity, Et. Paul.
Macalester Coliege, St. Pbul.
8t. Olar College, Northfield.
Unlversity of Minnesota, MInneapolis.
MLssourt:
Central College, Fayette.
Central Missourl State Teachers College. War: rensburg.
Culver-Stockton College, Canton.
Ifury College, Springfield.
Lladenwood College, St. Charles.
Missourl Valley College, Marshall.
Nortbeast Missouri State Teachers College. Klrksville.
Northwest MLssourl State Teachers College, Mary ville.
Part College, Partrille.
3t. Louis Unlversity, St. Louls.
Bouthenst Missourl State Teachers Collige. Cape GIrardeau.
Southwest Missouri State Teachers College, Springfield.
Tarkio College, Tarkio.
Universtty of Missourl, Columbla

Missouri-Continued
Washington University, 8t. Louls.
Webster College, Webster Groves.
Westininster College, Fulton.
Willism Jewell College, Liberty
Montana:
Montans State College of Agriculture and Mecbanle Arts, Bozeman.
State University of Montana, Missoula
Nebraska:
Creighton University, Omaha
Doane College., Crete.
Hastings College, Hastings.
Nebraska Wesleyan Uolversity. Unlversity Place.
University of Nebraska, Lincoln.
New Mexlco:
New Mesico College of Agriculturs and Mechanle Arts, State College.
State Universlty of New Merico, Albuquerque.
North Dakota:
Jamestown Colluge, Jamestown.
North Dakota Agricultural College, Agricut tural College.
University of North Dakota, University.
Ohlo:
Autioch College, Yellow Springs.
Ashland College, Ashland.'
Baldwin-Wallace College, Berea.
Capital Unlversity, Columbus.
Case School or Applied Science. Cleveland.
College of Woostur, Wooster.
Denison Univesity, Oranville.
Heidelberg College, Tiffin.
Hiram College, Hiram.
John Carroll University, Cleveland.
Kenyon College, Grimbier.
Lake Erie College, P'ainesville.
Marietta College, Marietta
Mismi Ualversity, Oxford.
Mount Unlon College, Alliance.
Muskingum College, New Concord.
Qberlin College, Oberlin.
Ohio State University, Columbus
Ohlo Unlversity, Athens.
Ohlo Wesleyan Ualversity, Delaware.
Otterbeln College. Westerville.
8t. Xavier College, Cincinoati.
University of Akron, Akron.
University of Ciacinnati, Cincinnatl.
University of Dayton, Dayton.
University of the City of Toledo, Toledo.
Western College for Women, Oaford.
Western Reserve University, Cleveland.
Wittenberg College, Springfield.
Oklahoms:
Oklahoms Agricultural and Mechanleal College, Stiliwater.
Oklahoma College for Women, Chickasha.
Phillips Unlversity, Enld.
University of Oklaboma, Norman.
University of Tulsa, Tulsa
South Dakuta:
Dakota Wesleyan Univeraity, Mitchell.
Huron College, Huron.

- Added to list in 1030.
${ }^{4}$. Tranaferred from teachers college list in 1930.

South Dalrota-Continued.
Bouth Dakota State College of Agrlculture and Mechanic Arts, Brookings.
South Dakota State School of Mines. Rapid City.
Unisersity of South Dakota, Vermillion.
Yankton College, Yankton.
West Virginia:
Bethany College, Bethany.
Marshall College, Huntington.
West Virginis State College, Instftute. ${ }^{4}$
West Virginia University, Morgantown.
West Virginia Wesleyan College, Buckhannon.

Wisconsln:
Beloit Colleze, Beioit.
Carroll College, Waukesha.
Lawrence College, A ppleton.
Marquette University, Milwaukeen
Milwakee-Downer College, Milwaukeb.
Milwaukee State Teachers Collego, Milwauke.
Mount Mary College, Milwaukee. ${ }^{11}$
Rtpon College, Ripon.
State Teachers College, La Crosse. 10
Elate Teachers College, Oshkosh.
University of Wisconsin, Madison.
W yoming:
University of Wyoming, Laramie.

## Standards for Accrediting Junior Colleges

1. Definilion.-A standard junior college is an institution of higher education with a curriculum covering two years of collegiate work (at least 60 semester hours, or the equivalent in year, term, or quarter credits), which is based upon and continues or supplements the work of secondary instruction as given in any accredited 4 -year high school. A semester hour is defined as one period of classroom work in lecture or recitation extending through not less than 50 minutes net or their equivalent per week for a period of 18 weeks, two periods of laboratory work being counted as the equivalent of one hour of lecture or recitation.
2. Admission.-The junior college shall require for admission at least 15 units of secondary work as defined by this association, or the equivalent. These units must represent work done in a secondary school approved by a recognized accrediting agency or by the result of examinations. The major portion of the units accepted for admission must be definitely correlated with the curriculum to which the student is admitted.
3. Organization.-The work of the junior college shall be organized on a college as distinguished from high-school basis, so as to secure equivalency in prerequisites, scope, and thoroughness to the work done in the first two years of a standard college as defined by this association.
4. Facully,-The minimum scholastic requirement of all teachers of classes in the junior college shall be graduation from a college belonging to this association, or an equivalent, and, in addition, graduate work in a university of recognized standing amounting to one year. The teaching schedule of instructors, including classes for part-time students, shall not exceed 18 hours per week; 15 bours is recommended as the maximum.
5. Size of classes.-Classes, exclusive of lectures, of more than 30 students shall be interpreted as endangering educational efficiency.
6. Registration.-No junior college shall be accredited unless it has at least 60 students regularly registered in accordance with these standards. Of those enrolled, at least one-third should be in the second year.
7. Libraries and laboratories.-The junior college shall have a live, well-distributed, and efficiently administered library of at least 3,000 volumes, exclusive of publio documents, selected with special reference to college work and with a definite annual appropriation for the purchase of current books and periodicals. It is urged that such an appropriation be at least $\$ 800$. The junior college shall be provided with laboratories fully equipped to illustrate each course announced.
[^8]
## ACCREDITED HIGHER INSTITUTIONS

8. Firances.-The minimum annual operation income for the educational program of the junior college should be at least $\$ 20,000$, of which not less than $\$ 10,000$ should be derived from stable sources other than students' fees, such as public support, permanent endowments, or income from permanent and officially authorized educational appropriations of churches and church boards or duly recognized corporations or associations. Such latter income shall be credited to the extent actually received, but to an a mount not exceeding the average income from such appropriations for the preceding five years.
9. General standards.-The character of the curriculum, the efficiency of instruction, the scientific spirit, and the tone of the institution shall befactors in determining eligibility for accrediting.
10. Buildings and equipment. - The location and construction of the buildiggs, the lighting, heating, and ventilation of the rooms, the nature of the laboratories, corridors, closets, water supply, school furniture, apparatus, and methods of cleaning shall be such as to insure hygienic conditions for both students and teachers.
11. Inspection.-No junior college shall pe accredited until it has been inspected and reported upon by an agent or agents appointed by this association. Such inspection will not be authorized until the second year or until the junior college shall have been in full operation for at least one full year.

## Junior Colleges Accredited March, 1930, to March, 1931

Arizona: Pboenix Jualor Collage, Phoenis Arkansas:

Arkansas Polytechnic Institute, Russellville, Central College, Conway.
Little Rock College, Little Rock.
State Agricultural and Mechanical College. Jonesboro.
State Agricultural and Mechanical College, Magnolia.
8tate Agricultural and Mechanical College, Monticello.
Colorado: Regls College, Denver.
Inlools:
Central Y. M. C. A. College, Chicapo.
Elmburst College, Elmhurst.
Franues 8himer School, Mount C'arrnll.
Joliet Junior College, Joliat.
La Salle-Peru-Ogleshy Junior College, La Salle.
Lincoln College, I.incoln.
Monticello Seminary, Godirey.
Morton Junior College, Cicero.
North Park College, Chicago.
Iowa:
Graceland College, Lamoni.
Mason Clty Jundor College, Mason City. 8t. Joseph Junlor College, Ottumwa.
Kansas: St. Mary's College, Leavanworth. Michlgan:

Bay City Junior College, Bay City.
Emmanuel Misslonary Collego, 'Berrien Springs.

## - Added to list in 1930.

${ }^{3}$ Transterred from teachers college list in 1930.

Michigan-Continued.
Flint Junior College, Flint.
Grand Rapids Junior College, Grand Rapids. Highland Park Junior College, Highland Park Muskegou Junior Colleae, Muskegon. Port Huron Junior College, Port Huron.,
Minnesota:
Duluth Junlor College, Duluth.'
Uibblng Junior College, Hibbing.
Rochester Junior College, Rochester.
Virginia Juntor College, Virginia.
Missourl:
Christisn College, Columbla.
Flat River Juniar College, Flat River
Junior College of Kansas Clty, Kansas City
Kemper Milltary School, Boonville.
St. Joseph Junfor College, St. Joseph.
Stephens College, Colurnbia.
Teachers College of Kansas City, Kansas City." The Principia, St. Louls.
Wentworth Military Academy, Lexington." William Woods College, Fulton.
Montana:
Intermountain Unlon College, fielena
Mount St. Charles College, Helena.
Nebraska: Union College, College Vlew.
Oklahom:
Northeastern Oklahoma Junior College, Miami. Panhandle *Agricultural and Mechanical College, Goodwill.
West Virginia: Potomac State school, Kayser.

## Standards for Accrediting Institutions Primarily for the Training of Teachers

$\lambda$
The standard American institution primarily for the training of teachers is a gehool with 2-year, 3-year, and 4 -year curricula designed to afford such general and professional education as will best fit students for specific teaching in American public schools, such curricula to be based upon a general education equivalent to at least that represented by graduation from a standard 4 -year high school. The work of the curriculum for such professional trafning of teachers, whether general or specific, shall comprise courses of collegiate grade only, provided that, in sections of the country where conditions require, courses of secondary grade may be given for the purpose of preparing grade teachers for work in rural schools.

The following constitute the minimum standards for accrediting institutions primarily for the training of teachers:

1. The minimum scholastic require nent of all teachers in such schools (except teachers of the so-called special subjects in elementary schools, including music, drawing, and manual training, and assistants in the training, school) shall be equivalent to graduation from a college belonging to this association, supplemented by special training or experienge, or both, of at least three years. Graduate study and training in research equivalent to that required for the master's degree are urgently recommended, but the teacher's success is to be determined by the efficiency of his teaching, as, well as by his research work.
2. Such schools shall require for admission not less than 15 secondary units as defined by this association. Students admitted with less than 15 units shall be designated as apecial or unclassified students.
3. Such schools shall require not less than 60 semester hours for graduation, and not less than 120 semester hours or equivalent credit for any degree.
4. Such schools shall be provided with library and laboratory equipment sufficient to develop adequately and to illustrate each course announced.
5. Such schools shall provide adequate facilities for practice teaching and observation.
6. Such schools shall receive an onnual income for maintenance and operation of not less than $\$ 50,000$, or if less, at least $\$ 150$ per year per sturent in average attendance.
7. The location and construction of the buildings, the lighting, heating, and ventilation of the rooms, the nature of the laboratories, corridors, closets, water supply, school furniture, apparatus, and method of cleaning shall be such as to insure hygienic conditions for students and teachers.
8. The average teaching program of a teacher in such schools shall not exceed 15 clock hours per week in actual teaching, or the equivalent, in classroom, laboratory, shop or supervisory instruction. The class unit for instruction shall not exceed 30 students.
9. The character of the curriculum, the efficiency of instruction, the professional spirit, and the tone of the institution shall also be factors in determining eligibility.
10. No institution shall be admitted to the approved list unless it has a total registration of at least 100 students from September to June, whose preliminary preparation is the equivalent of at least graduation from a 4 -year high school.

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Institutions Primarily for the Training of Teachers Accredited, March, 1930 to March, 1931

Illinols:
Illinois state Normal University, Normal. ${ }^{14}$
Northern Illinois State Teachers College, De Kalb.
Southern Illinois State Normal Cniversity, Carbondale.
Michigan:
Detroit Teachers C'ollege, Detroit.
Minnesota:
State Teachers College, Moorhead.
8t. Cloud State Teachers College, St. Cloud.
Winona State Teachers College, Winona.
Missouri:
Harris Teachers College, St Louls.
1.Incoln University, Jefferson City.

Montans: State Normal College, Dillon
Nebraska:
Nebraska State Normal College, (Madron.
Nebraska State Normal school and Tenchers College. Keardey.
Nebraska State Normal School and Teachers College, Peru.
Nebraska state Normal School and Teachers College, Wajac.
New Mexice:
New Maxico Normal University, Rast Las Vegas.
New Mexico State Teachers Collegr, silver City.
North Dakots:
State Normal and Industrial School, Ellendale.
State Normal School, Dickinson.

North Dakota-ContInued.
State Teachers College, Mayville.
State Teachers College, Minot.
State Teachers College, Valley City.
Ohio:
Cleveland School of Education, Cleveland Miami University, Teachers College, Onford Ohlo Liniversity, College of Education, Athens State Normal College, Howiling Green. State Normal College, Kent.
Oklahoma
Central State Teachery College, Edmond
East Central state Trachers College, Ada.
Northeastern State Teachers College, Tahlequah.
Northwestern state Teachers College. Alva
Southeastern State Teachers College, Durant. southwestern State Teachers College, Weather. ford.
South Dakota:
Eastern State Teachers College, Madison
Northern Normal and Industrial School, Aber- deen.
State Normal school, spearfish.
West Virginia
State Normal School, Fairmont.
Wisconsin:
State Tearhers College, Superior.
Stout Insstitute, Menomonie.

# Northwest Association of Secondary and Higher Schools 

Secretary: Phil Soulen, University of Idahu, Moscow, Idaho

The standards employed by the Northwest Association of Secondary and Higher Schools in admitting colleges and universities to membership are those recommended by the American Councll on Education. (See pp. 5 and 6.)

Colleges and Universities Accredited April, 1929, to April, 1930

College of the Holy Names, Oakland, Caltf.
Bt. Mary's College, Bt. Marys Cullege, Callf. Unlversity of Rediands, Redlands, Cahf College of Idaho, Caldwell, Idaho. Unlversity of Idaho, Moscow, Idaho. Linfield College, McMinnville, Oreg. Oregon State Agricultural College, Corvallis, Oreg. Reed College, Portland, Oreg. Unlversity of Oregon, Eugene, Oreg.

Willamette University, Salem, Oreg.
Agricultural College of Utah, Logan, Utah.
Brigham Young University, Provo, Utah. College of Puget Sound, Tacoma, Wash. Gonzaga University, Spokane, Wash. State College of Wïshington, Pullman, Wash. University of Washington, Scattle, Wash. Whitman College, Walla Walla, Wash.

## Standards for Accrediting Junior Colleges

1. The requirement for admission should be the satisfactory completion of a 4 -year course in a secondary school approved by a recognized accrediting agency or the equivalent of such a course. The major portion of the secondary school

[^9]course accepted for admission should be definitely correlated with the curriculum to which the student is admitted.
2. Requirements for graduation must be based on the satisfactory completion of 30 year-hours, or 60 semester-hours of work, corresponding in grade to that given in the freshman and sophomore years of standard colleges and universities. In addition to the above quantitative requirements each institution should adopt other qualitative standards suited to its individual conditions.
3. Members of the teaching staff in regular charge of classes must have at least a haccalaureate degree or the equivalent of this degree in special training and should have not less than one year of graduate work in a recognized graduate school; in all cases efficiency in teaching as well as the amount of graduate work should be taken into account.
4. The teaching schedule of instructors teaching junior college classes shall be fimited to 22 hours per week; for instructors devoting their whole time to junior college classes 18 hours should be the maximum.
5. The curriculum should provide both for breadth of study and for concentration and should have justifiable relation to the resources of the institution wht there should be a minimum of five departments. This number of departm nts and the size of the faculty should be increased with the development of varied curricula and the growth of the student body.
6. The limit of the number of students in a recitation or laboratory class in a junior college should be 30 .
7. The college work should be the essential part of the curriculum. No junior college should be accredited unless it has a registration of 25 students, if it offers hut a sinigle year, and 50 students if it offers more thain a single year.
8. The material equipment and upkeep of a junior college, its buildings, lands, latoratories, apparatus, and libraries should be judged by their efficiency in relation to the educational program.
9. The minimum annual operating income for the two years of junior college work should be $\$ 10,000$, of which not less than $\$ 5,000$ should be derived from stable sources, other than students, preferably permanent endowments. Increase in faculty, student body, and scope of instruction should be accompanied by increase of income from such stable sources. The financial status of each junior college should be judged in relation to its educational program.

## Junior Colleges, Accredited April, 1929 to April, 1930

Southern Branch, University of Idaho, Pocatello.
Idaho. Idaho. Mount Angel Junlor College, St. Benedict, Oreg.

## Standards for Accrediting Teacher-Training Institutions

1. A normal schoo or teachers college should demand for admission the satisfactory completion of foùr years of work in a secondary school approved by a recognized accrediting agency, or the equivalent of such a course. Students admitted with less than this amount of preparation should be designated as special or unclassified students.
2. A normal school or teachers college should require fof graduation the completion of a minimum quantitative requirement of at least 60 semester hours and for the baccalaureate degree the completion of a minimum quantitative requirement of at least 120 semester hours of credit.
3. No normal school or teachers college should be accredited which has an enrollment of less than 80 students of college grade. The studente of college

[^10]grade should constitute at least 90 per cent of the total enrollment of the institution (exclusive of the pupils enrolled in the training department).
4. For a normal schoul or teachers college of approximately 80 students the faculty should consist of at least eight heads of departments devoting full time to the work of the institution. With the growth of the student body the number of full-time teachers should be increased so as to preserve a ratio of teachers to s students of from 1 to 12 to 1 to 15 (exclusive of trachers giving full tinu to elementary and secondary instruction in training departments).

- The minimum scholastic requirement of all teachers (except teachers of the so-called special subjects in elementary schools, including music, drawing, and manual training, and assistants in the training chool) slatl be equisalent, to college graduation, supplemented by special training or experience, or both, of at least three years. Graduate study and training in research are urgently recommended, but the teacher's success is to be deternined by the effieiency of his teaching as well as by his reseurch work. .

Teaching schedules exceeding it hours per week per instructor or classes (exclusive of lectures) of more than 30 students should beinterpreted as endangering educational effecency. One hour and a hatf of habriratory, shop supervinory instruction, or of regularly assigued administrative duties shouth be ceekoned as the equivalent of one teaching thmin. When the same work is repented in different sections the increase in the load of the instrictor above the maximum just indicated should never exceed two teaching hours.
5. The minimum annual operating income for an aceredited normal school or teachers college, exclusive of payment of interest, anmities, ete., should be $\$ 50,000$, of which not less than $\$ 25,000$ should be derived from stable sources other than students' fees.
6. A normal sehool or teachers college should be provided with library and laboratory equipment sufficient to develop adequately and to illustrate each course offered. The location and construction of buiddings, the lighting, heating, and ventilating of rooms, the nature of the laboratories, corridors, chesets, water supply, school furniture, apparatus, and methods of eleaning, simall be wilch at to insure hygienic conditions for students and teachers.
7. A normal school or teachers college should provide adequate faclities for observation and practice teaching, making this work the integrating and dominant aspect of the curriculum.
(a) The number of pupils annually enrolled in the training department (including children in public schools used for practice) should not be less than four times the annual number of graduates from the institution.
(b) The teachers in fraining department (including the director and assistants) should number not less than one-third the entire faculty of the institution, and (excepting teachers whose full time is given to instructing elementary and secondary students) should pussess the sime degree of preparation as other members of the faculty.
(c) Each student candidate for the diploma ( 60 hours) should be given the equivalent of one school year of observation and practice of not less than one clock hour a day (a total of 180 hours).
8. Completion of a 2 -year curriculum in a standard normal school or teachers college should be accredited at full value in a college or university either for works ${ }^{*}$ in art and sciences or for work in the school of education. Further recognition of credits should be based on a cafeful consideration of the sequence, the length, and the advanced character of the academic courses pursued in the normal school or teachers college.
9. No normal school or teachers college should be accredited until it has been inspected and reported upon by an agent or agents regularly appointed by the accrediting organization.

1. Each accrediting agency should make a special examination of colleges of liberal arts whether independent institutions or divisions of miversities, before approving them as institutions for the professional training of teachers.
2. No college of liberalarts or university shobld lie accredited as an institution for the professional training of teachers unless it has at least one professor giving his whole time to work in teacher training for every 30 students enrolled in such course.
3. A college or university offering professional instruction for teachers should have adequate facilitice for observation and practice teaching.
4. The strictly professional courses offered by sueh colleges and universities for the training of teachers shomd be extended over a period of at least one whote year.
5. The recommendations offered above with respect to library, physical equipmont and inspection in advance of approval apply equally to colleges and ubiversities giving rofessional education to teachers.

## Teacher-Training Institutions Accredited, April, 1929, to April, 1930

| Stute Teachers College, San Dieno, Colit. <br> state Normal Schens. Albion, idaho. <br> stale Normal School, Lewiston, Idiblo. <br> Oregon Norital Schoul, Monmouth, Greg | Sthte Normal Schomi, 13 lingham, Wh |
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|  | State Normal schoul. (heney. Wish) |
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## - American Association of Teachers Colleges

## Standards for Accrediting Teachers Colleges

(Adopted at the anmual mectiag in 19\%6, and revised at annual meetings in 1922, 1928, 1929, and 7930)

1. Definiton of a teachers college-A. Teachers colloge (4-year institution granting degrees)- A teachers college, within the meaning of these standards, is a State, municipal, or incorporated private institution, or an independent unit of - recognized college or university which hat at least one 4 -year unified curriculum; which is devoled exclusively to the preparation of teachers; which has legal authority to grant a standard bachelor's degree; which has granted and continues to grant such degree; and which requides for admission the completion of a standard 4 -year secondary-school curriculum or equivalent training approved by this association.
B. Normal school.-A similar institution devoted exclusively to the preparation of teachers, which requires for admission the completion of a standard 4-year secondary school curriculum, or equivalent training approved by this association; which has a curriculum less than four years in length and does not have legal authority to grant a standard bachelor's degree; or which has a curriculum four years in length but has not granted and does not grant a bachelor's degree, shall be designated as a normal school or a junior teachers college.

Normal schools shall conform to the same standards as teachers colleges except as hereinafter specifically indicated.
C. No teachers college shall maintain a secondary xichool, or a department in which strictly secondary-school academic work is offered, as a part of its college organization except for training-school purposes.
II. Requirements for admission.- A. The quantitative requirement of admission to a teachers college or normal school accredited by this association shall be
at least 15 units of secondary-school work, or the equivalent. These units must represent work done in a secendary school approved by the State department of public instruction of the State in which the college is located, and must conform to the definitions of the various units as recommended by the State department of public instruction, or must be evidenced by the result of examinations.

Experienced teachers over 21 years of are may be admitted to a teachers college or normal school for such work as they are qualified to take, but before receiving a diploma or degree, they shall meet the full entrance requirement.

If the State department of public instruction maintains no accredited list of secondary schools or publishes no definitions of secondary-school units, those of a regularly recognized accrediting agency shall be used.

- B. Equivalence for entrance or secondary-school work shall be determined
- only by regilarly scheduled written examinations, which shall be of such character as to satisfy the committee on admissions of the college that the applicant is fully prepared to do eollege work as hereinafter defined.
C. Experience in teaching shall in no case be accepted yor entrance, or credit toward graduation, except supervised teaching in the training school.
III. Standards for graduation--A. The quantitative requirement for graduation shall be the completion of at least 120 semester hours of credit, or the equivalent in term hours, quarter hours, points, inajurs, or courses.
$B$. The requipoment for graduation for a normal school with a 2-year curriculum shall be at least 60 semester hours or the equivalent; and for a normal school with a 3 -year curriculum, at least 90 semester hours or the equivalent
C. Not more than one-fourth of any curriculum leading to a degree or a certificate or a diploma in a teachers college or normal school shall be taken in extension classes or by correspondence. (Not more than one-half of this shall be done by correspondence.) These classes shall be conducted by regularly appointed teachers who meet all the qualifications of Standard $V$, "Preparation of the faculty." If extension teachers are re, ly employed on a part-time basis and hold educational administrative or supervisory positions, they shall not be permitted to offer courses enrolling incividutals who are under their administrative or supervisory jurisdiction. No courses shall be offered for credit either is exteusion or by correspondence which are not alsc nffered as part of the regular residence wokk. These courses should likewise meet the standerds of sequence, prerequisites, etc., set forth in Standard v, "Organization" of the curriculum."

Note. - It is understood that this shall not be retroactively applied to any student who has (or is now registered for) credits in excess of the one-fourth presented in this standard.
$D$. No degree or certificate or diploma shall be issued by a teachers college or normal school to a student who has not spent a minimum of one year in regular residence work in the institution issuing the degrec, certificate, or diploma. One year of residence work shall be understood to mean one year of full-time study or two half years or its equivalent in summer sessions.
IV. Size of faculty. $-A$. There shall be a reasonable ratio of students to faculty in the college department, which shall be subjected to investigation to determine the proper ratio.
B. In the training school there shall be at least one full-time training-school teacher for every 18 college students, each of whom does during the year a total of 90 clock hours of student teaching. If more than 90 hours of student teaching is required of each student, the number of student teachers for each training school teacher shall be decreased so as not to increase the total annual supervisory load for each training-school teacher.
C. No teacher in the training school who is also responsible for a regular amount of supervision of atudent teaching shall be required to have aharge of more than 40 children at any one time.
D. In the case of use of affiliated urban or rural schools for student teaching purposes, when the degree of affiliation and control is restricted to such an extent that a teaching force of more limited training than is contemplated by these standards must be used, and which is not capable of effective supervision of student teaching, or which by the terms of the affiliation is not expected to do supervision of student teaching, there shall be one full-time supervisor of student teaching for every 50 student teachers, each of whom does during a year 90 hours of student teaching. Such supervisors must possess the scholastic qualifications required of members of the faculty of the college department. If more than 90 hours of student teaching is required of each student, the number of student teachers per supervisor should be decreased so as not to increase the total annual supervisory load for each supervisor.
V. Preparation of faculty.-A. The minimum scholastic reqiirement for teachers in the training school shall be graduation from a college of recognized standing, presumably evidenced by possession of a bachelor's degree or equivalent training. Six years after the date on which these standards take effect, the minimum scholsstic requirement for all new training-school teachers shall be the same as for teachers in the college department.

Teachers who have been members of the faculty of the training school for not less than five years, and whose training is not equivalent to this requirement, may be considered to have equivalent training for six years after the date on which these standards take effect, provided that the president of the college submits a statement of their training and experience and files. with the committee on accrediting and classification a derlaration that such members of the faculty are rendering service in their own teaching and in the supervision of student teaching which is of a superior quality as judged by the standards of the best public school systems in the State in which the teachers college is located.

During this period of six years this declasation must be made annually and shall be based upon actual inspection of the teacher's work.
B. The minimum scholastic requirement for members of the faculty who give instruction in the college department shall be graduation from a college of recognized standing and additional training which shall include at least one year of study in their respective fields of teaching in a recognized graduate school, or equivalent, and presumaby possession of the master's degree. Members of the faculty who have served in their respective positions for not less than five years, and whid do not meet this requirement, may be regarded as having done so for six years after the date on which these standards take effect, provided that the president of the college submits a statement of their training and experience and files a declaration that such members of the faculty are giving satisfactory instruetion of college grade.

During this period of six years this declaration must be made annually untid each such member of the faculty has secured the required training and shall be based upon actual inspection of the work of such members of the faculty.
C. A teachers college or normal school may be considered to have met the requirements of this standard if not over 10 per cent of the regularly appointed members of the faculty (college aud training school) shall fail to meet the standards set forth in V-A and B, provided that for all teachers in this group who do not hold a master's degree the president shall file annually with the secretary of the association a statement of the special or technical training which in his judgrment is a desirable substitute for the degree requirements. In computing the percentage of the faculty with less than the standard training the following exceptions shall be allowed:
(1) In those cases in which regular public schools not under the control or supervision of the college are used for practice-teaching purposes, the room
teachers shall not be considered as part of the faculty unless they are appointed through the college and in all respects are considered as regular members of the faculty; or unless they supervise the practice work of six or more student teachers within an academic year.
(2) In teachers colleges offering 4 -year curricula for the preparation of special teachers or supervisors in two or more of the fields of commerce, fine arts, industrial arts, music, household arts, or physical education, study by an individual in his special field may be taken as a substitute for the degree requirement in Standard $V$ - A and B, provided that the total exceptions made in these departments shall not be more than 10 per cent of the entire faculty and shall not increase the total per cent of those with less than standard training for the college to more than 15 per cent.
D. It is recommended that as far as possible in new appointments to the staffs of teachers colleges or normal schools the minimum standard of training set forth in Sections A and B should be met.
$E$. It is recommended that new teachers appointed to the staffs of teachers colleges or normal schools should have at least 30 semester hours of undergradúate and (or) graduate work in the field in which they are to teach including professional courses in the subject matter of this field.
$F$. It is desirable that members of the faculty of a teachers college or normal school should possess training of a distinctly professional quality, which represents at least three years of study beyond the bachelor's degree, in a recognized graduate school, or corresponding professional or techuological training. The effort of a teachers college to maintain a faculty of higher scholarly equipment than is required by the minimum standard, shall be held to constitute a strong presumption that superior work is being done. The proportion of members of the faculty which should be on the different levels of training above the first degree shall be subjected to immediate investigation.
VI. Teaching load of faculty. - The following teaching loads shall be the maximun for a teachers college or normal school faculty: 16 recitation periods of at least 50 minutes each per week or its equivalent. Equivalence shall be based upon the ratio of one class period to one and one-half class periods in shop, laboratory work, and physical education.
VII. Training school and student teaching.-A. Each teachers college or normal school shall maintain a training school under its dwn control as a part of its organization, as a laboratory school, for purposes of observation, demonstration, and supervised teaching on the part of students. The use of an urban or rural school system, under sufficient control and supervision of the college to permit carrying out the educational policy of the college to a sufficient degree for the cor duct of effective student teaching, will satisfy this requirement.
B. Student teaching ahall be su organized as to lcad to a proper initial mastery of the technique of teaching and at the same time protect the interests of the children in the training school.
C. The minimum amount of student teaching required of every graduate of a teachers college or normal school shall be 90 hours of supervised teaching.
D. For every 18 college students to be given 90 hours of student teaching, there shall be a minimum gloup of 30 children, either in the campus-training school or in affiliated urbin or rural schools under the supervision of the teachers college or normal school.
$E$. It is recommended that at least two-fifths of the teaching in the training school should be done by regular teachers of the training school or by other members of the faculty.
VIII. Organization of the curriculum.-A. The curriculum of the teachers college inust recognize definite requirements as regard sequences of courses. Senior college courses must not be open to freslimen who have not taken the prerequisites for these courses. Programs consisting mainly of freshman and sophomore courses carrying full credit shall not be available for studente in the junior and senior years. Coherent and progressive lines of study, leading to specific achievment within definite fields, must be a characteristic of the college -curriculum.

Every teachers college must therefore adopt an organization of its curricula which will provide in its junior and senior years courses which tequire prerequisite courses in the freshman and sophomore years or courses which are open only to juniors or keniors. The number of such courses taken by a student in the junior and senior years must total ut least one-third of the requirements for the completion of a four-year college curriculum. It is recommended that teachers collegea adopt a systen of numbering courses or of catalogue description which will indicate the year in which the course should be taken.
B. In a normal school with a 3 -ycar curriculum, two-thirds of the work of students in the last year shall consist of advanced courses to which freshmen not admitted.
IX..Student health service and living conditions.-A. (1) Health protection.Provision shall be made by means of suitable organization for the following phases of student health service: (a) Physical examination; (b) consultation on bealth matters and dispensary treatments; (c) correction of remediable defects; and (d) hospitalization or infirmary care. (This type of service (d), may be provided through cooperative arrangements with independent hospitals.),

Thequdent health protection services shall be rendered by specially qualified physicians, nurses, dental hygienists, psychiatrists, and others on such basis and it such manner as local cunditions require. Offices and rooms of the health protection (or service) department or organization shall be equipped with modern scientific apparatus and provision shall be made for essential clerical serviecs.
(2) Health education.-Student health service lugically includes health education (teaching health habits), hence suitable courses in health education shall be offered and provisions made in the training school department fur observation and practice teaching in healt h education.
(3) Physical recreation.-Facilities shall be provided for indoor and outdoor recreation involving desirable physical activities.
B. Each teachers college or normal school shall make definite provisions to insure for its students living conditions which provide proper safeguards for health, murals, and mental efficiency and shall promote a responsible type of citizenship and leadership on the part of individuals.
C. When dormitories are maintained these shall be of safe construction, shall br kept in wholesome, sanitary condition, and shall-be under responsible supervision.
X. Library, laboratory, and shop equipment.-A. Library.-(1) Books and periodicals: Each teachers college shall have at least 15,000 volumes, exclusive of public documents and bound periodicals. For noriual schools offering only 2 and 3 -year curricula the mininum shall be 10,000 volimes. It is recommended that by 1940 these minima shatl be mereased to 25,000 and $\$ 7,000$, respectively, In computing the number of voluties in a library not over 15 per cent shall be
allowed for duplicates. The books should be distributed among the various classifications in approximately the following order:

(These proportions should be revised from time to time in order that they may be adjusted to changing emphases in the wort of teachers colleges.)

Each teachers college library shall provide not less than 150 periodicals appropriate to the academic, cultural, and professional needs of the institution.

Parts 2, 3, 4, and 5 of Section A of Standard X are to we considered only as recommendations.
(2) Training school library.-Each teachers college or normal school should also provide at least one (if elementary and secondary training schools are separately housed, separate libraries are desirable) training-school library which will be administered by the teachers college libraty and which will serve the needs of the training-school students and serve also as a model and practice unit for the teachers college students. The books in the training school library may be counted in the minimum total but not to exceed 20 per cent of the total.
(3) Staff. ${ }^{15}$ - Each tedchers college or normal school with an enrollment of less , than 1,000 "full-time" students should employ at least two full-time librarians in addition to the librarian or librarians in charge of the training school libraries. An additional full-time librarian should be employed for each additional 500 fulltime students or major fraction thereof above 1,000 . These librarians should have academic qualifications equal to those prescribed for regular faculty members in Standard V-B. This training should include at least one years' work in an approved library school. These librarians should be accorded the same privileges as any other members of the instructional ataff. Assistants should be employed as needed to care for necessary clerical and routine work in the library. Additional assistance should be provided as needed in colleges offering a definitely organized curriculum for the training of special teacher-librarians.
(4) Budget.-Each teachers college or normal school with an enrollment of less than 1,000 "full-time" students should apportion annually to the library not less than 7 per cent of the entire college budget for current expenses exclusive of capital outlay and such supplementary business operations as dormitoties, cafeterias, and book stores. For enrollments more than 1,000 and less than 1,500 the per cent should not be less than 6 and for enrollinents over 1,500 the

[^11]per cent should not be less than 5 . Thîs amount should be apportioned to salaries, books, and other items in approximately the following proportions:

2. Library supplies........................................................... 2
3. Travel.........-.-................................................................ 1
4. Printing and publications........................................... 2
5. 'Binding and repairs............................................................. 5
6. Books..................................................................... 25
7. Periodicals....... ......................................................... 5
8. New equipment .............................................................. 3
9. All other ............................................................. 2
(5) Phystcal cquipment.-A. The library should be housed so as to provide reasonable safety from fire for the stacks-adequate provision for reading, reference wark, and use of periodicals; accessions, cataluguing and work rooms; librarians' offices; teserve book and loan desk service; library methods classroom; and the equipment necessary for efficient service in all departments of the libfary.
B. Each teachers college or normal school shall be provided with laboratory equipment sufficient for instructional purposes for each course offered.
C. Each teachers college or normal school must be provided with suitable shops and shop equipment for instructional purposes for each course offered, including gy mnasiums for physical education; commercial equipment for courses in commerce; suitable kitchens, dining rooms, and laboratories for household arts; and adequate farm buildings and demonstration farms for work in agriculture.
XI. Location, construction, and sanztary condition of buildings.-The location and construction of buildings, the lighting, heating, and ventilation of the rooms, the nature of the lavaturies, corridors, closets, water supply. school furniture, apparatus, and method of cleaning shall be such as to insure hygienic conditions for students and teachers.
XII. Limits of registration of students.-A. No teachers college shall be placed on the accredited list, or continued on such list for more than one year, unless it has a regular registration of at least 200 students of college grade.
$B$. A notably small proportion of students of college grade registered in the third and fourth years, continued over a period of several years, shall constitute ground for dropping a teachers college from the accredited list. Fifteen per cent of the enrollment of a teachers college should be in the junior and senior years.
C. A normal school with a 2 -year curriculum must have an enrollment of at least 150 students of college grade, one-third of whom must be in the second year.
XIII. Financial support.- A. Each State or municipal teachers college or normal school must have an annual appropriation sufficient to provide a faculty of the size, quality, and attainments hereinbefore prescribed; the required library, laboratory and shop equipment, with proper repairs and replacements; sufficient supplics and material in all departments for educational and instructional purposes; repairs and replacements in the physical plant adequate to maintain the plant in good working condition; and suitable staffs, supplies, and material for the effective operation of the physical plant. A malimed inferiority or insufficiency in material resources shall be accepted as a strong presumption of unsatisfactory educational conditions.
$B$. If the teachers college or normal school is a private incorporated institution, it must have a minimum anuual income of $\$ 50,000$ for its teachers college program, one-half of which shall be from sources other than payments by students; and an additional annual income of $\$ 10,000$ for each 100 students above 200 , one-half of
which shall be from sources other than payments by students. If such teachers college or normal school is not tax-supported, if shall possess a productive endow. ment of $\$ 500,000$, and an additional endowment of $\$ 50,000$ for each additional 100 students above 200.
XIV. Classification of colleges.-A. Tearhers colleges.-(1) Any teachers college which completely meets these requirements shall be designated as a Class A college, provided that until September, 1929, it may fail to meet three of these standards; until September, 1930, it may fail to meet two of them, and until September, 1931, it may fail to meet oge of them, and nevertheless be given the rating of a class A college, provided, however, that it shall always meet the definition set up for a teachers college in I of these standards.
(2) Any teachers college which fails to meet not nore than two of these standards shall be designated as a class B college, provided that until September, 1929, it may fail to meet Give of these standards, until September, 1930, it may fail to meet four of them, and until September, 1931, it may fail to meet three of them and nevertheless be given the rating of a class $B$ college.
(3) Any teachers college which fails to meet more than two of these standards shall be-frsignated as a class C college, provided that until September, 1929, it shall e classed as a class $C$ college unless it fails to meet more than five of these surds, until 1930, wore than four, and until 1931, more than three.
B. Normal schools.-The same standards shall apply to normal schools listed in Section A, thereby providing for class A normal schools, class B normal schools, and class C normal schools
XV. Accrediting and classification of teachers colleges.-A. For the purpose of administering these standards, a committee of five members, known as the Committee on Accrediting and Classification, is hereby created, one member of which shall be elected annually by the association for a term of five years. (In 1926 five members shall be elected for terms of one, two, three, four, and five years, respectively.)
B. The character of the curriculum, the efficiency of the instruction, the scholarly spirit, and the professional atmosphere of the institution, the standard for granting degrees, and the general tone of the teachers college, shall be factors in determining eligibility for accrediting.
C. The secretary of the association, or the executive secretary, whenever authorized and appointed by the association, shall be the secretary and the executive officer of the committee on accreliting and classification.
D. Each teachers college accredited under, these standards shall file annually with the committee on accrediting and classification a geport on a blank provided for that purpose by the committee.
$\boldsymbol{E}$. These standards shall go into effect on September 1, 1927. Not later than the date of the annugl meeting of the association in 1928, the committee on accrediting and classification shall prepare an accredited and classified list of teachera colleges on the basis of information contained in the reports submitted to the committee by the college.
$\boldsymbol{F}$. The committee on accrediting and classification may inspect or cause to be inspected any teachers college when it deems such inspection necessary.
G. The committee on standards and surveys shall have power to appoint any commission for investigation of any problems concerning standards which it deems necessary and desirable.

## Class A Teachers Colleges Accredited, 1930-31

## Arlzons:

Arions State Teachery College, Fincstafl
Tempe State Trachers College. Tempr
Arkansas. Arkansas state Tetbers College. Con way.
California
State Teachers College. Fresno.
State Teachers Cullege, Enn Dirgo,
State Trachers College, Santa Barbara
Colorado
Cilorado State Teachers College, Greeley
Western State College, Gunnison.
Georgia
Georgia State Collegr for Women, Nplledgevilh Georgia State Teachers College. Athens
Illinous
Fiastern Illinots state Teachers Callege. Char leston.
Illinois State Normal linversity, Normal
Northern Illinois state Teathers College. Je. Kalb.
Bouthera llinoss state Normal filsersity. Carbondale.
Western Llinos state Teacbers College. Macomb.
Indiana
Ball Teachurs College. Muncie
Indians State Teachers College, Terre LItate
lowa: Jowa State Teachers College. Cedar Falls,
Kansas:
Kansas State Teachers Collek+. Fimporia
Kansas State Teachers College, Hays.
Kansas State Teachers College, Pittsburk
Kentucky:
Eastern Kentucky state Teachers ('ollege. Richmond.
Murray State Teachers College. Murray
Western Kentucky State Teachers Colloke. Bowling Green.
Louisians: Louisiana State Normal Colhge, Nat chitoches.
Matchigan:
Central State Teachers College, Mount Pleasant.
Detroit Teachers College, Detrolt
Michigan State Normal College. Ypsilnnt,
Northern State Teachers College, Marquette.
Western State Teachers Colloge, Kalauazoo.
Minnesota:
State Teachers College, Duluth.
State Teachers College, St. Cloud
State Teachers College, Bemidji.
State Teachers Collegr, Mankato.
State Toachers Collge, Moorhead
State Teachers College, Winona.
Mississippi:
Delta State Teachers Colllege, Cleveland
State Teachers College, Hattiesburg.
Missourl:
Central Missouri State Teachers College, Warrensburg.
Harris Teachers College, Bt. Louls.

Missouri-Continumd.
Misomuri State Teachers College, Kirksvile. Aorthwest Missoury State Teachers College. Muryville.
souturast Atissouri State Teachers College, Cape Girardran.
Southwest Missouri State Teachers College springfield.
Nebraska
Ne raska State Normal College, Chadron.
Nibraska State Teachers College, Kearney,
Nibraska State Teachers Collcge, Peru.
Nebrasha State Teachers College. Wayne.
New Hampshre:
State Normal school, Keene.
state Normal School, Plymouth.
New Jersey: State Normal School. Trenton
Nuw York:
State College for Teacbers, Albany.
State Teachers College of Buffalo, Buffalo
North Carolina:
F.ast C'arolina Teachers College, Greenvile.

North Dakota:
state Teachers College, Mayville
state Teachers College, Minot.
state Teachers College, Valley City
Ohio:
Miam University, Teachers College, Onford.
Uhio University, College of Education, Athens.
State Normal College, Bowling Green
State Normal College. Keat.*
Western Reserse University, School ol Educa. tion, Cleveland
Oklahoma:
Central State Teachers College, Edmond.
East Central State Teachers College, Ada.
Northenstern State Teachers College, Tahlequah.
Northwestern State Teachers College, Alva.
Sontheastern Stute Teachers College, Durant.
Eouthwestern State Teachers College, Weatherford.
Pennsylvania:
State Teachers College, Bloomsburg.
state Teachers College, California."
State Teachers College, East Stroudsbure.
State Teachers College, Edinboro.'
State-Teachers College, Indlana.
state Teachers College, Kutztown.*
state Teachers College, Lock Haven.'
State Teachers College, Mansfield.
State Teachers College, Millersville.'
state Teachers College, Shlppensburg.
Etate Teachers College, Slippery Roak,
State Teachers College, West Chester.
South Dakota:
Eastern state Normal School, Madison,
Northern Normal and Industrial Behool, Aberdeen.
Southern State Normal Bchool, 8pringteld."
Epearfish Nopmal Schonl, Epearfigh.

- Added to list th $\mathbf{1 9 9 0}$.


Virginia:
State Teachers College, East Radiord State Teachers College, Farmville State Teachers College, Fredericksburg State Teachers College, Harrisonburg
West Virginis:
Concord State Normal School, Athens
Marshall College, Huntington.
State Normal School, Fairmont
Wisconsin:

- Central State Teachers College, Stevens Putal

State Teachers College, Eau Claire
State Teachers College, La Crosse.
State Teachers College, Milwaukee
State Teachers College, Oshkosh.
state Teachers College. Platteville state Teachers College, River Falls. state Teachers Collegr. Whitewater. stout Institute, Menomonie.
state Teachers College, superion

## Junior Colleges-Class A

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Alabams:
    State Normal school. Florence
    Btate Normal School, Jackson ville
    State Normal school, Livingston
    State Normal schuol, Truy.
Georgia: South Georgia Teachers College. C'ollege-
    boro.
M issouri: Teachers College of Kansas C'ity, Kansas
    City.
Alabama:
State Normal school. Florence
Btate Normal School, Jackson vilte
State Normal school, Livingst on
State Normal schuol, Truy.
Georgis: South Georgia Teachers College. C'olleseboro.
Missouri: Teachers College of Kansas C'ity, Kansas City.
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New York
State Normal school, Fredons.
state Normal Schoml. Oencseo.
State Normal School, New Paltz.
State Normal and Training School, Oswego.
North Carolina: Western Carolina Teachers Col lege, Cullowhee
North Dakota: State Normal sichool, Dickinson
West Virginia shepherd College state Normai school. Sbepherdstown

Junior Colleges-Class B
Maine: State Normal School, Gorham
North Dakota: State Normal and Industrial
School, Ellendale.'

## American Association of Junior Colleges

Secretary: Doak S. Campbell, George Peabody Collage Ior Teachers, Nashville, Tena.
The constitution and by-laws of the American Association of Junior Colleges provide that "the active membership of this association shall be made up of standardized junior colleges in the United States." This has not been interpreted to mean that the association shall act as a standardizing body, but that it will admit to membership only those junior colleges which have been standardized by some recognized agency, such as a State university, a State department of education, a State association of colleges and universities, or one of the regioual accrediting bodies.

The association has, therefore, set up no formal requirements for accrediting junior colleges, but at its annual meeting in 1925 it defined the junior college and presented a set of standards for the guidance of

[^12]its members. A revisinn of tie definition and standards was submitted at the annual meeting of the association in 1929 and is given below.

1. Definition.-The junior college, as at present constituted, comprises several different forms of organization; first, a 2-year institution embracing two years of collegiate work in advance of the completion of what is ordinarily termed the twelfth grade of an accredited secondary school; secondly, the institution embracing two years of standard collegiate work integrated with one or more contiguous years of fully accredited high-school work administered as a single unit. The aims of the curriculuth in either case are to meet the needs of the student for paximum growth and development, to further his social maturity, and to enable him to make his greatest contribution as a member of society.
2. Entrance requirements.-For entrance to the 2 -year junior college 15 sts 1 ard units are required. The requirements for admission to the 4 -year junior college shall be the satisfactory completion of seven standard units from an accredited secondary school (junior or senior high school). For entrance to other types of organizations a pepportioned number of units shall be required. The student should maintain a continuty of interest in the selection of his studies throughout his junior-college course.
3. Requirements for graduation.-For graduation from a junior college of any type as defined above, the student must complete in addition to the amount of work required for the completion of the traditional standard 4-year high-school 60 semester hours during the last two years of the cuurse, or 30 sesision hours, with such scholastic qualitative requirements adapted by each institution to its conditions. A session hour is defined as a credit given for a class which meets at least one 60 -minute period (including 10 minutes for change of classes) weekly for lecture, recitation or test for a session of 36 weeks, two hours of laboratory work being counted as the equivalent of one hour of lecture, recitation, or test. A student shalt not carry for chedit more than 16 hours per week, unless his work averages 90 or more, in which case he may carry for credit as many as 18 hours.
4. Length of session-A junior college shall be in session at least 34 full weeka each year exclusive of all holidays.
5. Permanenl records kept.-A system of permanent records showing clearly all credits (including entrance records) of each student shall be carefully kept. The original credentials filed from other institutions shall be retained by the junior college.
6. Number of college depariments,-The number of separate departments maintained shall not be less than five (English, social science, foreign languages, mathematics, science) and the number of teachers not less than five employed specificall ${ }^{\prime}$ for instruction in the upper level of the junior college, and giving the major portion of their time to such instruction.
7. Training of the facully.-The minimum preparation of teachera shall not be less than the equivalent of one year of work satisfactorily completed in a graduate sehool of recognized atanding, it being assumed that teachers already hold the baccalaureate degree.,
8. Number of clasaroom hours for teachers.-The average number of class hours per week for each instructor shall not exceed 18; 15 is recommended as a standard load.
9. Number of students in classes.-The number of students in a class shall not exceed 35 (except for lectures). It is recommended that the number in a class in foreign language and English composition should not exceed 25 . The number of students in a laboratory section shall not exceed the number for which desk upace and equipment have been provided.
10. Registration.-No junior college shall be accredited that has fewer than 60 students in its upper two years of regular work.
11. Support.-The minimum annuatoperating expenditure of the 2 -year junior college should be $\$ 20,000$, or $\$ 30,000$ for a 4 -year junior college, of which ordinarily not less than $\$ 10,000$ should be derived from stable sources other than students, such as public or church support or permanent endowment. Increase in student body, faculty, and scope of instruction should be accompanied by increase of income from such stable sources. The financial status of each junior college shall be judged in relation to its educational program. A community with less than $\$ 10,000,00$ assessed property valuation should be discouraged from establishing a public junior college.
12. Library.-A working library; adequately catalogued, modern and well distributed, of not less than 3,500 volumes, exclusive of public documents, with appropriate current periodicals, shall be maintained, and there shall be a reading room in connection with the library which is open to the students throughout the day. A trained librarian shall be in charge of the library. A definite annual appropriation for the support of the library shall be provided. It is recommended that this shall not be less than $\$ 500$.
13. Laboratories.- The laboratories shall be adequately equipped for individual work on the part of each student, and an annual income shall be provided. It is recommended that the school with limited income be equipped for good work in one or two sciences and not attempt to work in others.
14. General statement concerning material equipment.-The location and construction of the building, the lighting, beating, and ventilation of the rooms, and the nature of the laboratories, corridors, closets, water supply, school furniture, apparatus, and methods of cleaning shall be such as to insure hygienic conditions for teachers and students.
15. General statement foncerming curriculum and spirit of administration.-The character of the curriculum, the efficiency of instruction, the system of keeping students' records, the spirit and atmosphere of the institution, the nature of its publicity, and its standing in the educational world shall be factors in determining its rating.
16. Extracurricular activities.-Athletics, amusements, fraternities, and sororities, and all other extracurricular activities shall be administered under faculty supervision and shall not occupy an undue place in the life of the college.

In judging the standing of a junior college account shall be taken of the existence of and the influence upon the students of such extracurricular activities as student government, student publications, literary societies, debating teams, current events, acientific, musical, artistic, and foreign-language clubs, religious and sociab-service organizations. Such activities properly conducted develop leadership and enrich college experiences.
17. Entrance to terminal courses. - For entrance to terminal courses the criterion shall be the capacity of the individual to profit by the instruction offered.

# II. Universities and Colleges, Junior Colleges, and TeacherTraining Institutions Accredited by State Universities and State Departments of Education 

Alabama<br>University of Alabama

The University of Alabama has no formal standards for accrediting colleges. In general, it accredits the institutions in the State accredited by the Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools of the Southern States. (See pp. 15 and 16.) At present (October, 1929) full recognition is given by the university to the following institutions of Alabama:

## COLLEGES



## NORMAL SCHOOLS

The State normal schools have up to the present year been ranked only as junior colleges, but beginning, with the 1929 session all of them except Daphne Normal Sohool have been authorized to add a third year to their curricula.

State Normal School, Daphne. State Normal School, Flo.ence State Normal Bchool, Jacksonville

| State Notmal School, Livingston. |
| :--- | :--- |
| State Ncrinal School, Troy. |

## Department of Education

"For accreditment this State depends upon two accrediting agencies, the one national, the other regional. For the accreditment of its teacher-training institutions it looks to the American Association of Teachers Colleges (see p. 31), and accepts their standards and accreditment. For the classification and accreditment of the liberal arts colleges it looks to the Ássociation of Colleges and Secondary Schools of the Southern States (see p. 15) and accepts the rating of the abovenamed agencies." (Letter of B. L. Parkinson, Director of Teacher Training. Certification, and Elementary Education, November 1, 1929.)

[^13]$$
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$$

The following colleges in Alabama are accredited by the Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools of the Southern States and by the Department of Education of Alabama:

COLLEGES ACCREDITED, 1929-30

Alabama College, Montevallo.
Alabams Polytechnic Institute. Authurn. ' Birmingham-Southern Colleke. Birmingham Howard College. Birmingham

Judson College, Marion. Spring Hill College. Spring IIIII. University of A labama. University Woman's College of Alabama. Montgomery

## JUNIOR COLLEGES

Marion Institute. Marion

## TEACHER-TRAINING INSTITUTIUNS

All of the teacher-training institutions of the Stute meet the requirements of the State department of education. A list of these institutions follows:


There are in Arizona but two 4-year institutions other than the University of Arizona-the State Teachers College at Flagstaff, and the State Teachers College at Tempe. The bachelor's degree from these institutions is accepted by the university to cover admission with regular graduate standing. Their courses are accepted with full value when covered by equivalent courses at the university.

There are also two junior colleges in Arizona-the Phoenix Junior College, Phoentm, and Gila Junior College, Thatcher. Full credit is given to those courses of the colleges for which equivalent courses are offered at the university.

## State Department of Education

The State Board of Education of Arizona has adopted no standards for accrediting eolleges, but makes use of the standards of the North Central Association of Meges and Secondary Schools. (See pp. 21 and 22.) "Secondary ęertificates are granted on evidence of graduation from the University of Arizona and to holders of the degree of bachelor of education from the Arizona State teachers colleges, or from similar institutions of equal rank. *e* *"


For the purpose of evaluating transfer credit from colleges in Arkansas the University of Arkansas has adopted the following classifications:
I. Full credit allowed, but not to exceed an amount equal to that which a student under similar conditions would have been permitted to earn here, defined thus: 16 hours per semester, 17 hours with a grade average of 2,18 hours with
a grade average of $3.50,19$ hours with a grade average of 4.50 , in which scheme $A=6, B=4, C=2, D=0, E=-1, F=-2$. Graduates of 4 -yèar colleges in this class are admitted to full graduate standing.
II. Full credit as defined above for students whose transcripts show what corresponds in this university to a grade average of 3 or above and who make on their first semester's work here, a grade average of 3 or above. Those whose grades do not some up to this average will be given a masimunt of 14 hours per semester. Graduates of 4 -year colleges who rank in the upper 10 per cent of their graduating class are admitted to full graduate standing. Graduates who rank in the upper 25 per cent (but net the upper 10 per cent) of their graduating class may be admitted to graduate standing, but will be required to complete two-fifthe additional work for the master's degree. Other graduates are given a maximum of senior standing.
III. Credit not to exceed 14 hours for any one semester, subject to further reduction if the transeript shows record of unsatiafactury work or if the student fails to maintain a satisfactory record here. Graduates of 4 -year colleges are given senior standing as a maximum.
IV Credit not to exceed 14 hours for any one sempster, on a definite validation basis requiring the completion of more advanced work in at least two of the subjects presented for credit.
V. Credit only on individual evaluation not in any case to exceed 75 to 90 per rent of the credit shown, and subject to further reduction for low grades, excess amount of credit in one semester, or unsatisfactory high-school record. (Applies to all schools previous to 1920.)
VI. Credit given only by examimation or on completion of more advanced courses in the same subjects with satisfactory grades.

Noves.-Only that part of transferred credit, from whatever source, may be accepted which averages 2 or above. If any student's allowance of credit is reduced by reason of this regulation, he may have his transcript reevaluated in the light of a successful record here.
The university reserves the right to cancel, for reason of unsatisfactury work here, credit transferred from any source whatever.

CLASSIFICATION OF COLLEGES DECEMBER 15, 1929 .
Arkansas College, Batesville: Class
-1920.......................................................................... $V$


1929- (junior college work) ................................................. I
1929 ( (all other work) ........................................................ II
Arhansas State Teachers College, Renway:
-1920......................................................................... V

1926- .................................................................................. Il
Cullege of the Ozarks, Clarksville:
-1920 (junior college work) ........................................................... V
1920-1926 (juniur college work) ................................................. III
1926-1929 (all work) II
1929- (junior college work) .-................................................. I
(senior college work) ................................................. II
${ }^{1}$ Dates refer to work completed during the academic years indicated
Galloway College, Searcy : Clase
-1920 ..... V
1920-1926 ..... III
1926-1929 ..... II
1929- $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { (junior college work) }\end{array}\right.$ ..... I
(senior college work) ..... II
Harding College, Morrilton:-1924VI
1924-1926 ..... V
1926-1927 ..... III
1927-1929 (junior coflege work) ..... II
(senior college work) ..... III
1929- \{junior college work) ..... I
(senior college work) ..... II
Henderson-Brown College, Arkadelphia
$-1920$ ..... V
1920-1926 ..... III
1926-1929 ..... II
Henderson State Teachers College, Arkadelphia: ..... -
1929- $\quad$ (junior college work) ..... 1
(senior college work) ..... II
Hendrix College, Conway-1920$\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{i}$
1920-1923 ..... III
1923-1929 ..... I
Hendrix-Henderson College, Conway: 1929- ..... 1
Little Rock College, Little Ruck: -1920 ..... V
1920-1926 ..... III
1926-1928 ..... II
1928-1929 ..... V1
1929 (junior college only) ..... II
Ouachita College, Arkadelphia:-1920V
1920-1926 ..... III
1926- ..... I.
JUNIOR COLLEGES
Arkansas Polytechnic College, Russellville:
-1925. ..... VI
1925-1928 ..... III
1928- ..... II
Central College, Conway: -1920. ..... $v$
1920-1924 ..... III
1924- ..... I
EJ Dorado Junior College, El Dorado:VI
1928 ..... IV
Fort Smith Junior College, Fort Smith: 1928- ..... IV
ACCREDITED HIGHER INSTITUTION $\beta$ ..... 47
John Brown College, Siloam Springs (including Sulphur Springs School until 1928): ..... Class
-1926 ..... IV.
1926- ..... III
Jonesboro College, Jonesboro:
1924-1926 ..... IV
1926-1928 ..... III
1928- ..... IILittle Rock Junior College, Little Rock:
1927-1928 ..... IV
1928- ..... I
State Agricultural and Mechanical College, Jonesboro: -1920 ..... V1
1920-1926 (for agricultural curriculum only) ..... I
1926- ..... I
State Agricultural and Mechanical College, Magnolia: ..... -1920 ..... VI
1920-1926 (for agricultural curriculum only) ..... I
1926-。 ..... I
State Agricultural and Mechanical College, Monticello:
-1920 ..... VI
1920-1926 (for agricultural curriculum only) ..... I
1926- ..... I
State Department of Education
The Department of Education of Arkansas has adopted no formal standard for accrediting the higher educational institutions of the State. For the certification of teachers it approves (for 1929-30) the work of the following institutions as indicated:

## COLLEGES

Ne. Conway
Collegre. arka

Four years of college wort-Contiñued. Hendrix-Henderson College, Conway. LAtle Rock College, Little Rock Ounchits Collere, Arkadelphta University of Arkansas, Fayatteville.

## JUNIOR COLLEGES

Two years of college work:
Arkansas Politechnic College, Russellville. Central College. Conway Jonesboro College, Jonesioro. Junior Agricultural School. Beebe. Little Rock Junlor College, Little Rock State Agricultural and Mechanical College. Jonesboro

Two years of college work-Continued: State Agricultural and Mechanalcal College. Magnolia. State Agricultural and Mechanical College, Monticallo.

Agricultural, Mechanical and Normal School, Pine Bluff.

Philander Smith College, Littlo Reck.

## California

University of California

The University of California maintains a record which shows annually the rating of the collegiate institutions of the State as determined by the standing in the university of the students transferred. "If the rating or index figure of a particular college shows a tendency to sag, credentials for that institution are likely to be discounted or in individual cases rejected. The status of the institutions changes so rapidly by this mode of operation that the University of California does not publish a list of accredited colleges of the State."
Therefore "the following listing of colleges and universities in California is not to be regarded as indicating that each institution is fully accredited to the University of California in the matter of the admission of its students with advanced standing." (Letter of Thomas B. Steel, recorder of the faculties, University of California, Norember 21, 1929.)

California Christian College, Los Angeles. Californis Institute of Technology, Pasadens Chico State Teachers College. Chtco. College of the Holy Names, Oakland College of Medical Evangelists, Loma, Linda College of the Paclfac, Stockton College of the Sacred Heart. Menlo Park. Dominican College, San Pisael.
Humboldt State Teachers College, Arcsta. Immaculate Heart College, Mollywood.
La Verne College, La Verne.
Eeland Stanlord Junior University, stanford University
Loyous College. Los Angeles
Mills College, Mills College.

Occidental College. Los A nreles
Pacifc Union College, Angwin Pomona Colleve, Claremont St Ignatius Colleze, San Frincis(o) St. Mary's College. St. Mary's Cillese State Tenchers College. Fresno State Teachers College, Snn Frincimo State Teachers College, san Diegn state Teachers Collece, San Jose. State Teachers College, Santa Burbara University of Redlands, Redlands. University of Banta Clara, sinta Clars, University of Southern C'alifornta, Los Angeles Whittier College. Whittier.

## JUNIOR COLLEGES

Antelope Valley Junior College, Lancaster
Brawley Junlor College, Brawley.
California Polytechnic Institute, San Luis Oblspo.
Central Junior College, El Centro
Chaffey Jennior College, Ontario.
Citrus Union Junior College. Azusa
Compton Junior College, Cegripton.
Cumnock School, Los Angeres.
Fullerton District Juninr College. Fulierton.
Galt Junior College, Gait
Glendale Junior College, Qjendale "
Holmby College, Los Angeles.
( Kern County Union Junior Colleze, Bakers. fleld.
Lassen Union Junior College, Susanville.
Long Beach Junior College, Long Beach.
Marin Junior College, Kent field.
Menlo Juntor College, Menio.
Modesto Junlar College, Modesto.
Notre Dame College, Belmont.
Pacific Jtanior College, Los Angeles.

Pasadena Junior Cohege, Pas idens.
Pomona Junior College, Pomond.
Porterville Junirr College, Porterville.
Reedley Junior College, Reedley,
Riverside Junior College, Riverside.
Bacramento Juvlor College. Sacramento
Salinas Junior College, Salinas.
San Benito County Junior College, Hollister.
San Bernaidino Valley Junior College, Nan Bernardino.
San Mateo Junlor Colleqe, San Mateo
Santa Ana Junior College, Santa Ana.
Santa Maria Union Junior College. Santa Maria.
Santa Monica Junior College, Santa Monica
Santa Rosa Junior Culexe, Santa Rosa.
Southern Callfornia Junio: College, Arlington.
Taft Junlor College. Taft.
Ventura Junior College, Ventura
Visslia Junior College, Visalla.
Williams Junior Cullege, Berkeioy.
Yuba County Junior College, Marysvilla

State Department of Education

The State board of education in bonoring recommendations for any credential will be guided by two lists of accredited institutions. The first consists of the institutions accredited for undergraduate work and the second of institutions accredited for graduate work.

The State department of education accepts as accredited for undergraduate work all institutions on the accredited list of the Association of American Universities (see p. 9) and of the American Association of Teachers Colleges (see p. 31).

## COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES FROM WHICH CREDENTIALS REQUIRING POSTGRADUATE WORK ARE RECEIVED

The list is compiled by the State department of education. Other institutions will be added on the receipt of evidence that adequate graduate work is maintained. Sume of the prerequisites for accreditation are the following:
(a) On the accredited list of the Association of American Universities.
(b) A definite organization for graduate study.
(c) A minimum of 50 full-time graduate students.
(d) Granting annually not fewer than 20 postgraduate (master's and doctor's) degrees.
(e) The offering of from 8 to 12 semester units of work primarily for graduate ${ }^{\prime}$ students each semester in each of eight or more departments or schools offering work for the training of secondary-rihool teachers.
(f) A well-organized department or school of education which provides academic and professional training for the different types of credentials isaued by the State department of education, and which requires the full-time service of four or more instructors.

Recommendations for credentials requiring postgraduate work will beq received from the following institutions (1929-30):

University of Arizons, Tucson, Ariz. University of Colorado, Boulder, Colo. Yale Ualversity, New Haven, Conn. Catholic University of America, Washington, D. C. Northwestern University, Evanston, Ill. 'University of Chicago, Chicago, 11. University of Illinots, Urbana, Ill. Indiana University, Bloomiagton, Iad. State University of Iowa, Iowa City, Dra. University of Kansas, Lawredce, Kans Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, Md. Boston University, Boston, Mass. Clark University, Worcester, Mass. Harvard University, Cambridge, Mass. Radcliffe College, Cambridge, Mass. University of Michigan, Ana Arbor, Mich.

[^14]
## TEACHER-TRAINING INSTITUTIONS

The following institutions are authorized by the State board of education to provide training leading to the kinds of credentials designated:

Armstrong College of Business Administration. Berkeley: Commercisl education.
Broadoaks Kindergarten School, Pasadens: Kindergartegn-primary.
California School of Arts and Crafts. Oakland Art.
Cbico State Teachers College, Chico: Elementary, kindergarten-primary, home-maklng, Industrial arts education, physteal education.
College of the Pacifc, Stockton: Secondary, junior bigh school, art, music
Dominican College, San Rafael: Secondary, Juniox high school, elementary, art. music.
Fresno State Teachers College, Fresno:
Junior high school, elementary, kindargartin. primary, art, commercial education. bomemaking, music, physical education.
Grace Fulmer's School, Los Angeles: Kindergarten-primary.
Bumboldt State Teachers College, Areata Elementary.
Leland Stanford Junior Unlversity, Stanford University:
Administration, supervision, research, secondary. Junior high school, art, physical educa. tlon, speecfifarts

## Mills College, Mills Colloge:

Secondary, Junior bigh school, elementary, art, homo-maklig. music, physical education.
Occidental OPlinge, Los Angeles:
Secondaryy anior high school, elementary, physical education.
Pomona College, Claremont:
Secondary, funlor bigh school, elementary, urt. music, physical education.
Riverside Library School. Riverside Llbrarianship.

San Diego State Teachers College, San Diego. Junior high school, elementary, art, phygical education.
San Franclsco State Teachers College. San Fran cisco. Junfr high school, elementary, kindergartea primary.
San Jose State Teachers College, San Jose:
Elementary, kindergarten, junior high school. art, commercial eilucation. home-making. industrial arts education. music. physical education, speech arts
Santa Barbara State Teachers College. Santa Barbara:

Elementary, art. bome-making, industrial arts education.
University of Callfornis. Berkeley:
Administration, supervision, research, secondary, Junior high school, art, health education, librarianship, physical education, rocational education.
Universily of Californis at Los A ngcles, Los A ngeles
Junior high scbool, elementary, kinderkarten primary, art, commercial education, indus trial arts education. music, bome-raaking: physical education, vocational education.
Universty of Rellands. Redlands:
Secondary. junior high school, art. music. phy. sical education.
University of Southern California, Los Angeles.
Administration, supervision, research, secondary, junior hikh school, elementary, comrner cial education, music, fhysical education
(La Verbe College, La Verne. Calit, through a plan of affliation with the school of education of the Univervity of Southern California, accredited to recommend for the junior high school and elementary.,
Whittier college, Whittier:
Elementary, music, physical education.

## Colorado

## University of Colorado

The University of Colorado has no formal standards for rating higher educational institutions. For the purpose of evaluating transferred credits it accepts the ratings of the standard accrediting agencies, modified to some extent by its immediate knowledge of the institutions concerned.

The following institutions in the State are given recognition (192930) to the extent indicated in the statements preceding the several groups of institutions:

Transcript of record given approximately full value to the extent that the work corresponds with the curriculum to be pursued at the university. Degree accepted for graduate standing.
Colorado Agricultural College, Fort Collins.
Colorado State Teachers College, Greeley.
Colorado School of Mines, Golden.
Western State College, Gunnison.
Transcript of record given approximately full value. Degree accepted for graduate standing.

Colorado College, Colorado Springs. | University of Denver, Denver.
Transcript of record accepted for admission on a provisional basis, final valuation being determined after the completion of a satisfactory record in residence. Degree accepted for admission to the graduate school subject to a status varying in proportion to the character of the student's record.
Adams State Normal School, Alamosa.
Regis College, Denver
Loretto Heiphts College, Loretto.
Transcript of record accepted for admission on a provisional basis. Valuation determined only after completion of satisfactory record in residence.

Colorado Worran's College (Junior college), Denver.
Transcripts of records from Trinidad Junior College, Trinidad, and Grand Junction Junior College, Grand Junction, are considered on their merits.

## Department of Public Instruction

The Department of Public Instruction of Colorado has set up no standards for accrediting the colleges of the State. In order to secure a certificate to teach in the high schools it is necessary to hold un $A$. B. or equivalent degree. The following institutions are approved (1929-30) for the training of high-school teachers:

Adams State Normal Scbool, Alamosa.
('olorado Agricultural College, Fort Collins.
'olorado College, Colorado Spriggs.
l.oretto Heights College, Loretto

State Teachers College, Greeley.
University of Colorado, Boulder.
University of Denver, Denver.
Western State College, Gunnison.

## Connecticut

## State Board of Education

The State Board of Education of Connecticut has not adopted any standarda for the accrediting of the colleges of the State nor has it a list of institutions whose graduates are accepted for certification, When the problem of the acceptance of credentials arises each college is treated separately. We are governed, however, by the fact of whether or not the institution is accredited by the regional association of its area. Where there is any question we have written to the State commissioner of elucation or the highest educational authority in the State for information. (Letter of Commissioner A. B. Meredith, October S1, 1929).

## Delaware <br> University of Delaware

The University of Delaware is the only collegiate institution in the State. In adjusting credits of students transferring from institutions outside of Delaware the university makes use of the lists of the
standard accrediting associations. (See Section I of bulletin). In the case of students coming from institutions not on the lists of these organizations, it is guided by the practice of the State universities in which the institutions are located.

## Department of Public Instruction

The University of Delaware, Newark, provides the courses for the training of white teachers of the State, and the State College for Colored Students, Dover (a junior college), provides the courses for the training of colored teachers. These courses being adopted as a result of conference with the State department of public instruction represent the standard recognized in the State. -

## Florida

University of Florida
The University of Florida inspects the colleges of the State for the purpose of accrediting only upon request of the colleges concerned. It uses as its standards, "in spirit," the standards of the Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools of the Southern States. Rollins College, Winter Park, is the only institution in Florida except the State university and the Florida State College for Women, at Tallahassee, accredited by the association. Students from John B. Stetson University, Deland; Southern College, Lakeland; and Palmer College, DeFuniak Springs, are admitted provisionally to the university. Advanced standing is allowed for work completed with high average if the student's work is satisfactory, in so far as the courses taken at the institutions apply toward the curricula of the University of Florida and the State college.

Other colleges in the State which have been inspected by the University of Florida and whose work has been recognized as standard for a limited time, subject to further inspection year by year, are St. Petersburg Junior College, St. Petersburg (1928-29), and Bob Jones College, Lynn Haven (1928-29). Miami University, Coral Gables, has been accredited indefinitely, but is required to subnit reports annually as a check on its work.

## Department of Public Instruction

The State Department of Public Instruction of Florida does not attempt to standardize collegiate institutions. Institutions approved for purposes of teacher certification are those accredited by the recognized national and regional accrediting agencies: (See Section I of bulletin.)

Institutions in the State of Florida are recognized for certification purposes if they have been granted affiliation with the University of Florids and the Florida State College for Women. The certificate privilege is granted by the department only for the year in which affiliation with the two State higher institutions is granted.

## Georgia

University of Georgia
The University of Georgia has established no standards for accrediting colleges and universities, but it has grouped the higher educational institutions of the State into classes, granting credit to students transferring to the university from institutions in the several classes as follows:

## CLASS A COLLEGES NOVEMBER 1, 1929

Credits transferred at face value to a maximum of 54 -year hours.

Agnes Scott College, Decatur.
Emory University, Emory University.
Georgia School of Technology, Atlanta. Georgla State College for Women, Milledgeville.

Georgin State Teachers College. Athens. Mercer University, Macon. Shorter College, Rome.

## CLASS B COLLEGES

Courses accepted to maximum of 36 -year hours. Graduates from these colleges are sometimes admitted to the graduate school by special action.
Hessie Tift College, Forsyth.
Brenau College, Gainesville.
Geargia state Woman's College, Valdosta.
La Geange College, La Grange

North Georgia Agricuitural College, Dahlonega Oglethorpe Cidversity, Oglethurpe U'alversity. Pledmont College, Demorest.

## CLASS C COLLEGES

Thirty-six-year hours limited to upper one-half of class.
Geurgia Normal School, Stateshori. $\quad\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { South Georgla Agricultural and Mechanical College, } \\ \text { Tilton. }\end{array}\right.$

## JUNIOR COLLEGES

GROUPA
Junior colleges members of the Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools of the Southern States, credit on freshman and sophomore courses paralleling university courges to a maximum extent of 36 -year hours.
Junior College of Augusta, Augusta.
I Andrew College. Cuthbert.

## GROUP B

* Junior colleges not yet classified for membership in the Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools of the Southern States, but whose work has been inspected and approved by the university. Credit on transcript for students in upper onehalf of class group. Science laboratory notebook required.
Berry Junlor College, Mount Berry $\quad \mid$ Young Harris Colloge, Young Haris.
Lucy Cobb Institute, Athens.


## GROUP C

Junior colleges whose work has been inspected and partially approved, credit on transcript for first year college courses paralleling university courses where the student's general record places him in the upper one-third of his class and the record in each course transferred is above the minimum passing grade. From these institutions certain second-year courses are in some cases transferred after being validated by advanced work. No science courses are accepted unless a satisfactory, individual, laboratory notebook is subinitted.

Bowdon State Normal and Industrial College, Bowdon.
Brewton- Parker Institute, Mount Vernon. Norman Institute, Norman Park.

Reinhardt Junior College, Waleska. South Georgia Junior College, Douglas. State Agricultural and Normal College, Americus.

GROUP D
Junior colleges not yet inspected by the university but whinh desire to he inspected and classified. Under the action of the Georgia Association Colleges these institutions will have to gradunte a class of six before any courses can be transferred on transcript. Until properly inspected and classified, credit for advanced courses can only be transferred after a final examination set by the university has Been passed.

Burke County Junior College, Waynesboro. Gordon Junior College, Barnesville. Locust Grove Junior College, Locust Grove.

Middle Georkia Agricultural and Mechanical Col lege, Cochran.

> Department of Education

The Department of Education of Georgia has established no standards for accrediting the higher educational institutions of the State and has prepared no list of approved institutions.

> Idaho
> University of Idaho

The University of Idaho has adopted no standards for accrediting higher educational institutions and has prepared no list of approved institutions.

## Department of Education

The State Department of Education of Idaho does not approve higher educational institutions according to a definite set of standards, but it accredits the work of the following institutions (October, 1929):

COLLEGES

College of Idaho, Caldwell.
Gooding College, Qpoding.
Northwest Nazarene College, Nampa.

Hicks College. Rexburg. University of Idaho. Moscow.

## JUNIOR COLLEGES

Bouthern Branch of the University of Idato, Pocatello.
TEACHER-TRAINING INSTITUTIONS

[^15]Ricks College, Rerburg.

Ala College, Rexburg.

## Illinois

University of Illinois

Criteria of a standard college adopted by the University of Illinois:

1. An enrollment of not fewer than 100 students of college grade, with an werage for a series of years of at least 25 per cent registered in the junior and senior classes.
2. A graduation requirement of four years ( 120 semester-hours) of collegiate wurk. The program of studies should have a proper relation to the resources uf the institution; there should be advanced work in several fields and a reasonable margin for free electives.
3. A normal entrance requirement of 15 units and a minimum requiregent of 14 units (by the minimum requirement is meant the smallet number of units with which a student may be permitted to begin college work, i. e., the nominal requirement minus the number of units of conditions allowed), with the provision that all entrance conditions must be removed before a student may be permitted to begin a second year of work in the same institution.
Note.-It is suggested that in doubtful cases the usual plan of admission by certificate be supplemented by an inquiry addressed to the high-school principal as to whether he can personally recommerd the student in question as one capable of profiting by college work, or by requiring entrance examinations in English, and possibly in one or two other subjects to be elected by the student, or by both methods. Cases in which such additional evidence might be sought would include those students from unaccredited bigh schools, students with low grades in their high-school records, and students with more than three units in vocational subjects.
4. Not less than eight distinct departments in liberal arts and sciences, with at least one professor giving full time to college work in each department; preparatory courses, if any, being separate in faculty, students, and discipline.
5. A minimum educational attainment of all college teachers of academic subjects equivalent to graduation from a college of high grade. For faculty members of professorial rank, graduate work equal to that required for the master's degree at the University of Illinois. Further graduate study and training in research equivalent to that required for the Ph . D. degree are recommended, especially for heads of departments.
6. The average salary paid to members of the faculty is a serious factor in determining the standing of any institution. Heads of departments should receive salaries of $\$ 2,500$ or more.
7. A maximum teaching load for any college teacher of 16 semester hours per week with an enrollment in recitation or laboratory sections not exceeding 30 students. It is suggested that a 2 -hour laboratory period with more than 12 students enrolled be counted as one and one-half hours in figuring the teaching load of science teachers.
Note. - The maxima indicated in this criterion should be rèduced in case of programs involving a wide range of subjects of several sections approximating the maximum number of students.
8. Buildings and equipment of the value of at least $\$ 250,000$ for an institution having an enrollment of not more than 200 full-time college students in liberal arts and sciences, with an appropriate additional investment in buildings and equipment in the case of an institution having an enrollment above 200 full-time college students.

Note. - The location and construction of the buildings, the lighting, heating, and ventilation of the rooms, the nature of the laboratories, corridors, closets,
water supply, school furniture, apparatus, and methods of cleaning shall be such as to insure hygienic conditions for both students and teachers.
9. A net annual guaranteed income for educational purposes, ordinarily from endowment, and apart from tuition, fees, board, room rent, etc., of at least $\$ 25,000$ for an institution having an enrollment of not more than 200 full-time college students; with an appropriate additional income in the case of an institution with an eurollment of more than 200 full-time college students.
10. A library of not less than 10,000 bound volumes, in addition to public documents, with a trained librarian in charge. The institution should have a library fund, to be spent exclusively for books, periodicals, and binding, amoufing to not less than $\$ 5$ per annum for each full-time college student in liberal arts and sciences.
11. Laboratory equipment of a value of not less than $\$ 6,000$ in physics ( $\$ 8,000$ if work is ${ }^{\circ}$ offered in advance of a one-year course), $\$ 5,000$ in chemistry and $\$ 5,000$ in biology. The institution should provide a fund to be expended annually for laboratory equipment, exclusive of supplies, amounting to not less than $\$ 5$ for each full-time college student in laboratory subjects. This fund should be in addition to income received from student laboratory fees.
12. In addition to the foregoing specific requirements the general standards of the administration and faculty shall be considered.

## CLASS A COLLEGES, 1929-30

Augustana College, Rock Island.
Bradley Polytechnic Institute, Peoria.
Carthage College, Carthage.
DePaul University, Chicago (for residence work in arts and sciences).
Eureka College, Eureka.
Illinois College, Jacksonville.
Illinois Wesleyan University, Bloomington

* Illinois Womsn's Collere, Jacksonville.

James Millikin Unlversity, Dechtur.
Knor College, Gileshurg.

Lake Forest College, Jake Forest. Lombard College, Galesburg. Loyola University, Chicago. Monmouth College, Monmouth. North Céntral College, Náperville. Northwestern University, Evanston Rockford College, Rockiord. Rosary College, River Forest St. Procopius College, Lisle. University of Chicago, Chicago. Wheaton College, Wheaton (to June, 1931)

## CLASS B COLLEGES

Institutions which approximate the standard set for Class A but fall short of it in certain particulars.

Armour Institute of Technology, Chicago (Class A for the work of the first two years).
Elmhurst College, Elmhurst. .
Greenville College, Greenville (only graduates recommended by the dean as having maintalned superior scholarship; Class C for other graduates).

Lewta Institute, Chicago (Class A for the first two years; graduates admitted to gradunte shool on besls of scholarship).
McKendree College, Lebanon
Mount Morris College, Mount Morris.
St. Francis Xavieı College for Women, Chicego. Shurtlef College, Alton

JUNIOR COLLEGES
Institutions accredited for two years of work above that of a 4 -year secondary school.

GTANDARDS

1. Entrance requirements.-No student should be admitted to junior-college work unless he complies, at the time of his admission, with the admission requirements of the University of Illinois.
2. Graduation requirements.-An acceptable junior college should require for graduation not less than 60 semester hours of college work.
Studepte should not ordinarily be permitted to carry for credit work amounting to more than 16 semester hours, exclusive of physical training and military acience.
For the general liberal-arts curriculum approximately one-half of the work shoyld be prescribed. The prescriptions should include not less than six hours eagh in college rhetoric, history, and foreign language, and a total of not less than 18 hours from the three groups of mathematics, physical science, and biological science, provided that not fewer than four hours should be offered from each of these three groups.
3. fenrollment.-To be considered for accrediting, a junior college should have an eurollment of not fewer than 50 students of college.grade.
4. Number of departments. - There should benot fewer than six distinct departments in which work of junior-college grade is given.
5. Preparation of facully. -The teachers in charge of th. junior-college work in deaartments other than manual arts should have a bachelor's degree and should have had in addition at least a year of graduate study in the subject of their department in a university of recognized standing.

No new teachers of academic subjects shall be employed who do not hold the master's or doctor's degree from an institution of the standing of those recognized by the North Central Association. (See p. 21.)
6. Teaching schedules.-The teaching schedule of any instructor doing juniorcolteye work should be limited to a maximum of 20 recitation periods (single perióds) per week.
7. Size of classes.-Enrollment in recitation and laboratory sections should be yimited to 30 .
8. Library.-A junior-college library should contain not fewer than 5,000 bound volumes, exclusive of periodicals and public doeuments. At least $\$ 600$ a year should be expended for books (not including expenditures for magazmes and binding).
9. Laboratory equipment.-For acceptable work in the sciences there must be laboratory equipment of a value of not less than $\$ 3,000$ on physics, $\$ 2,500$ in chemistry, and $\$ 2,500$ in biology.
10. Physjal plant.-The segregation of the junior-college students is desirable. Separate quarters should be set aside on a distinct floor or in a distinct wing or in a separate building, in which should be housed the study rooms for junior-college students, a separate junior-college library, and separate juniorcollege laboratories.
11. Financial support.-There should be an income of not less than $\$ 10,000$ per annum available exclusively for the current support of the junior-college work, as distinct from secondary-school work.
12. Administrative organization.-There should be a separate administrative organization of the junior-college work, with a dean in charge.

## Aurore ${ }^{2}$ College, Aurors.

Blackburn College, Carlinville.
Central Y. M. C. A. Junior College, Cbicago
Crane Junior College, Cblcago.
Ferry Hall, Lake Forest.
Frances Shimer School, Mount Carroll. Joliet Junior College, Jollet.
d. Sterllng Morton Junlor College, Cicera.

La Salle-Peru-Oglesby Junigf College, La Salle. LIncoln College, Líncoln. ${ }^{3}$ Monticello Seminary, Gedirey.
National Kindergartẹn and Elementary Colloge, Evanston.
North Park Junfor College, Chicago.
St. Viator College, Bourbonnais.
Thornton Junior College, Harvey.

## TEACHER-TRAINING INSTRUCTIONS

Graduates of the following ingitutions who present 20 semester hours of content courses in one major academit, subject in addition to education and not less than one year of college work in Greek, Latin, French, or German, are admitted to full graduate standing:

Eastern IU inois State Teachers College, Charleston Illinois State Normal University, Normal
Northern Illinois State Teachers College, De Kalb (credit up to 60 semester hours allowed for the work of the first two years)

Southern Llinois Stato Normal University, Car bondale.
Western Illinois State Teachers College, Macomb.

## Department. of Public Instruction

The law provides that the superintendent of public instruction and the State examining board for teachers' certificates shall inspect institutions of higher learning and shall determine whether they are worthy of recognition for the purpose of training teachers. (Letter of A. L. Whittenberg, secretary Illinnin State Ecamining Board for Teachers' Certificates, November 4, 1999.)

Inspection has been made of the following institutions and recognition granted as indicated:

## RECOGNIZED COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES, 1929-30

Armour Institute of Terchnology, Chicago.
Augustana Coollege, Rock Island.
Hradley Polytechnic Institutu, V'eoria *
Carthage College, Curthare.
DePaul University, ('hicago
Eureka College. Eureka
Illinois College, Jacksonville.
Illinuis Wesleyan U'niversity, Bloomington
Illinois Woman's Collage, Jacksonville.
James Millikin University, Decatur
Knox College, Galesburg.
Lake Forest Collegr. Lake Forest

Lombard College. Galeshurg. Loyola Uni Monmouth College, Monmonth. North Central College, Napurville. Northwestern University, Evanston Roxk ford College, Rockford. Rosary Collego, River Forest.
St. Fruncis Xavier College for Women, Chicako. St, Viator College, Bourbonnais. University of Chicago, Chirago. University of Illinols, Urbana.
Wheaton College, Wheaton

## - COLLEGES RECOGNIZED FOR ONE YEAR

Ureenville College, Greenville. McKendree College, Lebanon Shurtleff College, Alton

Lewis Institute, Chicago.
Mount Morris College, Mount Morrls

## PARTIALLY RECOGNIZED COLLEGES

Aurora College, Aurors.
Blackburn College, Carlinville.

Asstst Junlor College, Joliet. $\quad$ Joliet Juntor College, Jollet.
Concordis Teachers College, River Forest. Elmhurst College, Elmburst.
Frances Shimer School, Mount Carroll.
J. Sterling Morton Junlor College, Cicero.

Lincoln College, Lipcoln

## RECOGNIZED TEACHERS COLLEGES

Chicago Normal School, Chlcago.
Eastern Illinois State Teachers College, Charleston. Illinois State Normal University, Normal. Northern Illinois State Teachers College, De Kalb.

Bouthern [llinols State Nermal University, Carbondale.
Western Lllinols State Teachert College, M8comb.

## Indiana <br> Indiana University

Indiana University accepts the classification of standard colleges in Indiana as made by the State board of education. The State board classifies the following higher institutions as standard (for 1929-30):
Butler University, Indianapolis.
Dil'auw University, Oreencastle.
Farlhain College, Earlham.
Evansville College, Evansville.
Franklin College, Franklin.
Notre Dame University, Notre Dame. Oakland City College, Oakland City. Purdue Unlversity, La Fayctte.
St. Mary's College, Notre Jame.
St. Mary-of-the-Woods College, St. Mary-of-the Woods.
Taylor University, Úpland.
Valparaiso University, Valparaiso.
Wabash College, Crawfordsville.

Indiana Central College, Indianapolis. Indiarn University, Mlontnington. Manchester Gollege, North Manchester.

The following colleges are not "accredited," but regular academic work offered is accepted "provisionally" subject to the record which the student may make after entering Indiana University:

Goshen College, Goshen.
Huntington College, Huntington.
Marion College, Marion.

Vincennes Cniversity, Vincennes.
Central Normal College, Danville.

The work of the State teachers colleges is accepted by the State university in so far as courses completed corrêspond to work offered by the university.
Indiana State Teachers College, Terre Iliute. | Ball State Teachers College, Muncle.

## Department of P $\mu$ blic Instruction

## STANDARDS FOR COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES

Astandard college is a college with a.4-year curriculum showing a tendency to differentiate its work in such a way that the first two years are a continuation of and a supplement to the work of secondary instruction as given in the high school, while the last two years are shaped more or less distinctly in the direction of special professional or university instruction. It must have been officially dechared a standard college by the chief accrediting body of the State in which it is located.

To be ranked as a standard college of liberal arts in Indiana, an institution must have at least cight, head professors giving their full time to instruction therein; it must require for admission not less than four years of academic or highschool preparation or the equivalent; and it must maintain a curriculum of four full years of nt least 30 weeks each of approved grade in liberal arts and sciences.

The following constitutes the standards for accrediting colleges and universities in Indiana.

1. There shall be eight or inore full-time head professors devoting their time exclusively to college courses; all college teachers shall be graduates of standard higher institutions, and head professors shall have pursued graduate work for at least one year, a majority of them having training equivalent to that required for the degree of doctor of philosophy; and their teaching shall be of good quality.
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## ACCREDITED HIGHER INSTITUTIONS

2. No college teacher may be required to teach more than 20 hours per week, and not more than 16 hours are preferable
3. The college shall possess a productive endowment beyoud all indebtedness of not less than $\$ 500,000$, or in lien thereof a fixed annual ineome, exclusive of all students' fees, of not less than $\$ 25,000$; contributed services (calculated at current salary' rates) of members of religious organizations being accopted it lien of endowment.

- 4. The college shall require for admission graduation from a commissioned high school or other secondary school of equal rank.

5. The college shall require for graduation four yars of wort beyond admission requirements and in all cases one year of residenee work done therein.
6. The college shall be provided with library and laboratory equipment sufficient to do the work adequately of each of the courses offered; the library shall contain at least 8,000 volumes exelusive of public dumaments, including recent as well.as carlier standard works in earh of the departments of instruction; the library and daboratory shall be added to earh year; the library shall be in charge of a trained librarian.
7. The college shall keep and certify promptly on request all records of students, and shall employ a competent registrar for this work. It shall make an annual statistical repord to the state superintendent of public instruction.

- 8. The college shall restrict the curoliment in classes to a maximum of 45 , and preferably 30.

9. There shall be a well-organized department of education (along with other departments) and facilities for observation and student teaching.
10. A teacher-training institution enrolling during any term or semester more than 50 students in courses in supervised teaching shall provide a full-time director or supervisor to direct the work of sugh students and their critic teachers. With an enrollment of 25 to 50 students the director shall not teach more than 8 hours per week and shall devote his remaining time to supervision. With an enrollment of fewer than 25 student teachers the director shall not teach more than 12 hours per week and shall devote his rembinitf time to supervision.

## COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES ACCREDITED NOVEMBER 1, 1929

Rutier University, Indianapolig. DePauw University, Giremiktle. Earlham College, Earlham. Evanswille College, Evansville
Frankilin Collage, Franklin.
Hanover College, Hanover.
Indiana Central Collige. Indianapolla.
Indiana Viniversity, Bloonington.

Manchester College, North Manchester. Caklahd City College, Oakland City. Purdue Unfversity, Lafayette
St. Mary's College and Academy, Notre Dame.
St. Mary-of-the-Woods College, St. Mary-nt-the. Weods.

- Viniversity al Notre Dame, Notre Dame. Wabash College, Grawlordsville.


## JUNIOR COLLEGES

A standard junior college must maintain the first two yoars of the course in liberal arts and sciences and must meet three-fifths of the requirements for standard colleges in respect to the number of teachers, size of library, and amount of endowment or supporting income.

The Department of Public Instraction of Indiana has not prepared a list of atandard junior colleges.

## STANDARDS FOR NORMAL S $\dot{S C H O O L S}$

A recognized normal school is a school with 2-year, 3-year, and 4-year curricula designed primarfly for the training of teachers for the public sehools and expressly aceredited as such by the principal accrediting agency of the State in which the school is located. Such curriculs should be baséd upon a general education
equivalent to that represented by graduation from a'standard 4 -year commissioned high school and should afford such general and professionsl education as will best prepare students for specific teaching in the public schools.
A special school is essentially a normal school offering curricula designed to prepare teachers in particular fields or branches, such as music, art, physical -education, and the like.

To be ranked as a standard normal school, an institution must have at least seven head professors giving their full time to instruction therein; it must require for admission not less than four years of standard commissioned high-sehool work, or the equivalent; and it must maintain a curriculum of 4 years of at least 36 weeks each of collegiate grade, together with the lesser curricula comprehended therein. It must also be officially declared a standard normal school by the principal accrediting agency of its State.
The following constitute the standards for accrediting normal schools:

1. There shall be at least sevenfull-time teachers devoting their time exclusively to the normal courses; all shall be graduates of standard higher institutions, and heads of departments shall have pursued graduate work for at least one year; all must have had successful teaching experience in public-school work; and their teaching must be satisfactory.
2. No normal school teacher shall be required to teach more than 20 periods per week and none should toach more than' 16 periods per weft.
3. There shall be a net anmal income from all şources for the support of the institution, of not less than $\$ 15,006$.
4. The normal school shall require for admission graduation from a ${ }^{\text {standand }}$ commissioned high sehool, or the equivalent, provided, that graduates of certified and 4-year accredited high schools and teachers in service prior to 1908 may be admitted conditionally as provided by the state board of education.
5. The normal school shall refuire for graduation and the diploma 4 years of work beyond admission requirements and 1 year of residence work done therein, but it may grant ceptifirates of training on lesser cưrricula.
6. The normal school shall be provided with laboratory and library facilities to dij the work adequately of each of the courses offered; the library shall contain at least 3,500 volumes exclusive of public documents, including standard bonks on educational subjects and edutational reports; the library and laboratory shall be added to every year; and the library shall be in charge of a trained librarian.
7. The normal school shall keep and certify promptly on request all records of students, and it shall employ a competent registrar for this work. It shall make an andual statistical report to the State superintendent of public instruction.
8. The normal school shall restrict the enrollment in classes to a maximum of 45 , and preferably 30.
9. There shall be adequate facilities for observation of model teaching and for supervised teaching on all grades of public-school work for which curricula are uffered.
10. A teacher-training institution enfolling during any term or semester more than 50 students in courses in supervised tesching shall provide a full-time director or supervisor to direct the work of such students and their critic teachers. With an enrollment of 25 to 50 students the director shall not teach more than pight hours per week and shall devote his remaining time to supervision. With an enrollment of fewer than 25 student teachers the director shall not teach more than 12 hours per week and shall devote his remaining time to supervision.

The apecial school is expected to meet all of the foregoing standards, except as to the number of teachers and the amount of supporting income. These items will be determined in every case by the nature and siope of the work done by the school.

## ACCREDITED NORMAL SCHOOLS

Central Normal College, Danville. Ball State Teachers College, Muncle Indiana State Teachers College, Terre Haute.

Teachers College of Indianapolis, Indlanapolls. Valapraiso Unlversity, Valparaisn

## COLLEGES MAINTAINING ACCREDITED NORMAL DEPARTMENTS

Goshen College, Goshen.
Huntington College, Huntington. Marion College, Marlon.
St. Benedict Normal School, Ferdinand.
St. Francis Normal School, Oldenburg.

St. Francis Normal School, Lafayette.
St. Josenh's Normal school. Tipton. Taylor University, Lpland.
Vincennes University, Vipeenocs.

## lowa

The State accrediting agency for the higher educational institutions of Inwa is the intercollegiate standing committee, organized under the authority of the State board of education, which has control of the three State highe: institutionsthe State University of Iowa, Iowa State College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts, and Iowa State Teachers College. The registrar and a member of the teaching staff of each institution, nominated by the president and confirmed by the State board of education, compose the nembership of the committer. Fiflowing are the standards which the committee employs in accrediting 4 -year colleges:

## Standards for Colleges

I. Faculty and teaching schedule.-1. The minimum scholestic preparation for teachers of academic subjects should be the completion of standard four-year collegiate curriculum and graduate work equivalent to that required for a master's degree in a standard graduate school. A more extended preparation than that indicated by a master's degree is desirable.
2. Teachers of other than academic subjects should possess a bachelor:s degree earned in a four-year standard institution with addityonal training and marked efficiency in the subjects taught.
3. The above standards are not to be retroactive, but present teachers who do not meet these standards should show marked efficiency.
4. The amount of work carriod by each teacher will, of coures, vary in the different departments. The amount of preparation required, the time needed for study to kerp abreast of the subject, "together with the number of ptudent: in each class, must be taken into accouint. No teacher should have an excrosiv; schedule of work. The usual teaching rchedule should not exceed 12 to 18 hours per week. The number of students in any recitation or "quiz", section should not exceed 30 . Laboratory sections should not usually exceed 15 students to each lahoratory instructor or assistant.
IJ. Admission and student schedules.-1. Not less than 15 units of standard secondary credit shall be required for unconditional entrance. Students with 14 units of secondary credit may have conditional entrance but should be scheduled at once, as a part of the regular schedule but not in addition thereto, for subjects used to remove the entrance conditions.
2. The regular schedule for a scmester's work shall not exceed one-eightl of the credit required for graduation from a four-year collegiate curriculum. Oneextra hour per week may be permitted for adjustment of schedule.
3. Excess schedules should not be permitted during the freshman year, and after that such schedules should be permitted only for superior scholarship ability. Twenty hours per week should be the maximum for the very strungest students.
III. Transfer of credits.-1. In accepting credits from other institutions each semester's work on a regular schedule should be credited with not more than one semester's work on a regular schedule at the institution accepting the credits. Credit may be allowed in excess of a regular schedule only when a schedule heavier than normal has been permitted because of superior scholarship.
2. No more than 10 semester hours of credit should be allowed for credits earned by correspondence, by projected registration, or by study for examinations for college credit in any one calendar yrar.
3. Only 10 (or 5 ) weeks' credit should be allowed for a 10 (or 5 ) weeks' session, whether the classes meet five ar six times per week.
4. The original credentials for entrance or advanced classification should be hept by the institution accepting these credits.
IV. Buildings, laboratory equipment, and library.-1. The location and construction of buildings, the heating, lighting, and ventilation of rooms; the nature of laboratories, corridors, closets, water supply, achool furniture, and apparatus; and the methods of cleaning shall be such as to insure hygienic conditions for both students and teachers.
2. Ample library and laboratory equipment shall be provided for all courses offered or announced.

COLLFGES ACCREDITED AND APPROVED 192:-31)

Huena Vista Collegr, Storm Inke.
tentral College, Pella.
'Tirke College, Dubuque.
Cie College. Cedar Rapids.
i, whumbia College, Dubumue.
Cornell Collese. Mount Vermin
Des Moines I niversity, Des Moines.
Drike Unversity, Des Moines,
Grimell College, Grinnell
fowa Wesleyan Collere. Mount Flemsut.

John Fletcher College, University Park. Luther College, Decorah.
Mason City Junlor College, Mason C'ity. Morningside College, Stour City. Paisons College, Fairfield. Penn College, Oskalooss. St. A mbrose College, Davenport. Simpson College, Indianols. Cpper lowa Unlversity, Fayetto.
Hestern Union College, Ie Mars.

THLEE-YEAR COLLEGES
limueland College, Iamoni. | Wartburg College, Cllaton.

## - STANDARDS FOR JUNIOR COLLEGES

I. Introduction, - An institution offering only two years of college work should be desiguated as a junior college.

The location of a junior college should be such as to warrant expectation of an alequate enroliment and a proper development of theingtitution.
II. Almission Requircments. - Not less than 15 untts of standard secondary credit shall be required for unconditional admission to a junior college. The minimum number of credits for conditional admission shall be 14. Entrance conditions should be removed during the first year and an entering student should tw required to register at once for work necessary to satisfy entrance requirements. The student's registration, including work necessary to meet entrance requirements, should not be in excess of what is permitted by the regulations pertaining to the student load.

1II. Work offered.-A junior college doing two vears of college work should provide college courses -in at least five fields, English, foreign langunge, 'mathematics, natural and physical science, and social science, the number and character of these courses being "such as to provide proper preparation for subsequent college work.

[^16]IV. Faculty.-Instructors in a junior college should have a bachelor's degree from a standard institution and should have completed in addition at least one year of standard graduate work. All new instructors must have a master's degree from a recognized graduate school. Instructors not having a master's degree should spend at least six weeks of each summer varation in graduate work.

The work of each instructor should be confined to the fields of his graduate major and minor, preferably to the field of his graduate major.

The teaching schedule should not exceed 15 or 18 period off junior college work per week, or 20 periods of high-school and junior college work combined.
V. Enrollment.-A junior college in its carlier years should have a minimum of 25 students in the first year and 50 students in the $t$ wo years, the ideal minimum of the fully developed junior college being from 150 to 200 students.

V1. Standards of work.- The work of any course in a junior college should be equivalent in quantity and quality to the work of a similar course in a standard college.

The regular credit work of a student shall be 15 hours per week, one additional hour being permitted for adjustment of registration. Except in the last semester before graduation, extra work should be permitted only in case of superior scholarship and in no case should a student be permitted to register for more than 20 credit hours per week.

The length of the recitation period and the number of luboratory hours counted as one class hour should be in harmony with the practice of standard colleges.
VII. Library and other equipment.-The library should be properly catalogued and should be under the charge of a competent librarian. The library and laboratory facilities should be adequate for the courses offered.

A properly equipped study room should be provided for the exclusive use of junior college students.
VIII. Miscellaneous. - The location and buildings of a junior college should be such as to insure hygienic conditions.

The system of records should show clearly the secondary and cullege credit of each student. Original credentials hrought from another institution should be retained by the junior college.

The school year shall not be shorter than the school yar of standard colleges.
A minimum of 60 semester hours shall be required for graduation from a junior college.
The diploma granted for completion of a junior college curriculum shall not be called a degree.

JCNIOR COLLEGES ACCREDIFED AND APPROVED 192-30

Albla Junior College, Albia. Bloomfleld Junior College, Blonmfield. Boone Junior College, Brone. Burlington Junior College, Burlington. Cedar Valley Juniot College, Osage. Chariton Juntor College, Chariton. Clarinda Junior Collego, Charinda. Cresco Junlor College, Cresco. Creston Junior College, Creston. Eagle Orove Junior College, Eagle Cirove. Earlham Junior College, Earlham.
Estherville Junior College, Estherville. Fort Dodge Junior Ci llege, Fort Dodge. Grundy Junior Colloge, Gruñy Center, Iodependence Junlor C'ollege. Indepentence (approved for one year's work only).

Lenor Junior College, IIophinton. Maquoketa Junior College. Maqusketa Marshallenw Junior C'olloge. Marsh:lltown. Missin C'ity Juni ir C'ollege. Misunc C'ity Mount Carmel Junior College. Dubuigue. Northwestern Junior Colleze, Oranke ''ity. Osceila Juntor College, Oxcerila. St. Joseph Junior College, Otlumwa. Shedinn Junior Colleze, Shelifun. Tipton Juniur College, Tipton. Trinity Junior College, Sioux City, Waldort Juntor Col'sre. Forest City. Wartburg Normai Juvior ('ollere, Waverly. Washington Junior College, Washingtun Waukon Junlor Collere, Waukon. Wehster City Junlor College, Webster rity.

ONE.YEAK COLLEGF COURSE

Britt Junior College, Britt, Chation Junior College. Clarion. Flkader Junior College, F.lkallef. Ellsworth College, Inwa Fills.

Manchester Juniorfollege, Manchester. Mount St. Chir Junior Collere, Clinton. Muscatine Junior College, Muscatine.
Ked Oak Juninc College, Red Oak.

## Department of Public Instruction

Standards for teacher-training schools and courses accredited for State teachers' certificates.

STANDARDS FOR COLLEGES

1. Facully-number,-The college must maintain at least eight sepalpte departments or chairs, one of which shall be devoted exclusively to educatiof for at most to philosophy, including psychology and education.
2. Faculty-training.--The faculty shall consist of persons who have taken a master's degree, or a positive equivalent, in course in a recogmized graduate school. Graduate work in residence of at least two years will be equivalent. The main work of each student should be in the field of his major and minor.
3. Faculty-class hours.- The number of class hours for members of the faculty shall not exceed 15 to 18 a week.
4. The student load.-The regular credit work of a student shall be 15 hours per weck, one additional hour being permitted for adjustment of registration. Except in the last semester before graduation, extrs work should be permitted only in case of superior scholarship, and in no case should a student be allowed to register for more than 20 credit hours per week.
5. Library.-The college shall have a library consisting of at least 8,000 volumes velected with reference to college subjects exclusive of public documents with definite provision for the annual purchase of new material, which, it is urged, should be a minimum of $\$ 800$, or $\$ 5$ per atudent.
6. Laboratorics.-The laboratory equipment shall be adequate for doing work in scientific way in all the eourses announced in the catalogue.
7. A/mission.-The requirement for admission shall be the completion of a 4-year high-schogl course according to the standards adopted by the department of public instruction for an approved high school.
8. Graduation.-The college shall require for graduation the completion of a minimum quantit at ive requirement of 120 semester hours of credit (or the equivalent in term hours, quarter hours, pints, majors or courses) with further scholastio qualitative require ents adapted by each institution to its conditions.

COLLEGOES ACCREDITED 1929-30

[^17]- Formerly Mount st. Josph C'ollege.

Iows Wesleyan College, Mount Plenannt. John Fletcher College, University Park. Luther Ccllege, Decorah. Morningside College, Sloux City. Prisons College, Fairfleld. I'enn College, Oskaloosa. Simpson College, Indlanola. State University of Iowa, Iowa City. 1 niversity of Dubuque, Dubuque. I pper Iowa University. Fayette Western Union Collere, Ie Mara

- Formerly Central Holiuess Ciniversity.


## JUNIOR COLLEGE TEACHER-TRAINING STANDARDS

Admission.-The requirement for admission shall be the completion of a 4-year high-school course according to the standards adopted by the departnent of public instruction for an approved high school.

Course. - The course shall be two full years in length.
Two standards of junior college teacher-training courses shall be recognized.
I. Junior college curricula of the Iowa State Teachers College.

Curricula in other colleges approved by the board of educational examiners offering equivalent teacher training because of faculty members with specialized preparation, library, equipment, and student body.

Graduates of courses recognized under Standard I shall be given the secondgrade certificate.
II. A college accredited under the 4 -year standard, a public junior college accredited under the depart ment of public instruction, or a private junior college accredited by the intercollegiate standing committee may offer a junior college teacher-training course accredited for State teachers' certificates under the standards set out below:

1. Number of students. - An accredited junior college with 50 or more students regularly enrolled in the institution, at least 15 of which are enrolled in the second year, may be authorized to offer a 2 -year teacher-training course accredited for State teachers' certificates when it meets the conditions of this standard.
2. Specific training. - A junior college, to be given certificate recognition, must be so organized as to prepare students for teachine primary (first, second, and third) grades, or elementary (fourth, fifth, and suxth) grades, or buth. The seliool should decide what type or types of training it wishes to offer and organize its courses accordingly.
3. Supervisor.-There must be a supervisor in charge who has specialized in each type of training offered and has demonstrated superior skill in teaching. The training of the supervisor must be represented by a master's degree in education from a standard university or a hacheler's degree from an approved college with not less than two years of graduate training and specialization in the type of work to be supervised.
4. Library.-In addition to the library of the college or the junior college, there must be an adequate supply of modern professional books and periodicals, especially those dealing with elementary eduration. There must be provision for an annual purchase of new materials.
5. Curricula of study.-Two types of teacher-training curricula may be accredited-

Primary grades (first, second, and third).
Elementary grades (fourth, fifth, and sixth).
Each curriculum must include courses in psycholngy, education, observation, and supervised teaching, music, physical education, and drawing. The training should make the student familiar with the material belonging to the grades she is preparing to teach and the methods of presenting it.

Graduates of courses accredited under Standard II shall be granted the third

- grade certificate, valid for gencral tearhing, but the certificate shall show the type of work the holder is prepared to do. The holder shall hecome eligible to the second-grade certificate upon filing proofs of two years' successful teaching after graduation.


# COLIEGES HAVING 2-YEAR NORMAL COURSES ACCREDITED FOR 8TATE TFACHERS' CERTIFICATES 1020-30 

Buens Vista Colleke, Storm I, ako
Central Collese, Pella.
Charke Cullege, Dubuque:
Cae College. Codor Rapids.
Drike University, Des Molnes,
lowa stute Teachers College, Cedar Falls.

Iowa Wesleyen Tollege, Mount F'lersant. Morningslde College, Sioux Cils. Far sons College, Fairfleld. Simpson College, Indianola. Iniversity of Dubuque, Dubuque. Tipper Iows University, Fsyetle.

OTHER ACCREDITED 2YEAR NORMAL COURSES

Grareland College, Lamoni.
Lemus Pollege, Hopkinton.
$\therefore$ Soseph Junior Cullege, Ottuniwa.

Waldorl Junior College, Furest City. Wartburg Normal Cullege, Waverly.

## Kansas

## University of Kansas

## STANDARDS OF ACCREDITED COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES

I. Dcfinition.-A standard college, university, or technological institutiondesignated as "college" in this statement of standards-is an institution:
(a) which is legally authorized to give nonprofessional bachelor's degree; (b) which provides for four years of college work based upon the completion of a standard secondary school curriculum; (c) which organizes its curricula in such a way that the early years are a continuation of, and a supplement- to, the work of the secondary school and at least the last two years are shaped more or less distinctly in the direction of special, professional, or graduate instruction.
II. Admission.-The college shall require graduation from an accredited high school in conformity with the Kansas law or 15 acceptable and properly distributed units from anaceredited high school, or heir equivalent.
III. Graduation.-The college shall require for graduation a minimum quantitative requirement of 120 semester hours or their equivalent, excluding credits in required physical education. At least 24 of the last 30 semester hours' credit reguired for graduation must be secured in residence in the institution granting the degree: Provided, that no school shall confer a degree on a student who has not secured a minimum of 30 semester hours resident credit in the institution granting the degree. Not more than one-fourth of the semester hours' credit required for graduation shall be from correspondence and extension study. There shall be a scholarship requirement to insure that the work offered for the degree shall average distinctly above the minimum passing grade.
IV. Facully-size.-The college of 200 students or fewer with a single curriculum shall maintain at least eight distinct departments, each having at least one person of professorial rank, giving full time to the college work of his department. With the grow th of the college in number of students and departments of instruction, there must be proportional increase in the number of properly trained instructors, either to assume headship of the department or to assist in the work of the departments.
V. Facully-qualifications.-The minimum scholastic requirement for all teachers shall be graduation from a standard college. The minimum training for teachers of professorial rank shall include at least one year of study in a recognized graduate schwol (usually involving the acquisition of a master's degree) in the field in which they are teaching. Heads of departments should have completed at least two years of graduate work and it is highly desirable that they

[^18]should possess the degree of doctor of philosophy, or that they shall have had corresponding professional or technological training, In no case should a fresh-man-sophomore course be taught by an instructor who has not had at least 10 semester hours of work in advance of the course in question and no junior-senior course by an instructor who has not had graduate work in that particular field
VI. Facully-service.-The number of hours of classroom work for each instructor will vary in different departments, but should not exceed 16 hours per week. To determine this the amount of preparation required for the class together with the number of students must be carefully considered. Special consideration, in the way of assistants, should be given to courses involving laboratory work with the needed oversight and preparation therefor and in courses requiring a large number of written reports and theme assignments.
VII. Size of classes.- With the exception of lecture courses, classes should not consist of more than 30 students.
VIII. Junior-Senior and major requirements.-The college shall be able te prepare its students to enter recognized graduate schools as condidates for advancer? degrecs. This will ordinarily require the completion of at least 40 hours of work of junior-senior grade (i. e. in courses not open to freshmen and sophomores) and a major of at least 20 hours in a chosen department. At least 10 of the hours in the major department should be of junior-senior grade.
IX. General slandards. - The character of the curriculum, the quality of the instruction, the qualifications of the instructional staff and the general tone of the institution shall constitute important factors in the accrediting of any institution.
X. Number of students. - No institution shall be admitted to the accredited list or be continued more than one year on such list, unless it has a regular college enrollment of at least 100 students (not counting special students or students in courses not leading to an A. B. degree or its equivalent). The college should also have an adequate proportion of its student body continuing into the third and fourth years.
XI. Library and laboratories.- (a) The college shall have a live well-distributed library of at least 8,000 volumes, exclusive of public documents, in charge of a trained librarian, with a definite annual nppropriation for the purchase of new books and current periodicals (a auggested basis for such appropriations is $\$ 5$ for each student registered); (b) adequate laboratory facilities shall be provided. No course should be offered for which proper equipment in the way of apparatus and material needed is not provided.
XII. Financial.-The college of 200 students or fewer must have an annual income of at least $\$ 50,000$ not more than half of which may come from student fees. The remainder must come from productive endowment or from other dependable sources of income. Any increase in number of students must be accompained by a reasonable increase in income under the above conditions.
XIII. Secondary.school. - The four-year college should not maintain a secondary school as a part of its college organization with teachers of the secondary school serving in both college and secondary school.

XIY: Advanced alanding. - Not more than 60, semester hours of advanced standing shall be given for work done in a junior college and no advanced standing in the college shall be given for work done in a high school.

## COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES

Credit as indiented below is given by the university to the colleges in the State (Nov. 1929) :

Full (redit:
Raker Coniversity, Baldwin.
Rethany College, Lindsborg.
College of Emporia. Emporia.
Friends Uhis ersity, Wiwhits.
Kansas state Agricultural College, Manhattan (Full credit for all courses completel which correspond in kind and amount to similar courses at the university. (iraduates are admitted to the graduate school of the universits.)

Full credit-Contipued.
McPherson College, Mc Pherson.
Marymount College, Salins.
Municipal Thiversity of Whehita. Wichita.
Ottawa liniversity, Ottawa.
st. Benedict's College, Atchison.
st. Mary's College, st Marys.
southwestern I'niversity, Winfleld.
Sterling College, sterling.
Wishburn College, Topeka. .

Partial credit (as indicated):
Bethel College, Newton. (Since 192U, full credit for freshman-sophomore work. All cohrses for Jundorcenior credit subject to imbividual etalamion.)
Kansas City University, Kunsas fity. (Since 1420, full credit for freshman-sophomore work. All rourses for junior-senior credit subjert to individual evaluation. Fince 1926, redit limited to po hours. Kansis Wesleyan University, Salima. (From 1913-192x, full credit, from 192* to date, junior-senior courses subject to individual evaluation.)
Tabor College, Hillsboro. (From 1922-1!2-s, full credit for freshman-sophomere work, All courses for Junior-senior iredit subject to individaal evaluation: from $192 s$ to date, credit limited to 60 hours.)

## STANDARDS FOR ACCRFDITED JUNIOB COLLEZAES

I. Defintion.-A junior college is an institution of higher education with a curriculum covering two years of work equestent in prerequisites, methods, aime, and thoroughness to that dene in the first 1 wo years of accredited 4 -year colleges. Subject to this requirement, a junior college may offer completion courses in such vorations as will meet the needs of the local community.
II. Bridding and equipment-- Eit her a separate building or suitable rooms in a high-showl building should be reserved for the exclusive use of the college classes.
The library shall contain at least 1,000 volumes, exclusive of public documents and encyclopediak, selected with particular reference to the needs of college teachers and students, to furnish adequate library facilities for all courses offered. The library shall have a complete card cataloguc and shall be under the supervision of a trained librarian. There shall be provided annually an appropriation of at least $\$ 500$ for the purchase of books.

For courses in history, language, and literature, adequate equipment of maps, charts, pictures, and other illustrative material shall be provided.

Laboratories must be provided and suitable apparatus supplied for the scientific courses offered. Laboratories shall be furnished with gas, water, and electricity and there shall be provided for each laboratory annually a suitable appropriation for its upkefp. It is estimated that the initial cost of groups of 10 to 20 students would be approximately $\$ 1,000$ for each science.
III. College organizalion.-1. Departmonts of instruction. For a 2 -year curriculum, instruction shall be provided to include the following: (a) English. At least 5 semester hours in rhetoric and composition, and 5 semester hours in English literature. (b) Mathematics. At least 10 semester hours selected from the following: Algebra, solid geometry, trigonometry, and analytical geometry, based upon a 2 -ycar course in high-school mathematics. (c) Social sciences. At least 15 semester hours selected from the following: Modern European history, English history, American history, economics, American government, and sociology. (d) Natural aciences. At least 10 semester hours in science, selected from the following: Agriculture, botany, zoology; chemistry, and physics. Courses shpuld
be offered in at least two sciences, preferably so as to. include both biological and physical science.
(3) Boreign languages. At least 10 semester hours in each of the two languages selected from the following: Greek, Latin, French, German, and Spanish.
2. Administration. - When the junior college is a part of the public-school system, the superintendent of schools shall be recognized as the chicf administrative officer.
3. Faculty. - The college faculty shall include at least four full-time teachers. The standard preparation for instructors in a junior college shall be the completion of at least one year of advanced study following a bachelor's degree, based on four years' work in a standard accredited college. It is highly desirable for the teacher to have a master's degrec, but no college teacher shall teach any subject who shall not have completed at least 10 semester hours of graduate work in that subject or department.
4. Teaching load-Teaching schedules exceeding 15 semester hours per week per instructor, or classes iexclusive of lectures) of more than 30 students slall be regarded as endungering educational efficiency. No instructor should teach more than 18 semester hours per week nor shall an instrector teach more than four classes per day including both high-school and college classes.
5. Crodits.- One sumester hour of credit may be given for one 50 -minute recita. tion period per week for one semester of at least is weeks.

Fifteen semester hours' cred shall be considered the normal program for a juniorcollege student. No student in the freshman year shall be allowed more than 16 semester hours' credit, not including hygiene lectures and gymnasium, in one semester of 18 weeks, nor shall any student in the sophomore vear be allowed more than 18 semester hours' credit, not including hygiene kectures and gym. nasium, in one semester of 18 weeks.
6. Professional courses for State cerlificates.-Professional courses may be offered in the second college year for students desiring to meet the reguirements for State certificates,
7. Admission of students. - The college shall require graduation from an accredited 4 -year high school in conformity with the Kansas law, or 15 acceptable and properly distributed units from an accredited 4-year high school, of their equivalent, or 12 acceptable units earned in an accredited senior high sehool.
8. Separation of classes.-There shall be a distinct separation between highschool and junior college classes. No college credit shall be given for extra work done in a 4-year high-school course but high-school students baving completed 13 high-school units may take work in the junior college for junior college credit, provided the amount of work taken in both high school and junior college shall not exceed in total the equivalent of 13 college credit hours. No junior college student may take work in high-school courses for college credit.
IV. Finances.-The minimum annual operating income for a junior college with fewer than 200 students should be at least $\$ 20,000$. If this income is from sources other than general taxation there should be not less than $\$ 10,000$ derived from stable sources other than students' fees, such as public support, permanent endowments, कr income from permanent and officially authorized educational appropriations of churches and church boards or duly recognized corporations or associations. Such latter income shall be predited to the extent actually received, but to an amount not exceeding the a verage income from such appropriations for the preceding five years. If the enfollment is increased to more than 200 students such increase must be accompanied by a proportional increase in income under above stated conditions.

## JUNIOR COIIEGES, ACCREDITED NOVEMBER 1929

Full credit:
Arkanas Clty Junlor College, Arknasas City. Central Academy and College, Mc Pherson. Coffeyville Junlor College, Cofleyville. Collage of Prola. Paola. El Dorado Junior College, El Doiado. Firrt Seott Junijr Colleke, Fort Scott. Garden City Junior College, Garden City. Hesston College, Hesston.

Full credit-Continued. Mighland College, Mighland. Hutchinson Junior College, Hutchlnson. Independence Junior College, Independence. Iola Junior College, Iola.
Kansas City Junlor Collere, Kansas City.

- Mount St. Scholastica Collere, Atchison. Et. Mary's College, Lenvenworth.


## TFACHERS COLIEGEES

Holders of the degree of B. S. in education from the State teachers colleges are admitted without deficiency to the graduate school of the university as candidates for the degree of M.S. in education, on the following conditions:

1. Graduates of the teachers' colleges shall offer 120 hours of college credit chosen from courses agreed upon by representatives of the teachers colleges and the University of Kansas. Of these credits not more than 80 hours shall be chesen from junior college subjects.
2. Students from the teachers colleges applying for undergraduate advanced standing shatl be allowed hour for hour credit for courses agreed upon according to paragraph 1. .
3. Not mure than a maximum of 30 , hours shall be allowed in domestic art, domestic scienec, or industrial art.

The following are the State teachers collcges:

Knasas State Teathers Collese. Lays

## Department of Education

The State Department of Education of Kansas cooperates with the State university in determining the standards for the colleges of the State and in the maintenance of an aceredited list of institutions. The State board accepts collige credit from the institutions just listed to apply toward the requirements for certification. It does not grant certificates on the basis of college graduation unless the applicant meets the designated requirements for the type of certificate for which application is made.

## - Kentucky

## University of Kentucky

The University of Kentucky has adopted the following standards for accrediting the colleges of the State:

1. Entrance requircments. -The requirement for admission shall be the satisfactory completion of a four-year course of not less than 15 units in a secondary school approved by a recognized accrediting agency. The major portion of the secondary-school course accepted for admission should be definitely correlated with the curriculum to which the student is admitted.
2. Requirements for araduation.- The college should demand for graduation the completion of a minimum quantitative requirement of 120 semester hours of credit (or the equivalent in term hours, quarter hours, points, majors, or courses), with further scholastic qualitative requirements adapted by each institution to it's gonditions.
3. Number of degrees.-The conferring of a multiplicity of degrees is discouraged. Small institutions should confine themselves to one or two. When more than one baccalaureate degree is offered; all should be equat in require-
ments for admission and, for ǵraduation. Instltutions of limited resources and inadequate facilities for graduate work hould confine themselves to strictly undergraduate courses.
4. Number of college departments.- A college of arts antid science of approvimately 100 students should maintains at letst cight, departments, with an least one professor devoting his whole time to each department. Thé size of the faculty thould bear a definite relation to the type of institution, the number if students, and the number of courses uffered. With the growth of the stuident body the number of full-time teachers should be emmespondingly increased. The development of caried curricula should involve the addifton of other heads of departments.
5. Training of facilly. - The training of the members of the faculty of professorial rank should include at loast two years of study in their respectlee fields of teaching in a fully organized and recognized graduate sclinol. The training of the head of a department should be equivalent to that repuired for the doetor's degree or shondd represent a correspondingly professismal or technical training. A college will be judged in large purt by the ratio which the number of persons of profestorial rank with somod traning, scholarly achievement, and suceessful experience as teachers bears to the total number of the teaching statr. Honorary degrees are not recognized as a qualification for teachers.
6. Salaries.-THe average salary paid members of the faculty is an important consideration in determining the standing of an institution. It is recommended that the salary of full professors be not less than $\$ 2,500$ at present and by 1924-25 not less than $\$ 3,000$. The local cost of living and other factors shall be taken into consideration.
7riNumber of classroom hours for leachers.-Teaching schedules exreeding 16 hours per week per instructor shall be interpreted as endangering ediontional efficiency. In general, two laboratory hours will be counted as equivalent to one recitation hour.
7. Number of students in classes.-Clyses (exclusive of lectires) of more than 30 studentyfiml he interpreted as endangering educational efficieney.
-9. Support.--The college should have an annual income of not less than $\$ 50,000$, and if not tax-supported an endowment of not less than $\$ 500,000$. The financial stritus of the college should be judged, however, in relation to its educational program.
8. Library.-The college should have a live, well-dist ributed, professionally administered library of at least 8,000 volumes, exelusive of pulfic cheuments, bearing specifically upon the subjects tanght and witbadefinite anntial atpropriation for the purchase of new books in keeping with the curriculum.
9. Laboratories. - The laboratory equipment shall be adequate for all the experiments called for by the courses offered in the sciences, and these facilities shall be kept up by means of an annual appropriation in keeping with the curruculum.
10. Separation of college and preparatory school,-The college may not maintain a preparatory school as part of its college organization. In case such a school is maintained under the college charter, it must be kept rigidly distinct and separate from the college in students, faculty, buildings; and discipline.
11. Proportion of regutar college students to the whole student bordy.-At least 75 per cent of the students in a cullege shotild be pursuing courses leading to baccalaureate degrees in arts and sfed e. Soldier rehabilitation students should. not be considered in the 25 per cent of irregular and special students at present.
12. General statement concerning material equipment.-The location and construction of the buildings, the lighting, beating, and ventilation of the rooms, the nature of the laboratories, corridors, closets, water supply, sohbol furniture,
apparatus, and methods of cleaping shall be such as to insure hygienic conditions for both students and tetchers.
13. fiencral statement ennerrning curriculum and spirit of administration.-The character of the curriculum, efficiency of instruction, the scientific spirit, the som granting honorary degrees, and the tome of the institution shall also be factors in determining its stavding. The curriculums should provide both for breadth of study and for concentration. It should have justifiable relation to the resourees of the institution.
14. Extracurricular activifies.- The proper administation of athletics, amusements, fraternities, atul all ofther extrucurricular activities is one of the fundamental lests of a standard college.
15. Professional and lechinical departments. When the institution has, in addition to the college of arts and science, professional or technical departments, the college of arts and science shall not be accepted for the approved list of the association unless the professional or technical departments are of approved grade, national standards being used when available.
16. Standing in the colucational world.-The institution must be able to pre"pare ifs students to enter recognized graduate, professional, or research instftutions as candidates for advanced degrees.
17. Inspection.-No college will be recommended for membership until it has been inspected and reported upon by an agent or agents regularly appointed by the committee on accredited relations of the university. Any college accredited by the committee shall be open to inspection at any time.
18. Filing of blank.-Ne institution shall be placed or retained on the approved list unless a regular information blank has been filed with the committee on accredited relations. The list shall be approved from year to year by the committec. The blank shall be filed amually. Failure to file the blank shall be caluse for dropping an institution.

## 

Colleges from which students may apply for advanced ṣtanding are grouped in four classes:
('LASSA

This class shall include institutions which meet in full the criterions of a standard college. Graduates of institutions rated in class A are admitted to the graduate school as candidates for the master's degree on the basis of one year's - work, subject to the completion of the prerequisites for the several departments; and undergraduates receive hour-for-hour credit in the undergraduate colleges:


This class shall include institutions which approximate the standard set for Class A but fall short of it in certain particulars. For example, a college which pas but five departments instead of seven, or permits two years instead of one
for the removal of conditions, or has nogor two professors in the faculty with no preparation beyond the bacealaureate degtee, or is slightly sluyt of the standani set for the library or laboratory equipment, would fall in this class. Graduates of ingtitutions rated in class $B$ are admitted to the graduate selool subject to the rqquirements that they take from 8 to 16 hoprs' work in addlition to the year of graduate strady that is normally gradmates receive substantially hour-for-hour credit in the undergraduate colleges up for maxipuy of 30 semester hours a year, except in specific depart ments as may be noted iy the rating of the individual institution.
Bowling Green Business University, Bowling Geen

This class should include-institutions whigh, while of colleginte character and standing, fall shopt of the mare important partieulars of the standards set fur class A. Graduates of institutionester in class C may be admitted as undergraduate students in the University of Kentuchy and receice approximately three-fourths credit in the undergraduate colleges. up to the maximimu 24 armester hours a year, except in specific depart ments asfaly be noted in the rating of the individual institutions.

Class 1)
This class shall include institutions which, while organized as colleges, appear to be in reality little more than secondary schools., Students from institutions of class D are not granted college credit on certificate, except for work in departments that may be specifically designated.
(No insfitutions have been rated as class C or chass D.)

## REITSION OF CREDITS OF UNDERGRADUATES

Students who receive transfer of credits in the undergraduate colleges under the foregoing regulations shall have these credits confirmed or revised upward or down'vard, afteginne year's work in the University of Kentucky, or, in the case of students granted senior standing, after one semester, in accordance with the following provisions:

1. A student who carries his year's work in the University of Kentucky' with a standing of more than one and less than two shall have his credits confirmed without change except that if a failure is received in a subject in which credit has

* been allowed, the credit in that subject shall be canceled and may be retrieved only by examination.

2. If a student makes a standing of tess than one, his credit shall be canceled and may be retrieved only by a'special examination, except in suljects whirh are prerequisite for courses taken in the University of Kentueny and passed with a grade of C or higher.
3. A student from a college of class B, class C , or class D , who completed his - year's work with a standing of at least two, shall be entitled to have his credit. revised on the basis of the rule for the next higher class in each case; namely, a student from a college of class $B$ who makes such a record should he rerated as if he were from a college of class $A$; and a student from a colleresof class $C$ as if he were from one of class $B$; a student from a college of class $D$ as if he were from one of class $\mathbf{C}$.

## -JUNIOR COLLEGES

1. Entrance requirements. - Na student shall be admitted to junior college work unless he complies at the time of his admission with the admission requirements of the University of Kentucky. ( $A$ graduate of an achedited high sohgol recommended for at least 15 acceptable units is admitted on certificate.).

Q' Requirements for graduation.-The requirements for graduation shall be - based upon the satisfactory completion of 60 semester hours of work, exclusive - if physical education and military. science, of corresponding grade to that guen in the freshman and sophomore years of standard colleges and univerwities. The course of study shall be sn-arranged as to satisfy the group requirements as usually outlined for the freshman and sophomore years of standard collaces. Students shall not ordinarily be permitted to carry for credit work amounting to more than 16 sencoter hours, exelnsive of physical education and military sctence.
3. Training of facuily-All instructors should have the bachelor's degree. At least 75 per cent of the teaching statf (iit departments uther than manual arts) Ehould have the master's degree from a recognized graduate school. New twachers employed should have had professional work.
t. Teaching schedule and teaching expericnce. Teaching schedules exceedisg 16 hours a week per instructor, or classes, exclusive of lectures, of more than 30 students, will be interpreted as endangering edueational efficiencs.
5. Enrollmont--No junior coliege shall be accredited unless it has a registration of 30 or more students in the college 蛹, art ment.
6. Library.-The lihrary shall contain not fewer than 2,000 bound volumes, learing on the class work of the institution, exclusive of periodicals and public documents. At least $\$ 200$ a year shall be expended for books, not including expenditures for magazines and binding.
7. Laboratory facilities.--Laboratory facilitics must be sufficient to carry on the work in the same manuer as it would be carried on the first two years in an accredited standard $\mathbf{\infty}$ )llege.
8. Financial support.-The minimum annual operating income for the twovear junior-college work shall be $\$ 20.000$, of which not less than $\$ 5,000$ shall be deabied from stable sources other thatistudents, such as public or church suppurt or permanent endowments. Increase of faculty or student body, scope of itstruction requiring increased expenditure, shall be accompanied by an increise of income from such stable sources.
9. Adminislrative organizalion.-There shall be a separate administrative ore:nization for the junior-college jork, witha dean in charge, and a complete segregation in class work of the jumior college students, from other students. Adrnisioni of high-school students into the junior-college classes is considered as making that class a high-school class.

- to. Number of departments. - The collcge shall maintain at least five departmonts, with a specialist at the head of each.
- 11. High-school department.-If a high-school department is maintafned, it must neet the requirements for aceredifed selatione with the univessity before the application of the college department will be considered.

No junior college shall be aceredited until it has been inspected and reported upon by an"agert or agents regularly appoipted by the committee on accredited relations with higher institutions,

The foregoing standards when fully met enable the institution to be rated as a class Ajunior college.
Bethel Coflege, Russellville Bethel Woman's Collete, Hopktnsuale Caney Janior College, Pippatisé Mount St . Joseph Junior Colleze, Owensbora. Nazareth Jonlor College, Nacareth. Cumberland College. Willinmstrite: Pikeville College, Pikevilug. llamilton College, Lexíngton. Sme Bennet Memorisl Schnol, London. lees Junior College. Jacksen.


## Class b

Class B junior colleges shall include institutions which approximate the standards set for class A, but fall below some of those standards in preparation of teachers, enrollment, library, etc.

Camphellsville Colleze. Camphellsville. Loran Colleze. Russellville.

Millershurg Female College, Millershurg. St Diurys Colleze, it. Mary

## AMOLNT OF CREFAT ALLOWED

Students admitted to the Cniversity of Kinucky from class B junior colleges may be allowed a maximum of 50 semester credits

A student admitted to the miversity from a class B junior college may. after one year's work, have his credits confimed or revised it accordance with the following provisions:

1. A student who carries his work in the university with a standing of more than one and less than two may have his credits coufirmed without change, except that if a failure is teceived in a subject for which credit has been ullowed the credit in that subject will be canceled. It may be retrieved only by .examination.
2. A student who carries his work in the university with a sfambing of $t$ win or higher will be entitled Po have his credits revised upon the basis of student. admitted from class A junior colleges.

## Department of Education

The Department of Education of Kentucky has established no furmal standards for accrediting institutions of higher learning. It recugnizes the following institutions as standard for the purpose of certification to the various grades of tiaching positions in the State:

COLLEGES RECOGNIZED 1929-30
Asbury College, Wllmore.
Beres College, Beres.
Bowling Oreen Business University, Bowling
Oreen.
Centre College, Danville.
Eastern Kentucky State Normal School ant
d'Teachers College, Richmond.
Georgetown College, Georgetown.
Kentucky Wesleyan College, Winchester.
State Normal Ncheol and Teachers College.
Morehead.

Asbury College, Wilmore.
Berea College, Beres
bowling Oreen Business University, Bowling
Centre College, Danville.
Eastern Kentucky State Normal School and d'Teachers College, Richmond.
eorgetown College, Georgetown

State Normal School and Teachers College, Morehead.

Murray State Normal school and Teachers ('ollege. Murray.
Nazareth College, Louistille
Transylvania C'ollege, Iexington.
Union College. Harbourville.
University of Kentucky, Lexington.
University of Louisville, Louisvilh
Westekn Kentucky State Teachers College, Howing cireen.

## JUNIOR COLLEGES

Bethel College, Russeliville.
Bethel Woman's College, Fopkinsville.
Campbellsville College, Campbellsville.
Caney Junior College, Pippapass.
C'umberland College, Williamsburg.
Hamitton College, Lerington.
Kentucky Fernale Orphans School, Midway.
Lees Junjor College, Jackson.
Lindeey-Wilson Junlor College, Columbla.

Logan College, Russellville.
Mount St. Joeeph Junior College, Owenaboro.
Nazareth Junior College, Nazareth.
Pikeville C'ollege, Pikeville.
St Mary'diollege, St Mary.
Sue Bennett Memorial School, London.
Ursuline Nartod Heart College, Louisville. . Vills Madonna, Covington, R. F. D.

## Louisiana

Louisiaha State University

The Impisiana State University and Agricultural and Mechanical College has preferred to leave, as far as possible, the rating of edrucational institutions in Lonisiana to the proper standardizing agencies of this territory. However, the miversity accepts certificates of college work at practically face value in most cases from the three assuciated State colleges as well as from the privately or church-cudowed colleges. Graduates of the 4 -year curricula from practically all of the 4-year-senior colleges are admitted to the graduate depart ment of Louisiana State University without, however, committing the university to grant the master's degree in one year. In some cases two years of residence study are required for the master's degree.

The Ciniversity accepte credits at face malue from Tulane University (including H. Sophie Vrucomb Memorial College), New Orteans.

The following are the colleges in the State from which certificates are accepted at practically face vafue. March 25, 1930:

## COLLEGES

Contenary College, *hreveport
l.musiana College, Pineville

Inustana Polytechyif Institute, Kuston.

Louisiana State Normal follege, Natehitoches Loyola Cniversity, New Orleans.
Southwestern Louisiana Institute, Lafayette.

## JUNIOR COLLEGES

Manşfeld Female College, Mansfield

## Department of Education

The State Department of Education of Louisiana has established no,standards for accrediting higher cdurational institutions. The following institutions are approved by the department (November, 1929):

## COLLEGES

Tentenary College, Sbmveport

1. Sophif Newcomb Memorial (Vollege. New Tulane Vaiversity of Jouisiana. New Orleaps Orleans.
Inuisiana follege. Pineville.
Inutsiana Polyterhnic Institute, Kuston. Iouisiana State Normal ('ollege, Natchitoches. Inuisiana state University. Haton Rouge. Inyola I'niversity, New Orleans.
st Mary's Doininican Collage, New Orleans.

Southwestern Loulsiana Institute, Lafayetfr.
t Nepro colleges
New Orleans University,' New Orleans.
Southern I'niversity, Scotland rille.
Straight E'niverslty, Now Ufleans.
Xavier Uplyersity, New Orleans.

2-YEAR COLLEGES
Dodid College, Shreveport. . $\quad$ Normal School of the Sisters of Merey, New Or.
Mansfield Female College, Mansteld.
Mount Carmel Normal college, New Orleans.
New Orleans Normal school, New Orleans.
leans.
Silliman College, Clinton:
St. Vincent's College, Shreveport.
Southeastern Louisiana College, Hammond.

## ONE YEAR OF COLLEGE WORK

Haynesrillefitgh School, Heynesville.
| Homer High Sahoof, Homer.

# Maine <br> University of Maine 

The University of Maine does not accredit the higher institutions of the State. It decides all applications for advanced standing on their merits.

## Department of Education

The Department of Edueation of Maine uniformly grants teachers' certificates to graduates of the four colleges of the State:

## Bates College. Lewliton <br> Bowdoin College. Brunswick.

> Colby College, Waterille
> Unlversity of Maine, Uron,

It gives limited appraval to the junior colleges of Ricker Classical Institute. Houlton, and Westbronk Seminary, Portland.
To the normal schools of the State credit is given as follows:

```
Iroostook state Normal schowh. Prespue Isle.
    Two years.
Fastern State Normal school, Castine Twoyears
Madawask: Tramiag schmol, Fort kent one
    year.
State Normal school. Farminktun. Two years,
    4-year B. S. degrev contsi in bome monomles
    State Normal School, Gorhatn. Two ycars, thro.
    . years (junior high srboul work anot course in liduls.
        tf.ll arts)
        Wasblngton State Nuramal schuol, Machias I a
        years: three years (junior hish schowl work)
            &
```


## Maryland

## University of Maryland

The University of Maryland docs not aceredit colleges and universities but accepts the lists of approved institutions of the national and regional accrediting associations. (See Section I of bulletin.)

## Department of Education

In accrediting the 4 -year colleges and junior colleges of the State, the Department of Education of Maryland makes use of the standards recommended by the American Council on Education (see pp. 5 and 6.) The following institutions have been approved by the State board of education as standard:

## COLLEGES APPROVED UP TO SEPTEMBER 1, 1929

College of Notre Dame of Maryland, Baltitiore. Goucher Collegn, Baltimore. Hood Collego, Frederlok.
Johns HopkIns Unlygrsity, Baltimore.
Loyola College, Baltimore.
Morgan College, Baltimore.
Mount St. Mary's College, Emmitsburg.
st. Charles College, Catonst Ille.'

St John's College, Annapolts. St. Joseph's. College, Eramitsburg. St. Mary's Seminary, Raltimore. University of Maryland, Colleger Park. Washington College, Cheatestown Western Marylaud College. Westainister. Woodstock Collegr, Woolstock.

## TEACHER-TRAINING INSTITUTIONS APPROVED UP TO SEP. TEMBER 1, 1929

The normal schools are directly under the control of the State board of education, and no set standards for these institutions have been formulated. The board approves the following schools:

> Copplin Normal School, Baltimore. ${ }^{4}$ Maryland State Normal School, Bowle. 0 Mar 1 State Normal School, Frostburg.

Maryland State Normal School, Salishury.

## Massachusetts

The State Department of Education of Massachusetts has adopted no standards for accrediting collegiate institutions. Institutions seeking authority to confer degrees must first obtain the recommendation of the department. and such institutions as have been given the right to confer degrees and which offer training suitable for the preparation of teachers of the public schools are accredited by the department.

## Michigan

## University of Michigan

1
The University of Michigan has adopted no standards for acerediting higher ulurational institutions and has prepared no list of accredited institutions either within or without the State. Each school or college of the university deals andependently with the matter of transfer of ecedits. The following statement adicates the method used by the College of Literature, Science, and the Arts:

It conslders each application for admission on advanced standing as apriodividual rase and endeavors to aftle it upon its own merits. In evaluating credits from nny given ingtitution it uses the varims recngnized artrited lists, the opinions of neighboring institutions of $k$ nown character, where there is any question an refard to the matter, and it is often aided by its own previous experience with students coming from the same intitutions. (Memorandum of $J, R$, Effinger, dean of the College of Literature, Science, and the Arh. ('uitraity of Michigan, Notcmber 2:, 1899)

## Department of Public Instruction

The Department of Public Instruction of Michigan has adopted no standards for accrediting institutions of higher learning. Four-year degree graduates of the colleges of the State are granted college life certificates, provided 20 semester hours in education including 5 semester hours of practice teaching lave been carried." The following institutions offer 4 -year courses leading to a degree and a college life cedificate.

Adrian Collece, Adrian.
Altion College, Altion
Alma College. Alma.
Cyllere of the City of Detroit, Det mit.
1 filsdale College, IIllsdale.
Hope College, Holland.

Kalsmazoo College, Kalamazoo.
Mirhigan State Colleze of Agriculture and Applied Science, East Lansing.
Universlty of Vetroit. Detroit.
University of Michiana, Ann Arbor.

The following institutions are approved by the State board of education (192930) for the issuance of certificates on the basis of courses of 1 year, 42 weeks, 2 years, 3 years, and 4 years:
Hattle Cregk College, Battle Creek.-Two years of training leading to a normal lirnited cortificate, four veargot training leading to a cellege life certifcate, and 3 -jear eourse leadtug to life certifrates in physi-mp education, home economics, and music.
Thyig College, Grand Raplds. - Two years of training leading to a normal Hmited cartincate and four years Of training leading to a college life certificate.
Fimmanuel Missionary College, Berrien Springs. - Two years of tralning leading to a normal limited certifcate and four years of training leading to a college life certificate.
Ferris Institute, Big Rapids.-One year of profassional training leading to a second-grade State certificate and 3-year course leadink to specializing certificates in kindergarten-primary, commercial education. music.
Marygrove College, Detrolt.-Two years of tralning leading to a normal limited cartificate and four years of training leading to a college life certincate.
Marywood College, Orand Rapids. - Two years of tralning leading to a normal Uimited certlacate and four .. years of trainlog leading to a college life certificate.
Mount Mercy College, Orand Rapids.-Two years of training leading to a normal umited centifcate and four years of training leading to a college Hfo certifcate.
Nazareth College, Nazareth.-Two years of tralning leading to a normal limited cartificate and four years of training leading to a colliego ilfe cartificate.

## ACCREDITED HIGHER INSTITUTIONS

Olivet College, Olivet.-Life certificates in music, and kindergarten-primary on a 3-year cepurse, and four years of training leading to a degree and a college life certificate
Bit. Joseph's College and Academy, Adrian.-Two years of training leading to a normal limited certificate and four years ot training leading to a college life certificate.

The following public junior colleges are authorized to offer 2-year teachertraining courses leading to junior college certificates:

Flint Junlor College, Flint
Grand Rapids Junior Collere, Grand Rapids. (Also approved for offering a i-sear mublic-school music murse leading to a life certificate in pubilcschool music.)

Muskeqon Jupior Colleze. finskegon. Fort Huron Juninr C'ollege, Port Huron.

## Minnesota

## University of Minnesota

The University of Minnesota has no published standards foraccrediting colleges. It follows "in a general way" the standards of the Noth Central Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools (see p. 21), except with respect to financial support. It checks up also on graduates who have been admitted to graduate schools. Graduates of the following colleges are accepted without question:

## FULLY ACCREDITED COLLEGES NOVEMBER 1, 1929

Carleton College, Northfield.
College of St. Catherine, St. Paul.
College of St. Teress, Winons.
College of St. Thomas, st. Paul.
Conerrdin College, Moorhend.

Gustavis Adolphus Collece, Et. Jeter. Hamline I nivetsity, st. fral.
Macalester Colleze. sit, Piaul
St. Olaf College, Northfied.

## Partially accredited colleges

Colleges whose graduates with majors in certain departmentsonly are admitted to graduate school. (No school considered which does mot carry on satisfactory work in at least five departments.)

- Augsburk Saminary, Minneapolis. St. Renedict's C'ollere, it. Joseph.
St. Mary's College, Winnna.


## JUNIOR COLLEGES

Standards for judging Minnesota schools offering one or tan vears of enllege work.

## A. GENERAI CONDIFONE

1. Amount of work to be recognized.-The maximum amount of college work to be recognized shall be two years, but in no case shall a second year's work be recognized until a school has for a reasonable length of time demonstrated its ability to do the first year's work satisfactorily.
2. Limit to length of time of recognition.-The normal period of recognition shall be one year. Renewals shall be subject to the continued compliance of the school with the standards.
3. Reports. - The registrar of the universit Qhall $_{\text {compile a report for each }}$ school recognized for advanced credit, such report to show the record of each student in each subject taken in the university.

## B. BPECIFIC REGULATIONS

1. Applications.-Application for recognition should be made to the committce on the relation of the university to other institutions of learning before May 1 preceding the year in which work is given for which recognition is desired.
2. Courses to be offered at the schopl.-At least one full year of college work, that is, 14 to 17 semester credits, must be offered, consisting of courses in at least four subjects with at least one subject in each of the three groups: Language, science and ryat hematics, social sciences.
3. Students.- (a) Number. While it is not the poliey of the university to insist that a specified number of students be enrolled before a school may be acceredited, it recommends that no institution attompt college work unless there are at least 25 students who will enroll.
(b) Admission. Only graduates of a secondary school accredited to the university; or high-school seniors who have completed a minimum of 15 entrance units may be admitted to junior college classes, except those in elementars languages, where properly qualified high-school seniors may be allowed to enter.
4. Teachers.- (a) Training and experience. All persons giving instruction in such courses shall have done at least one full year of work in a recognized graduate school (ordinarily one yrar of graduate work in addition to at least two years of undergraduate study in the subject tabght), with special attention to the subjects which they teach, and they must also have had surcessful experience as highschonl or college teachers.
(b) The university will regard the qualification of exceptional teaching ability as of first importance.

Normally each instructor will be expected to teach not more than one subject in the junior college, and may devote the rest of his teaching time to the same or an alljed suhject in the high school. No instructor may teach more than two subjects in the junior college.

No instructor shall teach more than a total of four recitation periods, or their equivalent, a day. If administrative work is involved, the amount of teaching shall be lessmed.

Whenever in the opinion of the university the size of the school warrants, instructors may he required to give all their time to junior college instruction.
5. Library and equipmont-Ench department ahall be provided with books and apparatus sufficient to carry on its work in a proper manner. The books may be in part in a city library if they can be drawn out for studenta' use under suitable regulations. For the information of the teacher, to maintain his interest and to keep, him in touch with the spirit of his subject, the list of books must include both large reference works and two or three periodicals refreghiting scientific or research activity in the aulject. Provision must be made forifdequate additions to the library, taking intu cousideration urigimal equipment and the growth of the ! schuol.
6. Inspection.-Equipment and work of departments its such schools shall, be inspected by the university.

## C. A IMMISGION OF RTLDENTS WITH ADVANCED CREDITS

- 1. All advanced standing is grauted provisionally; subject to satisfactory work after enrolling in the university.

Students entering the university from a school whose work has been recognized shall be allowed not nore than 17 credits for each nemester of such work provided the following conditions are fulfilled: (a) All entrance requirements of the particular college in which the student enrolls must be met. (b) The student must present a statement showing that the work for which credit is desired was completed in a satisfactory manner, and that he is entitled to honorable dismissal on the basis of his character and conduct. (c) All work for which credit is allowed must be in sobjects which may be counted towerd a degree in the college in which the student enroll. (d) The student must complete satisfactorily his first jear's work in residence at the university. If, however, a student shalf-
receive any conditions or failures in his first year at the university, his case shall be considered by the appropriate committec for the purpose of adjusting credits.
2. The student is advised to pursue during his first vear at the university some courses, which are a continuation of those for which he seeks advanced rredit in order that in the event of his receiving conditions or failures the record in such continuation courses may serve as a basis for assigning advaneed credits. The student is also advised to acquaint himself with the requirements for graduation of the particular college he intends to cnter in order that he may so shape his course as to meet them with the minimum loss of time.

## JUNIOR COLLEGES RECOCNIZED NOVEMBER 1, 1929

| Conosrdia College st. Pmul | Rocliester Jun |
| :---: | :---: |
| Dumth Junior Coilleke, I Duluth (eredit for one sear's work). | St. John's V'ilversits, Cullegecille |
| Ely Junior College, Ely. | st. Mary's hall, Faribault (credt for ove year worh: |
| Fveleth Juniar College, Fiveleth. | St Themas cohlere, st. Paul |
| ILibhing Juntur College, Hibting. | St limul Inther Collere, is Piun |
| Itasca Juntor Collere, Colersine. | Vircinia Junior College, Virkinia. |

## TEACHERS COLLEGES

Graduates of the advanced gradnate course of a Minnesota State teachers college are admitted to the College of Science, Literature, and the Arts with one year ( 45 quarter credits) of advanced standing. (iraduates of such advanced courses are admitted to the Colloge of Educution with ath allowance of 90 guarter credits toward graduation.
Applicants for transfer from the third or fourth year of the degree course offered in Minnesota teachers colleges may reccive credit for any part of their work in so far as such work is equivalent in subject-matter to courses in the particular college to which the student transfers. (Bullelin of the traversity of Minnesota, Gcneral Information for the Year $1929-50, ~ p .89$.

TEACHERS COLLEGES RECOGNIZED NOVEMBER 1, 1929

Duluth State Teachers College, Daluth.
St. Cloud State Teachers Collece, St. Cloud. State Teachers College. Bemidji.

State Teachers Colleze Mankato. Stnte Tenchers Collere Moorhemd.
State Teachers Cullege, Winuna 2
Department of Education
3

The Department of Education of Minnesota has established no standarde for higher educational institutions and does not maintain an accredited list. Under the teachers' certificate law, however, graduates of the following institutions in the State are accepted for certification (1929-30):

> Augsburg Beminary, Minneipmis. Carleton College, Northfield. College of St. Catherine, St. Paul. College of St. Scholastica, Duluth. College of St. Teress, Winmaa. College of St. Thomas, St. Paul. Concordia College, Moorhead
> Duluth State Teachers Collerc. 1)uluth. Gustavus Adolphus College, St. Peter. Hamline Unlversity, st. I'aul. Macalester College, St. Paul.

[^19][^20]
## Mississippi

## University of Mississippi

The University of Mississippi has adopted no standards for rating the colleges of the State. It accepts credits at face value from institutions that are members of the Association of Colleges and Sccomlary Schools of the Southern States (see p. 15). "The amount of credit accepted from other institutions is determined to some extent by the students' grades.

## State Department of Education

The State Department of Education of Mississippi has no formal standards for accrediting the colleges of the State. The teachers' certification law provides that the State board of examincre is authorized to grant teachers' professional licenses to graduates of the Mississippi Agricultural and Mechanical College, the Cuiversity of Mississippi, the normal departiment of the Mississippi State College for Women, and such other institutions as may be approved by the board of examiners.
The following institutions are approved by the board (November, 1929):

## COLLEGES

Belhaven College, Jackson
Hhe Mountain College, Blue Mountain. Delta State Teachers College, Clevelind.
Brenada Cullege, Orenadia.
Millsips Colloge, Jwhistn.
Mississippi Igriculturs and Merhanimal College. Agricultural College.

Mississippi Collega, Clinton.
Mississippi State College for Women, Columbus. Mississippi Woman's College, Hattiesburg.
State Teachers College, Hattieshurg.* *
I niversity of Mississippi, University.

## JUNIOR COLLEGES (TWO YEARS)

All Saints' College. Vickshurg.
Clark Memorial College, Newton.
Gulf I'ark College, Gulfort.
Harrisun-Stone-Jachsin College, Perkinston Itilliman College, Clintun.
Hinds County Juninr College, Raymond.

Jones County Junior College, Fillisville. Mississippl Synodical College, Holly 8 priags. Pearl River College, Poplarville. Sindower County Junior College, Moorhead. Whitwurth College. Brookbaven.

## JUNIOR COLLEGES (ONE YEAR)

Chickasnw College ( 20 semester hours in history: chemistry, Bible, college algehra, and trigonmetry), Pontotoc.
Copiah-Liomin Junior Collere, Wekson.
Holmes County Junlor College, Goodman.

Kemper County Junlor College (24 semester hours), Scooba.
Newton County Junior College (is semester hours In English, mathematics, and sclence), Decatur.
Tate County Junlor College, Senatobla.

## Missouri

## University of Missouri

All of the colleges of Missouri that are members of the Missouri College Union afe affiliated with the University of Missouri and their credits are accepted without examination. The standards used by the union in admitting institutions to membership are those of the North Central Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools (see pp. 21 and 22), •
The five State teachers colleges are also affiliated with the University of Missouri, having entered into a "so-called" conference agreement, pledging themselves with the university to maintain certain standards. In order that these
standards might be interpreted alike by all of the colleges, an examination of each was made annually for some years by a committee on which cach was represented.

The following list of colleges and universities accredited by the University of Missouri includes the members of the Missouri College Union, the State teachers colleges, and two other institutions-Harris Teachers College, St. Louis, and Webster College, Webster Groves-the work of which the university rectignizes.

## FOLVR-YEAR COLLEGES ACCREDITED 1929-30

Central C'ollege, Fayette.
'Pontral Missourl State Teachers College, Warrensburg.
C'ulver-Stockton College, Canton
Drury College, Bpringfleld. ${ }^{\circ}$
Hatris Teachers College, St. Louls
IIndenwood College, St. Charles.!
Missouri Valley College, Marshall.'
Northesst Missouri state Teachers College, KIrksville.
Northwest Mlssouri State Teachera C'ollege, Maryville.

Park College, Park ville '
St Louis University, st. Lotils.
Soluthrast Missouri state Trachers College, Cape Girardeau.
Southwest Missouri State Teachers C'ollegr, Spring. fleld.
Tarkio Colleg. Tarkio ${ }^{\circ}$
University of Missouri, Columbia
Washington University, St. Lnuis *
Webster College, Webster Growes.
Westminster College, Fulton."
William Jewell College, Liberty."

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~. JUNIOR COLLEGES
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The following "general requirements" 10 for accrediting the junior colleges of the State have been adopted by the University of Missouri:

1. Definition.-A standard junior college is an institution of higher eduration which offers and maintains at least 60 semester hours of work acceptable for. advanced standing in the college of arty and science of the University of Missouri, including the equivalent of the required work of the first two years of this college of arts and science. A semester hour is defined as one period of chassroom work in lecture or recitation extending through not less than 50 minutes net, or ite equivalent, per week for a period of 18 weeks, two periods of latboratory work being counted as the equivalent of one hour of lecture or fecitation, The junior college work is based upon"and continues or supplements the work of secondary instruction as given in any accredited 4 -year high school. Its olasses are composed of only those students who have complied with the minimum requirements for admission. No junior college student shall receive credit for more than 16 hours in one semester exclusive of the required pratical work in physical education. The maximum credit a student can eqrn in a junior college is $\mathbf{6 4}$ semester hours. After a student's college credits, counted in the order in which they have been earned, amount to a total of 64 hours, no additional credit may be obtained for work completed in a junior college.
2. Admission. -The junior college shall require for admisnion at least 15 units, representing a 4 -year curriculum, of secondary work as defined by the University of Missouri, or the equivalent. These units must represent work done in a secondary school approved by a recognized accrediting agency, excepting that credit for work completed in an unaccredited secondary school may be obtained upon the brasts of examination, In no case shall entrance examinations be given for more than four units for each year spent in a secondary school. These examinations for secondary credit must be taken at the beginning of the term in which the student enters the junior college.

Students over 21 years of age who are able to demonstrate their fitness to do college work, may be admitted to college classer as special atudents, but they can

[^21]not be candidates for graduation until they have met the requirements for admission as regular students.

A student shall not be admitted to classes of college rank with any entrance condition.

It is recommended that the major portion of the units accepted for admission be definitely correlated with the curriculum to which the student is admitted.
3. Orgarization. - The work of the junior college shäll be organized on a college, as distinguished from high school, basis so as to secure equivalency in prerequisites, scope, and thoroughness to the work done in the first two years of a standard college.
4. Fuculty. - The minimum scholastic requirement of all teachers of classes in the junior colldeke shall be graduation from a standard college, and, in addition, kraduate work amomitig to one year in a university of recognized standing. Fxceptions may be made in the case of teachers of special subjeets, such as art, urusic, and physical training, provided such teachers have the equivalent trainimg.) The courses taught by any teaclier must be in the field of speciallization represented by his graduate work. The teaching schedule of instructore shall not execed 18 hours it werk; 15 hours is recommended as the maximum.
5. Size of classes.-Classes of more than 30 students shall be interpreted as mifangering edncational efficiency.
6. Registration.- No junior college shall be accredited unless it has at least 60 students regularly registered in accordance with these standards. Of those curolled; at least one-third should be in the second year.
7. Librarics and laboratories.- The junior college shall have a modern, welldistributed, catalogued, and efficiently administered library of at least 2,000 volvmes, exclusive of public ducuments, selected with special reference to college work and with a definite annual appropriation for the purchase of current books and periodionls. It is urged that such an appropriation.be at least $\$ 500$. The jutior college shall be provided with a laboratory adequately equipped for each laboratory cuurse offered.
8. Inspection.-No junior college shall be accredited until it has been inspected and reported upon by a committee representing the university. Such inspection will not be anthorized until the college has filed the regular information blank firmished by the university.
9. Courses specified in accrrditing. - In the accrediting of a junior college, the approved courses are specified. The fact that a junior college is accredited does not necessarily mean that all the courses offered by it are approved.
10. Summer sessions. - The approval of courses for the regular academic session carries with it the approval of courses offered in a summer session only when the work of the summer session is conducted under the same conditions as that of the regular academic session with regard to such matters as personnel of faculty, entrance requirements, coarses offered, and amount of work required for a semester hour's credit. The maximum credit that may be earned ifi a summer session is one sernester hour for each week of attendance. Any departure from the work of the requian session in the matter of teachers or courses must be specifically approved by the committee before credit can be accepted:
11. Degrees.- It fo fuggested that junior colleges confer the degree of associate in earts upon students who have satisfactorily completed a regular 2-year curriculum in "arts and science." In the cases of other 2-year curricula, the degrees of associate in fine arts, associate in education, and associate in seience, respeetively, are appropriate.

ACCREDITED JUNIOR COLLEGES (LIST CORRECTED TO JANUARY 1, 1930)

Christian College, Columhia"
Cottey College, Nevada ${ }^{11}$
Flat River Jumior College, Flat River.
Hannibal-La Grange College, Hannibal. Hardin College, Mextco ${ }^{11}$
Junior College of Jeflerson ('ity, Jeflerson Cits.
Junior College of Kansas ('ity, Kansas I'it)
Kemper Millitary School, Boonville.
Fidder Institute, kidder

Palmer College, Albany
The Printipia, St lonis.
it. Joseph Junior College, St Joseph
St Teresa College, Kansas City.
Southwest Baptist College, Bolivar
Stephens College, Columbia ${ }^{1}$
Trenton Jundor College, Trenton.
Wentworth Mrlitary Acadeny, Leviugtun
Wiiliam Woots College, Fulton. 11

Department of Public Schools

- The Department of Public Schools of Missouri reconnizen the work of all institutions belonging to the Missouri College Union. The teacher-Paining or professional work in these institutions is inspected and approved by the director of teacher training in the department.

The department works in cooperation with the Enisersity of Missouri in inspecting the work and classifying the junior colleges of the State.

## Montana

## University of Montana

The University of Montana (which includes nll six of the State higher educational institutions) has adopted no standards for accrediting colleges and universities, but is guided by the recommendations of the standard acerediting associations. (See section 1.) In territory not covered by these organizations it is gulded by the rating of the State unisursity of the State cuncerned.

## Department of Public Instruction

The Department of Public lustruction of Montuna does not rate higher educational institutions.

## - Nebraska

## University of Nebraska

The University of Nebraska has adopted standards for aecrediting higher institutions which follow in general the standards of the North Central Asmociation of Colleges and Secondary Schools (see pp. 21 and 22), with certain modifications. The standards were under revision at the time the bulletin was prepared and were not available-for publication.
The following imstitutions are mecognized as accredited (April, 1930) "and their courses are accepted at full value, except in some instances when more credit hours are offered. than are granted for similar courses in the University of Nebraska."

## COLLEGES

Cotner College, Bethany.
Creiftton Unlversity, College of Liberal Arts and Sclegres, Omaha.
Doane College, Crete.
Duchesue College, Omaha.
Grand Island College, Grand Island o b Hastlings College, Hastings.
Midland Oallege, Fremont.

- Nebraska Central College, Central City.

Nehraska Wesleyan University, Linçoln. Nibbraska State Teaghers Colloge, Chadron. Nebraska State Teachers College, Kearney. Nebraska state Teachers Collegc, Peru. Nebrasks state Teachers College, Wayne. Union College, College Vtew. Cuiversity of Omaha, Omaba.
York College, York.

4 Department of music accredited.

Follege of lit. Mary, Omaha
Cone ordia Teachers Colleg, Seward Hana (olloge, Blair.
UCPiron Junior College, Ilebron

Luther 'n!t ge, Waheo.
Merrok J unior College, MFC Couk
Norfolk Junlor Caliege, Norfolk.

## Department of Public Instruction

The laws of Nebraska provide that auy enllege, miversity, or State normal school in the State which meets the standards set up by the louard of education of State normal schools for the issuance of the certificate hased upon the completimn of the elementary course of the state normal schools may issue a certificate Which shall have the same tenor and effect as the elementary certificate issued by the State inormal schools. It provides furthor that when such institutions nffer a course equal in extent and similar in subjects to the higher course in the " state normal schools and meet errtain other requirements set by the board of dincation of state mormal sehools, the graduates froy such conare shall he granted a first-grade State certificate of the same tenor and effect as the certificate to tenchissued to graduates from the higher cofirse of the State normal sehools.

In order to be entitled to these privileges the following requirements must be 'fulfilled by the institutions:

1. Such instititions shall be incorporated under the laws of the State of Nebraska.
2. The ineorporation shall have at least $\$ 50,000$ invested, or available for use in the school.
3. The incorporation shall employ not fewer than five teachers who shall put in full tine ingiving instrnetion in the branches of study required to be taught by the provisions of the laws (mentioned above).
4. The State superintendent of public instrmetion shall satisfy himself by presumal insuection or by the personal inspection of the State board of examiners for life certificates that any institution desiring recognition * * * has fully complied with the requirements set forth hercin and in the laws (mentioned. above).
5. The entrance requirements to the clementary and higher courses and the time required for the completion of sifl courses shall be the same as in the State normal schools.

Each year the State superintendent of public instruction shall satisfy himself by personabinspection orby the personal inspection of the State board of examiners for life certificates that the requirements have been met before any certlficate can be granted by such institution.

The following institutions have beemapproved for the issuance of institutional certificates (July, 1929):

## COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES

Cotnur College, Incoln.
Cruighton University, Omaha.
Doane College, Crete. Duchesno College, Ornaha. Grand Island College, Grand Island. Hastings College, Hastings. Midland Oollege, Fremont.
Nebrasta Central College, Central City: Nebraska Wesleyan Universitis Lifncoln. btate Normal Sohool and Teachers College, Chadmon.

Stnte Normsl School and Teachers College, Kearney.
State Normal School and Teachers College, Yeru. State Normal 8chool and Teachers College, Wayne. Uniun College, College View. University of Nebraska, Lincoln. University of Omaha, Omahs. Universlty Gchool of Music, Lincoln. York College, York.

JUNIOR COLLLEGES

College of St. Mary, Omaha.
Concordis Teachers College, Neward.
Dana College, BLitr.
Hebron Junlor College, Hebron.

Immaculate Conception College, Hestings Luther College, Wahoo.
St. U'rsula's Academy, York.

McCook Junior College, McCook, and Norfolk Junior College, Norfolk, have been recently organized, All credits of these institutions which will be accepted by the University of Nebraska (see furegoing) will be accepted by the department of public instruction in the issuance of State certificates.

## Nevada

Neither the University of Nevada nor the Department of Education of Nevada has adopted standards for accrediting higher institutions outside the State. The University of Nevada is the only institution of college grade within the State.

## New Hampshire •

## University of New Hampshire

The University of New Hampshire has set up no specific standards for accrediting collegiate institutions. All applications for transfer with advanced credit from colleges and junior colleges are dealt with individually on their merits. Students transferring from the two State normal schools-the State Normal School, Keene, and the State Normal School, Plymouth-are given full credit for their normal school work and are ganted the degree of B. E. upon the completion of a course in the liberal arts college.

## State Board of Education

The State Board of Education of New Hampshire has adopted no standards for accrediting colleges and universities, but by a cooperative agreement made with each of the three higher institutions in the State their work in certain courses in education is accepted in place of State examinations in corresponding subjects. The institutions are Dartmouth College, Hanover, St. Anselm's College, Manchester, and University of New Hampshire, Durham.
The two State normal achools are under the direct administration and control of the board, and no formal standards for accrediting them are necessary. The schools are State Normal School, Keene, and State Normal School, Plymouth.

## STANDARDS FOR ACCREDITING JUNIOR COLLEGES

Definition.-A junior college is an institution of higher education which offers two years of work equivalent in prerequisites, scope, and thoroughness to the first two years of work at a recognized degree-granting college.

For its first year, a junior college may be accredited with instruction offered to a single class.

A junior college which wishes to be accredited may secure the necessary blanks from the State board of education.

Pacully.-Each member of the staff of instruction shall have a baccalaureate degree and not less than one year of organized graduate work in the field of the subjects which he teaches. He should also give evidence of successful experience or efficiency in teaching.

Teaching load.-The teaching load shouk not exceed 15 or 18 hours of junior college work per week.

Student load.-The regular credit work of a student should be 15 hours per week. Except in the last semester before graduation, extra credits should be permitted only in case of superior scholarship and in no case should a student be allowed to register for more than 20 credit-hours per week.
Admission of students, - The requirements for admission shall be the satisfactory completion of a 4 -year curriculum in a secondary śchool approved by the New Hampshire State Board of Education or by a recognized accrediting agency for schools in other States. There shall be no conditional admission.

Graduation requirements. - A. Requirements for graduation shall be based upon a satisfactory completion of 30 year-hours or 60 semester-hours of work corresponding in grade to that given in the freshman and sophomore years of standard colleges and universities.

In addition to the above quantitative requirements, each institution should adopt qualitative requirements suited to its individual conditions.
B. Graduation must be evidenced not by a degree but by a diploma or certification of completion of the junior college curriculum.
Program.-A junior college may offer curricula in such vocations as will meet the needs of the students and there must be at least one curriculum whose completion permits transfer without time loss to a recognized degree-granting college.

Enrollment.-A junior college should have a minimum of 20 students in the first year and 40 students in the two years.

Buildings, libraries, laboratories, and equipment. - There shall be adequate space and equipment for recitation, study, library, laboratory, and other instructional activities.

An adequate library of books and materials suited to the work offered shall be casily accessible to the students. The library of the school should be properly satalogued and in charge of a competent librarian. The addition of new books each year, in order to keep the library facilities up to date for the courses offered, is necessary.

Records.-A system of permanent records showing clearly the secondary and college credits of each student shall be adequately and carefully administered. The original credentials filed from other institutions shall be retained in the junior college.
Extracurricular activities. - There should be provision for extracurricular activities and abundant opportunity for development of leadership and initiative. Such activities should be properly administered and should nat occupy an undue place in the life of the junior college.
Separation of college and high-school classes.- If a junior college and high school are maintained together, students shall be taught in separate classes.
Inspection.-The State board of education will inspect once each wear each accredited junior college and will file with the institution a report on its organization, administration, and instruction, and upon the credentials of the teachers.
Term of accreditation.-A junior college when application is made by its governing body will be accredited annually upon evidence that these standards are to be met.
Reports,-Statistical reports and the scholastic records of graduates shall be filed at the close of the school year with the State board of education.
College year.-A junior college shall be in session for at least 34 weeks each year, exclusive of holidays.
Affliation with higher institutions.- Each junior college shall effect an arrangement with one or more recognized degree-granting colleges by which its graduatea may be admitted without examination to full standing in the junior year, grade 15.

Facts regarding such affiliation will be canvassed in considering the application of each junior college for accrediting by the State board.

Colby School for Girls, New London, is the only accredited junior college in the State.

## New Jersey <br> Rutgers University, the State University of New Jersey

Rutgers University has not adopted any standards for accrediting other colleges of the State. We admit to advanced standing students with satisfactory records from Princeton, Stevens Institute of Technology, Upsala College, and Seton Hall College. There are no junior colleges in New Jersey, so that we have not been required to consider that question. Students who have completed the 3 -year courses in the normal schools may be allowed as much qs two years' credit toward the degree of bachelor of science in education. (Leller of John M. Thomas, president of Rutgers University, October 22, 1929.)

## Departmẹnt of Public Instruction

The Department of Public Instruction of New Jersey has adopted no formal standards for accrediting colleges and universities and teacher-training institutions. It has approved (for 1929-30) the following colleges and universities in the State for the issuance of certificutes to teach in the public schools of the State:

Alma ${ }^{\circ}$ College, Zarephath.
College of St. Elizabeth, Convent Station.
Georgian Court College, Lakewond.
Newark Technical School, Neuark.
Priaceton University, Princeton.
Rutgers University, New Brunswlok.

St, Jnserh's Collese. Princeton.
St. Ieter's College, Jersey City.
Seton Hall Collese, South Oranke
Stevens Institute of Technology, Hohoken
Upsila College, Fast Orance.

The teacher-training institutions of the State are under the direct control of the State commissioner of education; hence no formal standards for these institutions are necessary. The following are the State teaeher-training institutions:

Now Jersey State Teachers College and Normal School, Montclalr.
State Normal School, Glassboro.
State Normal School, Jersey City.

## REGULATIONS FOR APPROVAL OF JUNIOR COLLEGES

1. Entrance requirements.-The requirements for admission shall be the satisfactory completion of the course of study of a secondary school approved by the State board of education. The major portion of the secondary school course should be definitely related to the curriculum to which the student is admitted.
2. Graduation.-Requirements for graduation shall include the satisfactory completion of 60 semester hours equivalent in quantity and quality to the work offered in the freshman and sophomore years of standard colleges and universities.
3. Degrees not to be granted.- No degree shall be granted by any junior college.
4. Faculty. - Members of the teaching staff shall hold a baccalaureate degree and shall have had in addition training equivalent to one year of approved graduate sork. No junior college shall be approved unless the teaching staff shall include at least five members with required qualifications, representin the departmenta of Englistr, history, mathematics, science, and foreign language.
5. Teaching schedule. - Teaching schedules of more than 16 hours per week for each instructor ( 18 hours if part of the instruction is is the senior high schóol)
will be considered excessive and tending to impair efficiency. A class of more than 30 pupils will be cousidered excessive.
6. Size of invitu'ion.-No junior college shall be approved unless it has an initial regist ratim of not fewer than 60 pupils. Continued approval shall depend on the maintenance of adequate registration. Efficient and cconomical administration will require not fewer than 100 students.
7. Resourcts.-The following shall be regarded as a minimum for initial appraval: (a) Operating income: $\$ 20.000$ per year. (b) Suitable separate building or ample chassrown, library, office, and laboratory space in a high-school building in addition to the space required for high-school purposes. (c) Librarymodern, well-distributed, professionally administered, of not fewer than 2,500 volumes with an annual maintenance budget of not less than $\$ 500$. (d) Salaries of instructors must be difintely higher than those of high-schonl cachers-averaging 20 per cent higher, and a junior college will not be appoged unless the present provision for scoondary schoml facilitics is amme and in need of no improvement in ease the junior college is housed in a high-school building.
8. Inspretion. - No junior mollere shall be approved until it has heen inspected and reported upon by an authorized represintative of the State department of education. Inspection shall follow a complete written report upon the organization, plans, curricula, and equipment of the proposed junior college. This report shall be on forms prepared hy the department.
9. Reports. - Reports to the Stafe department of education shall be made annually on such furms as the department shall preseribe.
10. (hmbity of work:- The contimiance of approval will depend upon the quality of work done be the institution.
11. Sichant yrar.- The leugth of the school sear shall be not less than 36 weeks.
'No jumior colleges have as yet been aceredited.

## New Mexico <br> University of New Mexico

Subject to the fulfilment of the miversity admission requirements, the University of Xew Mexico grunts advanced standing, par value, for credits originating in collegiate institutions institutions in the State, where the credits are earned in courses which are the same as, or equivalent to, those offered as required or elective courses in the university; but with the following restrictions:

1. The total credit hours granted shall not exceed 16 for a semester of 18 weeks, 12 fora term of 12 weeks, or at the rate of one hour per week in case of a shorter session exeept that the maximum is 18 hours for a semester of 18 weeks for transfer of enginecring credits. Graduates of the standard 2 -year curriculum of State teachers colleges are accorded 62 credit-hours.
2. Credits carned in extension courses or by examination for advanced standing shall be determined on their merits.

In accordance with the forcooing, advanced standing, par value, is given for credits originating in the following, institutions. Graduates of the institutions are admitted to the gradurate school of the university, but are required to make up any deficicucies in majors and minors.

New Mexico School of Mines, Socorro.
Now Mexion Normal University, Las Vegas,
Vew Mevion Siate Tenchers colleke, Silver City.
$118407^{\circ}-30-7$

Graduates of the junior college division of the New Mexico Military Institute, Roswell, are limited to a maximum of 64 credit hours in the collene of arts and sciences or the college of education, and to a maximum of 72 credit hours in the college of engineering.

Credits earned in Montezuma Baptist College, Las Vegas, are granted advanced standing on a basis similar to that upon which advanced credit is given for work done at New Mexico Military Institute, but only after the satisfactory completion of a normal program of studies in one semester or one summer session in residence. Graduates are admitted to the graduate school of the university, but their credits are validated only after the satisfactory completion of a normal program of studies during one semester or one summer session in residence.

## Department of Education

For purnokes of high-school teacher certification the New Mexico Department of Fducation has adopted in part for colleges and universities, for junior colleges. and for teacher-training institutions the standards employed by the North Central Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools (see pp. 21 and 22). Paragraphs numbered 1, 2, 3, and 5 (with omisston of requirement for departmental heads) of the association standards for colleges and universities; the preliminary paragraph (with slight modifications and paragraphs numbered 1, 2, and 3 of the association standards for teacher-training institutions; and paragraphs numbered 1,2,3, and 4 of the association standards for junior colleges are employed by the department in accrediting the higher institutions of the State. To the requirements for junior colleges contained in the first four paragraphs of the North Central Association standards, the New Mexico State Board of Education adds the following:

Credits earned through any form of extension work, including correspondence courses will be accepted toward certification only upon presentation of evidence by the institution that the department giving such work is properly oraganized and supervised and that the work is given by instructors as well qualified as those engaged in the regular work of the iustitution.

The State board will not accept more than 10 semester hours of credit on nonresident work done in one calendar year, and only then when it is of equal standard to those offered in the resident work of the school.

Inasmuch as students taking studies of a secondary grade in a business college or in a private school often desire to receive credit for this work in applying for teachers' certificates, it is recommended that such institutions not only meet the standards here set forth, but that they make an effort to be definitely acredited by He State board of education, so that the standards they maintain shall be matters of public record.

In accepting graduates of higher institutions both within and withourt the State, the board of education is guided by the list of accredited institutions issued by the several regional accrediting associations (see Section I of billetin).

# New York <br> University of the State of New York <br> (New York State Department of'Education) 

## REQUIREMENTS FOR THE REGISTRATION OF HIGHER EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS

colleaes
In the registration of a college it shall be understood that deficiencies in certain requirements may be overcome by special excellence in others.

1. Equipment and resources.-(a) It shall have a minimum productive endowment, beyond all indebtedness, of at least $\$ 500,000$. In tax-supported institutions or those maintained by religious or other organizations, financial support or contributed services equivalent in value to the endow ment specified are acceptable substitutes.
(b) In all other respects its equipment and resources shall be adequate for carrying on the courses of study it offers.
2. Facilities for practical work.-It shall have adequate and satisfactory laboratory facilities. These laboratories shall be kept up their full efficiency by means of adequate annual expenditures.
3. Library.-It shall maintain a live, well-distributed, professionally administered library of at least 8,000 volumes, exclusive of public documents, bearing specifically upon the subjects taught and with a definite annual appropriation for the purchase of new books.
4. Facully.-(a) It shall have a sufficient number of full-time, salaried instructors giving their entire time to instruction, but in no case less than eight.
(b) Members of the teaching staff should have had not less than one year of graduate study, and a majority of them including all heads of departments, should have had training equivalent to that presupposed by the degree of doctor of philosophy. Satisfactory teaching experience may be considered in determining the equivalent.
(c) A majority of the faculty having independent charge of classes shall be of professorial rank.
(d) The number of teaching hours a week for each member of the teaching staff should not excced 16.
(e) Salaries paid to members of the teacfing staff shall be adequate. The minimum will depend upon the local cost of living as well as upon other factors.
5. Course of study.- (a) The course of study shall cover four full years of satisfactory grade in liberal arts and science.
(b) Each year shall cover not less than 34 weeks of actual work, of not less than 15 periods a week, or the satisfactory equivalent.
(c) The course of study shall provide for both breadth of study and concenIration and should have a justifiable relation to the resources of the institution.
6. Admission.-Its admission requirements shall aggregate at least 15 units in courses of study acceptable to the department.
7. Graduation. - (a) It shall require candidates for graduation to have completed the full 4-year course.
(b) Its graduates shall be qualified for admission to study as candidates for higher degrees.
8. Preparatory department.-It should not maintain a preparatory school as ' part' of its college organization. If such a school is maintained under the college charter, it shall be kept rigidly distinct and separate from the college in students, faculty, buildinge, and discipline.

## UNIVERSITIES AND COLLEGES REGINTERED 1920. 30

Adelphi College, Brooklyn.
Alfred Universit $;$, Alfred.
Canisius College, Butralo.
Clarkson College of Terhnulogy, Potsiam.
Colgate Unijersity, Hamilon.
Cullege of Mount St. Viment, Mount ist. Vincent. on-IIudson.
College of New Rochelle, New Kwchelle.
College of St. Rose, Albans
College of the Sacred Heart, New York.
Colfege of the City of New York, New York.
Columhla University, New York.
(Barnard College), New York.
Cooper Union Free Day School of Technical Science, New York.
Corsell University, Ithaca.
D'Youville Collere, Butlalo.
EImira College, Elmirn.
Fordham University, New Y'crk.
Good Counsel College, White I lains.
Hamilton College, Clinton.
Hobart College, Geneva.
(Willinm Smith College), Ceneva.
Hought on College, Houghton.
IIunter College, New York.
Keuks College, Keuka Park.
Long Island T niversity, Brooklynat
Manhattan College, New York.

Siarymount Coiloge, Tarrytown.
Nazareth Collere. Rgchester.
New York sinte College for Tewhers. Alhany
New York Lniversity, Now ) uen.
(Washington \&quare Collego), New Jork.
入iak ra I'niversity, Ningara Falls
Julytechair institute of Brooklyr, Hrooklyn.
Rensselaer Folytectinic Institute, Tros
Ruscoil sime colleare. Troy.
st Bonaventure' College, St. Honaventore
At. I bucis Collene, Brooklyn.
At Juhn's College, litouhlyn.
$\therefore$ Jusentis lollage for Wonien, Mrooklyn.
St Joseph's College and Semimary, Yonkers and New York.
-t. Ladrence Cuiversity, Cantun.
$\therefore$ stepten's college, Columbia Untersits, Anmandale on-Hudson.
Skidmore College, Saratoka springs.
Syraruse Intuersity, Syrache.
tniversity of Butfalo, Butath,
University of Ren-hevter, Korhevier.
'Union l'uiversity, Alhambund chenectady.
Vusbar College, Foujlikecpsic
Wagner Memorita, ouran Ciblege, slateu klamit. Welk College, Aurorn.
Ieshiva College, New Iork.

## JUNIOR COLLEGIN

1. A college that maintains only the fist two years of the 4 -year course of study may be registered as a junior college. It shath met all the reghatre ments of these regulations for the registration of a college with the following eneeptions: (a) Its minimum productive endowment shall be not less than $\$ 250,000$. (b) Its library shall contain not less than 4,000 volumes. (c) It shall have not less than four full-time salaried instructors.
2. Summer sessions. - The course of study in a summer susion of a college or university may be registered provided it meets the following requirements: (a) It shall meet all the requirements for the registration of a college so far as they are applicable. (b) At least 50 per cent of the teaching staff shall be drawn from the regular'faculty and the same proportion of those of professorial rank shall be maintained. (c) No member of the teaching staff shall be called upon to carry a heavier program than he carries during the rest of the year. (in) Classes shall not be overerowded. (r) Students shall not be permitted to carn more than six semester hours' credit. in ary one sammer session, except, that students with a previous record of between 80 and 90 per cent may be permitted to take sulbects aggregating eight semester hours' credit, provided they obtain the permission of the exceutive head of the summer session. (f) The same proportionate amount of outside investigation and preparation per semester hour slall be required as during the regular session. (g) Final examinations shall be required and they, as well as the content of the courses upon which they are based, shall be of the same standard as in the regular sessions. (h) If credit for the completion of the summer session courses is to be claimed toward meeting the requirement of a year in residence, the student shall meet the sathe conditions in comentration and distribution as are imposed in the regular sessions, shatl complete all of hin work

[^22]in the same institution, and shall not extend it over a period greater than six consecutive summer sessions.
farah Lawrence College, Bronxville, is the only junior college registered by the State department of education.

## North Carolina

> Univet. of North Carolina

The U'uiversityo of North Carolina is a member of the Nurth Carolina College Conference which cooperates with the State department of education in rating the collewes of the state. The classified list of colleges prepared by the State department of education serves both the department and the university and other hipher institutions of the State in giving proper recognition to the college work done in the state.

## Department of Education

## PRINCIPLEA FOR ACCREDITING HIGHER INSTITUTIONS

COLLEOES

The principles adopted by the North Carolina College Conference for colleges are, with slight moditications and amendments, those reconmended by the American Council on Education (see pp. 5 and 6).

> II NIORCOLI,FUES

In defining slandards for the junior college the committee had in mind an institution covering the first two vears of college work. At the same tine it is not ummindful of the fact that rarely is the juniur college contined to this form of organization; usually these two years of college work are united with two or more of high-school work, or with preparatory classes, or witlo other collateral courses for teachers. Nor does it desire to ignore the pussibility that junior colleges may offer also courses and curricula of college grade not now typically paralleled in the first two years of work in standard colleges and universities. For the present, however, the committee has not attempted to define more nearly these varying types but has suggested as standards certain requirements. pertaining largoly, if not exclusively, to these two college vears, belleving these years to be the essential part of the work. The existence of these two years alone justifies the term "junior collige" and all attempts at standardization should proceed on the assumed identity of this work in seope and thoroughness with similar work done by the standard 4-year college.

1. The requirements for armission shall be the satisfactory completion of a 4-year course in a secondary school ápproved by a recognized accrediting agency or the equivalent of such a course, as shown by examination. The major portion of the secondary school course accepted for admission should be definitely correlated with the curriculum to which the student is admitted.
2. Requirements for graduation must be based on the satisfactory completion of 30 year hours, or 60 semester hours of work corresponding in grade to that given in the freshmen and sophomore yeare of standard colleges or universities. In addition to the forconing quantitative requirements each institution should adopt other qualitativestandards suited to its individual conditions.
3. Members of the teaching staff in regular charge of classes must have at least a bacealaureqate degrec, of the equivalent of this degree in special training and should have not less than one year of graduate work in a recognized. graduate school. In all cases, effective instruction on the part of the members of the
teaching staff as well as the amount of graduate work should be taken into consideration.
4. The teaching schedule of instructors teaching junior-college classes shall be limited to 22 hours per week; for instructors devoting their whole time to juniorcollege classes 18 hours should be the maximum.
5. The curriculum should provide for breadth of atudy and should have justifiable relation to the resources of the institution, but tgere should be a minimum of five departments, each in charge of a teacher giving at least half of his time to collegiate instruction in his department. This number of departments, and the size of the faculty should be increased with the development of varied curricula and growth of the st udent body.
6. The limit of the number of students in a recitation or laboratory class in a junior college should be 30 .
7. The college work should be the essential part of the curriculum. No junior college should he accredited until its registration in the college work has reached approximately 50 st udents.
8. The materinl equipment and upkeep of m. junior college, its building, land, laboratories, apparatus, and libraries should be judged by their efficincy in relation to the educational program. (a) The laboratory equipment shall be adequate for all the experiments called for by the courses offered in the science (about $\$ 2,000$ worth of apparatus for each science offered, and these facilities shall be kept up by means of an annual appropriation in keeping with the curriculum. (b) A junior college should have a live, well-distributed, professionally administered library of at least 2,000 volumes, exclusive of public documents, bearing specifically on the subjects taught and with a definite annual appropriation for the purchase of new books.
9. The ininimum amual operating income for the two years of junior college work should be $\$ 10,000$ of which not less than $\$ 5,000$ should be derivel from stable sources, other than students, prefebly permanent endowments. Increase in faculty, student hotly, and scope of instruction should be accompanifd by increase of income from such stable sources. The financial status of each junior college should be judged in relation to its educational program,
10. The high-school department run in connection with the junior college shall be accredited by a recognized accrediting agency for secondary schools.

TEACHERS COLIEGES
Definition.-A standard teachers college is an institution with 4-year curricula designed to afford such general and professional education as will best fit students for teaching in the elementary schools and for teaching in the secondary schoois.

1. The requirement for admission shall be the satisfactory completion of a 4 year course in a secondary school approved by a recognized acerediting agency, or the equivalent of such a cuurse as shown by examination. The major portion of the secondary school coursial accepted for admission should he definitely correlated with the curriculum to which the student is admitted.
2. A college should demand for graduation the comnletion of a minimum quantitative requirement of 120 semestes hours of credit (or the equivalent in term hours, quarter hours, points, majors, or courses), with furcher scholastic qualitative requirements adapted by sach institution to its conditions.

Note 1.-A college year shall consist of not less than 34 wecks exclusive of holidays.

Note 2,-The recitation hour should be 60 minutes gross, or not less than 50 malnutes of actual teaching.
3. The size of the faculty should bear a definite relation to the type of institution, the number of students, and the number of courses offered. For a college
of npproximately 100 students in a single curriculum the faculty should consist of at least might heads of departments devoting full time to college work. With the growth of the student body, the number of full-time teachers should be correspondingly increased. The development of varied curricula should involve the addition of further hadk of departments. (a) Not more than one-fourth of the aredits required for graduation should represent professional subjects. (b) All subjects uffered for degrees in 4-year courses for keneral or professional degreas shall be of colleqiate grade. (r) The college shall make provision for adequate facilities for practive teaching and ghervation.

The training of the members of the faculty of professorial rank should include at least two years of study in their respective fiedds of teaching in recognized kraduate schools, or a curresponding professionat or technical traiping. It is desirable that the training of the head of a department should be equivalent to that required for adoctor's degree, or should represent a corresponding professionat or technical training. A college should be judged in large part by the ratio which the number of persons of professorial rank with sound training, scholarly achievemut, and succesfinl experience as teachers bears to the total nupber of the teaching staff.

Teaching sehedules axceeding 16 hours per week per instructor, or classes (exclusive of lectures) of more than 30 students should be interpreted as endangering efficiency.

Note 1.- One year of training above the bachelor's degree will be accepted for site more vear or until 1028.

Notr 2.- Lustructors having entire charge of a course should show one year of training in thir particular fielde above the bachelor's degree.
4. The minimum annual operating income of an accredited college should be \$50,000, of which not less than $\$ 25,000$ should he derived from stable. sources, wher than students, preferably from permanent endowments. Increase in facietty student hodr, and seope of instruction should he judged in relation to its educatiomal program.

Note 1.-For one more year, or until 192s, $\$ 40,000$ income and $\$ 15,000$ from stable sources will he accepted.
5. The material equipment and upkeep of a college, its buildings, lands, laboratories, appuratus, and libraries should also he judged by their efficiency in relation to its educgational program.

A college should have a live, well-distributed, professionally administered library of at least 8,000 volumes, exclusive of putbic documents, bearing specifically upon the subjects taught, and a definite anvual appropriation for the purchase of new books,
6. A"college should not maintain a preparatory schody as part of its college organization. If suchaschool is maintained under the college charter, it should be kept rigidly distinct and separate from the college in atudents, faculty, and buildings.
7. In determining the standing of a college emphasis should be placed upon the character of the curriculum, the efficiency of instrucigy, the standard for regular degree, the conservatism in granting honorary degrees, the tone of the institu tion, and its success in stimulating and preparing students to do satisfactory work in recognized graduate, professional, or research institutions.
8. No college should be accredited until it has been inspected and reported upon by an agent, or agents regularly appointed by the accrediting organization.

## ETANDARDNORMAL ECHOOLS

Definition.-A standard normal school is an institution with 2-year curricula designed to afford such general and professional education as will best fit students for teaching in the elementary sohools.

1. The requirements for almission shall be the sutisfactory completion of a 4-year conurse in a secobdary school approved by a remgnized acereliting ageney or the equivalent of such a comore, as shown by examination. The majur partion
 lated with the currienlum to which the student is atmithel.
2. Kequirements for graduation mast be based on the satisfactory completion of 30 year hour or 80 semester hours of work earrmpenctine in grade tor that given in the freshman and sophomare vars of standarif eoblest or miverstion
 adont other quaditative stamards stited to its individual eombioms. (a) Sut



- grade. (e) The stambard normel school shall make pronision for adequate farilities for proctice teacfing and obsorvation.

3. Members of the teaching staff in rogular charge of elaseat mat have at leat a bacealmareate degrex, or the waivalent of this degme in perial training athe shond have mot les than one year of grallate. Wort in a rocognized gradual. schowl. In all rase. cffoctive instruction wh the part wiph members of the teaching sititf as well as the amount of graduate work shoulal be taken int., consideration.
 limited to 22 hours per wet: for instructers devating their whole time to normatschool chases is hones shombl he the maximum.
4. The curriculam should provide for bradth of stmiv and should have justitiable relation to the resomeres of the institution, but there shmbla to a miammen of five departments, cach in charge of a teacher givite at least half of his time 10 eollegiate instruction in his department. This mammer of departments, and tha
 and the growth of the student bodr.
5. The limit of the mumber "f stadents in a recitation or laturatory class, in a normal school shund the 30 .
6. The college work should be the essential part of the curribhlam. No nomial school should be accredited until its registration in the college work has rearhed approximatily 50 students.

8 . The materind equipment and upkeep of a uormal sehonl, its buiding, land, laboratories, uparatus, and libraries should the judged by their edidedrey in relation to the educational program. (a) The laborath equipment shatl be adequate for all the experiments called for by the courses oficred in the science (about $\$ 2,000$ worth of apparatus for each science offered), and these facilities shall be kept up by means of an annual nppropriation in keeping with the curriculnm. (b) A normal school should have a live, well-distributed, professionallyadmisistered. library of at least 2,000 volumes, exclusive of public documants, hearing specifically on the subjects tanght, and a definito annual appropriation for the purchase of new books.
9. The minimum anmal operating income for the two venrs of normal-sohoul work should be $\$ 10,000$, of which not less than $\$ 5,0101$ should be derived from stable nources, nther than students, preferably permanent endowments. Increase in faculty, student body, and anope of instruction should be accomprnied by increase of income from such stable sources. The financial status of each normal school shomld be judged in relation to is educational program.
10. The high-mehool !lepartment of a normal sehool shatl be accedited by a recognized aocrediting agency for secondary schools.

## (TASSIFICATIUNOF ONSTITETIUNS OF HIGHERLEAKNING, 192\%-29

Fimm A.-Four-yrar mandard colleges. Itlantic Christian Collegr. Wulson. intawbar College, salishury.
thowan College, Marfreshoro.
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 tumbord college, (builford Coldege* Hisli lonint Colloge, lligh foint Lenoir-Rhyne College, Hiekory. Si, redith College. Raleigh Nuth Carolima Collego for Women, Cimms. hora
 nusi Enginering. Kaleigh
Gtacens Colleke, 'harlutte.
Salem C'ollege, Winston-saben
St Gencuicue of the Piars, Asheville conditionaluntil 1970).
Iniversity of North C'arolina, Chatiel Itill If ake Furest College, Wake Forme
Cirow, 13, - Four-year colleges in Class 13. No insti. tuthons classitimed in this gromp.

Grntap C. Standard jumint colleges
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Wingate Junior $\boldsymbol{C}$ ollogen Winsite


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Ashosille Normal and Insetateil sthmels. Astreville (for training tom ders for elethelitary whoms).
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: tatularit normal schools Apabachian state Normal shomi, Hoone Fast Carolina 'rachers College, liremille (two-ycar course).
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## INSTITFTIONSFOK(ひ)OKEI IEOPLE

Firouj A - Finir-verar standard colloges
Johnson (' Smith liniverity, Charlotte Lwingstone ('ollege, Enlisburs'.
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(iroup 13-Four-seat colleges in elase 13 . No insitut mons chassified in this prout



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Ciroun D.-Credit for one sear's college work No institutions classified In this groury
Teachers ('ulleres: Winston-salem Teachers College, Winston-salem.
standard nermal schools
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## INETITUTION FOR INHANS

standat normal sphol: Chrokee mdian Normal shool, l'mbroke.

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: \quad: \quad \begin{gathered}
\text { North Dakota } \\
\text { University of North Dakota }
\end{gathered}
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Tee "inisersity of North Datkota las not adopted tormal standaris for arerediting eollegiate institutions. The praction of the university in granting recognition to the eolleges in the state is indicated in the following statements:

Jamestown College, Jamestunग.
Nordit Dakota Agricultural College, State Colloge.

Degree acrepted for groduate standing only in cabe applicant has completed work substantially equivalent to the rofilimements for the baccalaureate degrec conferred by the Universit $y$ of North Dakota and has sufficient preparation for his graduate major and minors.

State Normal School, Dickinson.
State Normal and Industrial School, Ellendale.

## 1

State Teachets College, Mayville.
State Teachers College, Minot
State Teachers College, Valley City.

Wesley College, Grand Forks.
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Advanced standing is granted as follows by the college of liberal arts and the school of education; (1) Students who have completed the 1 -year professional course. for high-school graduates in an accredited normal school are allowed 30 semester hours of advanced standing, provided they can satisfy the requirements for admisslon. (2) Students who have completed the 2 -year professional comrse for high-sctool graduates in an accredited normal school are allowed 60 semester humes of advanced standing, provided they can satisfy the requirements for admission. (3) Stildents who have completed the regular 4 -year or 5 -year normal course are given 15 and 45 hours, respectively, of advanced standing. Correspondenceschool credits which are given by institutions that have not been approved by the National University Extension Association are accepted unly upon examination.

The college of liberal arts and the school of education allow 90 semester hours advanced standing to students who complete three, or more years of work at these institutions. The degree (A. B. in Education) is accepted for graduate standing only if the student has completed work which is substantially equivalent to the requirements for the baccalaureate degree of the unipersity and has sufficient preparation for his graduate major and minors.

Affiliaied with the university. The college of liberal arts and the school of education accept work done in religion to the amount of 32 semester hours and grant credits toward degrees for Wesley College instructors in voice, piano, organ, violin, and expression to the amount of 8 semester hours, one-half hour lesson counting as one hour. Wesley College accepts credits from, the university for theoretical work required for the teachers' certificate and graduation diploma.

North Dakota State Schoot of Forestry, Bottineau.
North Dakota State School of Science, Wahpeton.

The college of liberal arts and the school of education allow 60 semester hours for the completion of the socalled junior college (2-year college) course. Students who take the trade or vocational courses at these institutions are given about three-fourths valuation on such subjects or courses as can be applied to the degree sought at the university.

## Department of Public Instruction

No formal standards for accrediting higher educational institutions have been adopted by the Department of Public Instruction of North Dakota. For certification purposes recognition is given to colleges outside the State which are accredited by the national and regional accrediting associations. Recognition as indicated below is given to institutions within the State (1929-30):

## FOR HIGH-SCHOOL CERTIFICATION

North Dakota Agricultural College, State College. University of North Dakota, University.

## FOR HIGंH-SCHOOL AND ELEMENTARY SCHHOOL CERTIFICATION

Jamestown College, Jamestown.
State Normal and Industrial School, Ellendale. State Teachers College, Mayville.

8tate Teachers College, Minot. State Teachers College, Velley City.

## FOR ELEMENTARY SCHOOL CERTIFICATION

State Normal School, Dickinson.

## Ohio

## Ohio State University

The Ohio State University has not adopted a special set of stañdards for accrediting the colleges of the State, but uses the standards for the North Central Association of Cofleges and Secondary Schools (see p. 21) and of the Ohio College Association. These standards are practically the asame with the exception of the amount of productive endowment. The Ohio College Association's standard relinve to this item reads as follows:
(4) That it has productive endowment of $\$ 500,000$; or in the case of institutions that pay no salary to the faculty of instruction or which receive permanent support, equivalent to the income from the required endowment, from an established source, the executive committee shall have power to waive the endowment required, provided an institution meets fully all other requirements.

All colleges accredited by the North Central Association are accredited by the university. Several colleges belonging to the Ohio College Association, and therefore accredited by the university, are not accredited by the North Central Association, namely, Defiance College, Defiance, Notre Dame College and Ursuline College, Cleveland, and Ohio Northern University, Ada.

Following are the colleges in Ohio accredited by the North Central Association (1930) :

```
Antioch College, Yellow SprIngs.
Ashland College, Ashland.
Baldwin-Wallace College, Berea.
Capital l'niversity, Columbus
Case School of A pplied scienew, (Inveland.
College of Wooster, Wioster
Denison Cniversity, (iranville.
Heidelberg College, Tilin.
Hiram College, Hiram.
John Carroll Coiversity, l'?eveland.
Kenyon College, Gambher.
Lake Erie College. Painesvilte.
Marictta College, Marietta
Miami L'niversity, Oxford.
Mount Cnion College, Alliance.
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Muskinzum College, New Concord. Oberlin College, Oberlin.
Ohio state C'niversity, Columbus Ohin T'nicersity. Athers. Ohio Westram I'niversty Delaware. oterbeintollege, Wistehille. st Xavier College. Chacinnat Coiwersity of $A k$ ron, Akron. Cnisersity of Cincinnati, Clncineati, Eniversity of Dayton, Dayton. Eniversity of the City of Toledo. Toledo. Westeru College for Women, Osford. Western Respre Cnitersity, Cleveland. Witturiberg College, Spriagfield.

The Ohio State University inspects a number of colleges in the State which do not hold membship in any of the standard accreliting agencies. An estimate of the value placed upon their credits is given below:

## SENIOR COLLEGE:

Full credit and admission to graduate school upondegree:
Blufton College. Bluifton.
Full credit for first two sears; partial credit for last two:
Ashland College, Ashland. ${ }^{13}$ Rio Grande College, Rio Grande.

Partial credit:
Cedarville College, Cedarville.
Findlay College, Fiedlay.
Mary Manse College, Toledo.
JINIOR COLLEGES 4
Glendale College, Glendale.
St. Mary's of the Springs College. Fast Columbus.

Wilmington College, Wilmington.

- $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mount st Joseph on the Ohlo College, Mount st } \\ & \text { Joseph } \\ & \text { Wibherforer Laiversity, Wilberforce. }\end{aligned}$

Youngstown Y. M. C. A. Junior Collfge. Youngs town.

Urbana Unlversity, Urbana.

## TEACHER-TRAINING INSTITETIONS

Teacher'training institutions are not rated by the Ohio State University. This is a matter which is largely within the province of the State departunent of public instruction. Practically all of these institutions are operated as regular colleges or in connection with standard colleges in the State and in the case of any college inspection the teacher-training work is naturally given consideration in the final adjustment of the value of credits. (Letter of B. L. Stradley, university examiner, October 24, 1929.)

[^23]
## BASIC TEACHER-TRAINING STANDARDS

These standards are basic teacher-training regulations, but they do not include all Ohio teacber-training requirements and recommendations * * * Stambards in italies are goals toward which we are working; the remaining standards are now ing effect. (Organization and Basic Standards in Ohio Teacher Training, (Thio Department of Education, 1929.)

1. The institution shall be cligible to accrediting by the Association of American ['nitrrsities or by the A morican Association of Teachers Colleges. (For the present, the institution shall be cligible to accrediting in the Ohio College Association, the Sorth Central Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools, the Association of Amorican Uuiversities, the American Association of Teachers Colleges, or some "quivalent standard accrediting ageney. The teachers college shall be eligible to accrediting by a professional standardizing ageney.)
2. The teacher-training division in eachinstitution shall be clearly defined. It shall have at its head an official who is capable of leadership in modern education. -3. The majority of the tencher-training staff thot including the training and dimoustration teachere) shall jossess at least hree yrars of graduate training in their rispectirc teaching fields.
3. All member:x of the college teacher-training staff (including education, academic. und spucial tdachers) shall possess professional training.
4. All metnbers of the teacher-training staff (iileluding training and demonstration teachers) shall possess at least one year of graduate fraining.
5. The instruction in teacher-training instit utions shall be of superior quality. It shall he characterized by the professionalization of subject matter, the correlation of content, edneational theory, and the practice of teaching, resourceful types of student activity, and detailed and systemet ized knowledge of subject matter.
6. There shall he at least three full-time instructors in education in general high-school teacher training and at lenet fite full-time instructors in education in both elementary and general high-schowl tereher training. There shall be at least four full-time instructors in music or physiral education, if it is a teachertraining field. There skall be at least turo full-time instructors in English, history, sncial science, and biology and, if it is a teacher-training field, at least two full-time instructurs in home economics, conmerce, induatrial arts, vocational education, and art; as soon as practicable the full-time staff in commerce shall be increased to four.
7. There shall be drreloped in each institulion a comprchensive and reliable system of student selection and guidance.
8. In a 4-ycar and $j$-year teacher-training program, there shall be at least 75 students in the junior and senior years who are specializing in education. In each of the so-called special ficlds, there shall be at least 30 stiduents in the four years who are majoring in the special teacher-training field.
9. All prospective teachers shall register for not less than 30 semicster hours of college work under the direction of the teacher-training division of the institution before they are eligible to certification.
10. The curriculum in all fields shall cover a period of at least fire years. (For the next several ycars, most elementary teacher-training institutions should emphasize the 4-year program.)
11. There shall be adcquate protision of laboratory and demonstration school or classroom facilities.
12. A 2-year or 3 -year curticulum in the ele mentary teacher-training field may be offered hut it shall be accompanicd by definite provision for the 4 -year or the 5 -year program of training in that field.
13. The group of strictly professional (education) coyrses, required of all candidates for the provisional certificate, shall include:

| Reguiredsuhient | Semoster hours |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Itigh school | ElemenLary | Suecial |
| Educational nsychulogy................................. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |
| Principles of edueation........................ | 3 | 3 | 8 |
| Administration, orkanization, or management | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Methods: Special methods in the tenchink field or metter courses.................................. | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Observation and participation | 2 or ${ }^{2}$ | 2or $\begin{array}{r}6 \\ 3\end{array}$ | 12 or 4 |
| 8tudent tesching...... | 5 or 4 | 2 or <br> 5 or | 2 or 3 5 or 4 |
| Public-school music Physical education | Jor 4 | $\bigcirc$ or ${ }_{3}$ | 5 or 4 |
| Physical educstion |  | 2 | . |
| Education electives to total. |  |  |  |
|  | 21 | 31 | 24 |

16 la music.
15. The institution shall place allequate emphasis "por: a superior type of remedial instruction, upon the know ledge of fundamental subject mater in each of the teaching fields, and upon a vivid understanding of such basic fields in all teaching as education, English, history, social science, and biology.

TEACHER-TRAINING INSTITUTIONS ACCREDITED 1920-30

Antioch College, Yellow Springs.
Ashland College, Ashland.
Baldwin-Winllace College, Heran.

- Bluftion College, Blafton.

Capital University, Columbus
College of St. Mary of the Springs. East Collumbus.
College of Wooster, Wonster.
Deflance Collese. Donance.
Denisnn U'miveisity, Orinville.
Heidelberg College. Timn.
Hiram Cullege. Hitum.
Lake Erie College. Painesville.
Marietta College, Marietta.
Miami Unl:ersity, Orform
Mount Ublon Collere. Alliance.
Muskingum College, New C incurd.
Oberlin College, oberlin.

Ohio Northern University, Adn. Ohin State U'niversitv, Columbus. - Ohin Viniversity, Athens.

Ohio Westeyan Univorsity. Delaware.
Oticrbein College, Westerville
St. John's Unirersity. Teachers College. Toledo. State Normal College. Bou ling Oreen.
State Normal College. Kent.
University of Akrnn, Akron.
University of Cincfnnatl, Cinclonati.
Vniverslty of Dayton, Dayton.
Viniversity of Toledo. Tnlodo.
Western College for Women, Oxford.
Western Reserve University, Cleveland.
Wilmington College, Wilmingtnn.
Wilherforce, University, Wilherforce. ${ }^{1}$
Wittenberg College, Springfeld.

## Oklahoma

## University of Ôklahoma

The Oklahoma State Board of Education is the authorized accrediting agency for the State. The Tniversity of Oklahoma cooperates with the board in drawing up standards for institutions of higher learning and in preparing lists of accredited institutions.

## Department of Education

The standards employed by the Department of Education of Oklahoma in accrediting the senior colleges of the State are virtually the same as the standards of the North Central Association of Colleges and Secondary Schopls (see pp. 21 and 22).

- Colored.
(Some of the institutions have been only temporarily accredited and their sLatus may chage at the ond of the present school year)

Bethany-Penlel College, Bethany.
Catholic College of Oklahoma College for Women, Guthrie.
Central State Teachers College, Edmond.
Colored Agricultural and Normal University, Langston.
F.ust Central State Teachers College, Ada.

Northeastern State Teachers College, Tallequah. Northwestern State Teachers College, Alva, Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanleal College, Stillwater.

Oklahoma Baptist University, Bhawnee.
Gklahome City University, Oklahoma City, Oklshoms College for Women, Chickashs. Panbandle Agricultural and Mechanical Collago, Goodwell.
Phillips University, Enid, Southeastern State Teachers College, Durant, Southwestern State Teachers College, Weatherford. University of Oklahoma, Norman. University of Tulsa, Tulsa.

## STANDARDS FOR JUNIOR COLLEGES

1. Definition.-A standard junior college is an institution of higher education with a curriculum covering two years of collegiate work (at least 60 semester hours, or the equivalent in year, term, or quarter credits), which is based upon and continues or supplements the work of secondary instruction as given in any accredited 4 -year high school. A semester hour is defined as one period of classroom work in lecture or recitation extending through not less than 50 minutea net or their equivalent per week for a period of 18 weeks, two periods of laboratory work being counted as the equivalent of one hour of lecture or recitation.
2. Admission. -The junior college shall require for adınission at least 15 units of secondary work. These units must represent work done in a secondary school approved by a recognizel accrediting agency or by the result of examinations. The major portion of the units accepted for admission must be definitely correlated with the curriculum to which the student is admitted.
3. Organizalion.-The work of the junior college shall be organized on a college basis, so as to secure equivalency in prerequisites, scope, and thoroughness to the work done in the first two years of a standard college.
4. Facally. - The minimum scholastic requirement of all teachers of classes in the junior college shall be graduation from a standard dollege, and, in addition, graduate work in a university of recognized standing amounting to one year, presumably including the master's degree. The teaching schedule of instructors shall not exceed 18 hours per'week, 15 hours is recommended as the norm. Twenty-two hours of college and high-school work combined shall be the maximum. Members of the faculty shall be assigned work in keeping with their majors and minors in collegiate training. Instructora in junior colleges offering secóndary work shall hold Oklahoma State high school certificates.
5. Size of classes.-Classes, exclusive of lectures, of more than 30 students shall be interpreted as endangering educational efficiency.
6. Registration.-No junior college shall be accredited unless it has at least 60 students regularly registered in accordance with these standards. Of those enrolled at least one-third should be in the second year. The regulations concerning the number enrolled may be waived for the first year a college is accredited,
7. Libraries and laboratories.-The junior college shall have a live, well-distributed and efficiently administered library of at least 2,000 volumes, exclusive of public documents, selected with special reference to college work and with a definite annual appropriation for the purchase of current books and periodicala. Such an appropriation shall be at least $\$ 500$. The junior college shall be provided with labaratories fully equipped to illustrate each course announced.
8. Finances. - The annual income shall be sufficient to provide adequately for maintaining these standards.
9. R.ports and records.- An annual report shall be mate to the state department of education, on blanks provided for the purpose, priur to November 1. A system of complete and accurate records showing the secondary and college credit of each student shall be maintained in surh form as to he nsed casily and preserved safely.

1t. Inspetion... The state board of education shall designate a committee which shall be responsible for the inspection of junior colieges. After a visit to a college, a complete report shall be made to the state board of education.

## JENIOR COLLEGES ACCREDITED FOR 6O SLEMESTER HOCRE, 1929-30 <br> Bacone College, Bacone <br> Camaron state theol ot tatidulure, havtun. <br> Conners State School of Aericulture, Wimer. <br> Murray State school of Agriculture, Tishomine.. <br>  Xentlemsten Whtahe, Jumior College, Mama  C,Hezr, Tumban,

## Oregon <br> University of Oregon

The Vnitersity of Oregom has ratablished no standards for acreditiog higher institutions. It recognizes the work of the following inslitations as indicated:

FOUR-YEAR COLLEGES
(Institutions of Full Collugiate Rank)

Alhany College, Alhany.
Linfleld College, McMiativille
Oregn Agricultural College, Cirtalds.
Pacilic CoHege, New berg.

I'mbil I niversity, Forevt cirne Rem r'slege, I'urtland. Willametle Thiversity. sislem.

## JNIOR COLLEGES

(Two Years of Adranced Standing Allowed)
Columbla Unlversity, Portland.
Mount Angel College, St. Benedict.
St Mary's College, Portland,

## teactilr-training institetions

(A Maximum of Two Years of "Blanket" Credit Allowed)
E\&stern Oregon Normal School, La Grade.
Marylhurst Normal school, Oswego.

Oreaon Normal. School, Monmouth.
Southern Orecrintiormal School, Ashland.

Eugene Bible l'niversity, Eugene. It is passible for a student tra erring from this institution to receive as much as fio term hours or 40 semester hours of credit, but thopredit must he in sulyects speciflcully designated by the undiersity.
Oregon Institute of Technology, Porthand. Transcript of record given no evaluation. Adenission granted with only first-jear standing.
Philomath College, Phdounath. Work given approsimatels three-fourths credit.
Department of Education
The Department of Education of Oregon has adopted no standards for accrediting higher educational institutions. It recognizes as standard those institutions which have been accredited by such standardizing organizations as the Northwest Association of Secondary and Higher Schools and the North Central Association of Colleges and Secondary Schuols.

Department of Public Instruction, Standards for Approving Colleges

The act of assembly states that no charter fur an incorporated institution, with power to confer degrees, hall be granted matil the merits of the application, from an educational standpoint, 'shall be passed upon by the state council of education. The act further states that an institution hereafter chartered, with the power to confer degrees, must satiofy the following requirements:

1. A minimum productive endowment of at least $\$ 500,0010$ heyond all indebtedness and assets invested in buildings and apparatus for the exclusive purpose of promoting instruction.
2. A faculty consisting of at least eight regular professors who devote all their time to the instruction of its college or university classes. -

Excption: In colleges incorjorated under the art and devoted to a specific subject, as literature or science. the faculty need not consist of more than three regular professors.
3. For the baccalamreate degree in art, scicnce, philospohy or literature, a student must complete a college or university course covering four yearss
4. The standard of admission to these 4 -vear courses shall not be less than four years of academic or high-school preparation or its equivalent.

In addition to the legat requirements for degree-conferring anthority it is recommenced tha: the standards set up by the Association of Colleges and Preparatury Schools of the Middle Statex and Maryland and other standardizing agencies he considered in accrediting higher institutions of learning in Pemsylvania. These standards are:

1. The college year should include for each student not less than 32 weeks of actual instruction in arademic work or the equivalent. The college should require for graduation not less than 120 semester hours of work, exclusive of extracurricular activities.
2. Members of the teaching staffof the college in regular charge of classes should have had not less than one vear of graduate study and one-fourth of them should have had training equivalent to the degree of doctor of philosophy. However, efficiency in teaching as well as preparation and gualifications for teaching should be taken into account.
3. The maximum number of periods per week of teaching for each instructor should not exceed 18. Fifteen periods a week are recommended. The colleges should limit the number of students in any recitation or laboratory class to 30 .
4. The curricula of the college should have justifiable relation to the resources of the institution. Small institutions should confine their work to one or two degres.
5. The college should maintain a library consisting of at least 7,000 volumes, exclusive of Government reports. The books should be well distributed and chosen for the lines of work the institution undertakes. The library should be under the direction of a trained librarian and should be kept alive by means of frequent additions thereto from funds annually provided.
B. The college should provide for the work of the students a laboratory, and equipment sufficient to develop ail the courses offered in the scienterand frequent additions should be made by moneys appropriated therefor.
6. The college should not maintain a preparatory school as part of the college organization. Should the college charter provide for a preparatory school it $118407^{\circ}-30 — 8$
should be kept distinct and separate from the colleqn in students, faculty, bufldings, and discipline.
7. No college will be approved by the State council of education until it has been visited by a member of the State council or by a person authorized to inspect the institution.
8. Other factors in determining the standing of the college are: Character of the curriculum, efficiency of instruction, soundness of scholarship, and the spiritual tone of the institution.
9. The college, to be of standard grade, must be able to prepare its students to enter recognized graduate, professional, or research institution- as candidates for advanced degrees.
10. Honorary degrees should be granted only to persons whose achievements in science, literature, and public serviee in a community, are of ott-tanding merit. These degrees should not be conferred upun an alumnus until 15 to 20 vears after graduation. The value of the degree is lessened unless such degrees are awarded very aparingly.

## COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES ACCREDITED 1929-30 •

Albright College, Reading. 1
Allegheny College, Meadville.
Beaver College, Jenkintown.
Bryn Mawr College, Bryn Mawr.
Bucknell University, Lewisburg.
Carnegle Institute of Technology, Fittstrugh.
Cedar Crest College, Allentown.
College Misericoritia, Dallas.
Dlekinson College, Carlisle. -
Dresel Institute, Philadelphia.
Dropsie College, Philadelphia.
Duquesne University of the IIoly (ihost. Pittsbureh.
Elizabethtown College, Elizabrihtown.
Franklin and Marshall College, Lancaster.
Geneva College, Beaver Falls.
Gettysburg College, Gettyshurg.
Grove City College, Grove City.
Haverford College, Haverford.
Immaculata College, Immaculata.
junlata College, Huntingdon.
La/ayette College, Easton.
La Salle College, Pbiladelphla.
Lebanon Valley College, Annville.
Lehigh Uaiversity, Bethlehem.
Lincoln University, Lincoln University. ${ }^{4}$
Marywood College, Scranton.
Mercyhurst College, Erie.
Moravian College and Theological Seminary, Bethlehem. 1

Moravian College Ior Women, Meththeilh.
Mount st. Joseph College, Philatmphia.
Muhlenterg Collfge, Allentown.
Pennsylvania College for Women, Pittshurh.
Pennsylvania Military College, Chester.
Pennsy/vania Stute College, state College
Philadelphia rolloge of Phambery and stience. Philadelphia.
Rosemont College, Rosemont.
Seton Hill College, Griwnsturg.
St. Francis College, Loretto.
St. Joseph's College, Philadelphia
St. Tbomas Collegr, Scranton.
St. VIncent College, Latrobe.
Susquehanna U'niversity, Sefinszrave.
Swarthmore College, Swarthmore
Temple L'niversity, Phlladelghis. Thiel College, Grenville. University of Pennsylvania, Philddolphia. University of Pitishargh, Pittshurgh. Ursinus Collegn, Collegeville.
Villa Maria Collcke, Frie. Villanova College, Villanova Washington and Jeffersmn College, Wushington
Waynesburg College, Wayneshurk
Westininister Collage, New Wilmington
Wilson College, Chambersburk.

## TEACHERS COLLEGES

State Teachers College, Bloomshurg.
State Teachers Col'ege, California.
State Teachers College, Clarion.
State Teachers College, East Stroudshurg.
State Teachers College, Edinboro.
State Teachers College, Indiana.
State Teachers College, Kutztown.

State Teachers College, Lock Haven. State Teachers College, Mansfleld. State Teachers Colleg', -Millersville. State Teachers Coll'ge, Shippenburg. State Teachers College, Slippery Rock, State Teachers College, West Chester.

Standards for junior colleges have not been adopted.

[^24]
# Rhode Island <br> Department of Education 

We do not establish formal standards. For the content qualification, we arcept the diploma of any standard, reputable 4 -year college. We do not certificate on jumior-college content. We recognize also the diplomas of State normal schools or similaf training institutions, requiring three years of attendance aud training after graduation for secondary schools. (Letter of Walter E. Ranger, commissioner of ulucation, March 24, 1530.)

## South Carolina - University of South Carolina

The University of South Carolina has no formal standards for accrediting collegiate institutions. It grants recognition to the colleges of the State as indicated below (1929-30) :

The Citasel, the Military College of Soutli furo-
lina. Charleston
Wemson Agricultural College, C'lemson Culle.e Wher Collepe, liartsville.
cillere of Charleston, charleston.
finterse College, sputhnburg.
trkine College, Due West.
Himman Uaiversity, Greenville.
Inent one College, Galfuey.
I'restis terian College of South C'arulina, Clinion
Winthrop College, Kirk IIill.
Wofford College, Spartanhurg.
Throra College, Columbia.
colimbia college, Columbia.
lisen ville Woman's College, Greenville Intuder College, Cireenwood.
Newherry Collere, Newherry.
Himan's College of Due West, Hue West.t
summerlund Collere, Batesville.
Anderson College, Anderson

I'olumbia Bible Schonl, 'olumbia.
Hesleyan Methodist rollere, Ceniral.
(a) Transcript of record given full value. Degree accepted for graduate standing. Graduate work arcepted for advanced degreas. ${ }^{14}$
(0) Transcript of record given full value. Degree nccepted for graduate standing.
(c) Transcript of record given full value. Graduation certificate accepted for full. sophomore standing. (Two-year Junior college.)
(d) Transcript of record aiven approximately three-fourths valuation.
(e) Transcript of record given no \alustion. Admission granted with only first yeur'standing.

## South Dakota

## University of South Dakota

## STANDARDS FOR ACCREDITING COLLEGES

1. A standard college is one offering a course of four years in advance of the pork of an accredited 4-year high school.
2. The departments of instruction shall be not less than seven in mumber.
3. Six thousand bound volumes may be accepted as meeting the minimum requirement for library. This must include satisfactory reference for each department of instruction, as well as general reference works. Not fewer than 25
[^25]Periodicals of good grade should the taken. The annual expenditure for peridicals and new books should not fall below $\$ 400$.
4. Laboratory equipment will correspond in extent to the courses + Tred For a aingle year of chemistry or biology the minimum value of apparatus should be $\$ 1,000$; for a year of physics, $\$ 1,500$; for other sciences, an adequate amount,
5. Students should be required to present for admission not less than 15 units, ans defined in the state high-school manual. Conditioned freshmen may be admitted under 21 years of age with not less than 14 units, and special st udet:s over 21 years of age may be admitted on such conditions as the aut horities of the college may permit. The total of conditioned fremhmen and special students must mot exceed 15 per eent of the total enrollment.
6. Fir graduation the requirements shall be not less than 120 simester hoors, including 6 hours in English. ! 2 hours in a foreign language, 6 huors in mata matics or a natural science, 6 hours in a social science, 12 hours in each of three mínors, and anywhere from 24 to 36 hours in a major.
7. The degree conferred upon graduates shall be bachelor of arts, or inelatlor of science, as the character of the course may render indvisable.
8. The normad registration of students shall be 15 to 16 hours por week of prepared work. Credit on transfer to the university will be granted at the rate of 30 semester hours for the first vear, and 32 for succeding years. Applications for transfer credit on excess registration will be determined upon the basis of the quality of the student's work during his first somester at the university,
9. Class huirs shall not be less than 50 minutes flear in length.
10. The maximum size of a recitation or laboratory section should be 30 . Nut more than 5 per cent of all sections may exceed this maximum,
11. The minimum scholastic requirement of all instructors shall be graduation from a standard college, or its definitely established equivalent. At least fill per cent of the faculty must have the master's degree from an institution of acceptable grade. Graduate preparation of all instructors for the suiject taught is very desirable, but the assignment of teachers is primarily to be adjusted hy the: authorities of the college.
12. Instruction shall be departmentalized as far us possible, and not less than eight teachers shall be doing college work.
13. The teaching schedule of instrurtors shall not exceed 18 hours wer week. (For interpreting this standard, two hours of laboratory supervision shatl be considered the equivalent of one of recitation or lecture work.)
14. The salary to be paid instructors can not be specified, but the average annual turnover in teaching forec should not exceed 30 per cent.
15. High-school and college students shall not be taught in the same elisses.
16. The grading system and its administration, the form and keeping of the permanent records, the arrangement and clearsess of the colloge catalogut or announcement, shall be such aseonform to the better practice of higher institutions.
17. No institution will be accredited until it has graduated an acceptable class, fut from a s : $; 00 \mathrm{l}$ ot herwise meeting the standards a student may transfer credits to the university without prejudice, provided his average for the first semester in the university is not less than 80 .
18. No college will he recognized as standard so long as any secondary school maintained by its organization and under its auspices is not accredited by the State department of public instruction.

## FOUR.YEAR STANDARD COLLEGES ACCREDITED 1929-30

[^26]South Dakota State College of Agrlculture and Mechanic Arts, Brookings,
Wouth Dakota State School of Mines, Rapid City.
Yankton College, Yankton.

## RTANDARIS FOR ACCREDITING JUNIOR COLLEGEB

1. An awredited junior college is one offering a course of two years, comprising not less than 60 semester hours. in advance of the work of an accredited 4 -vear highsithool.
2. The depart ments of instrucfion shall be not less than 5 in number.
3. Three thousand volumes, exglusive of publie documents, may be acepted as meting the minimum requirement for library. This must include satisfactory reforme for each department of instrution, as well as general reference works. Nuffewer than 20 periodicals of gond grade should be taken. The annual expenditure for perindicals and new hooks should not fall below $\$ 250$.
4. Laboratory equpment will correspond in extent to the courses offered, but wo effort stoulc. be made to offer chemistry or biology with leas than $\$ 1,000$ of apparatus, or physies with hess than $\$ 1.500$ of apparatus.
i. Students should be reguirel to present for admission not less than 15 units, as defined in the state high-school manual. Conditioned freshmen may be admitted under 21 years of age with, not less than 14 units, and special students wer 21 vear: of age may lie admitfed on such conditions as the authorities of the college may permit. The total of conditioned freshmen and special students must not eareed 15 per cent of the total enrollment.
(i) For graduation the reguirment shall be not less than 60 semester hours, inchuding tifurs cach in English, a foreign langmage, a social spence, and either mathematies or a matural science.
5. A diphoma may be issued to graduates, but no bacealaureate degree shall I. e conferred.
S. The mormat registration of sturlents shall lie 15 or 16 hours per week of prepared work. Credit on transfer to the university will he granted at not to exced 30 srmester hours for the first year, and 32 hours for the second year.
6. (I:2:s homers siall not he less than 50 minutes clear in length.

1II. The maximun size of a recitation or haboratory section shall be 30 .
11. The minimum scholastic reguirement of all instructors shall be graduation from a standard college, or its definitely established equivalent. At least 40 per went of the faculty must have the master's degree frow an institution of aceeptablugrade. Graduate preparation of all instructors for the subject tanght is very desiralid, but the assignment of teachers is primarily to te adjusted by the authorities of the college.
12. Instruction shall be departmentalized as far as possible, and not fewer than four tewhers shall be doing rollege work.
13. The teaching selhedule of instructors teaching junior college classes shall be limited to 22 hours per week; for instructors devoting their whole time to juniur college classes, 18 hours shall be a maximum. (For interpreting this standard, two hours of lahoratory supervision shall be considered the equivalent of one of recitation or lecture work.)
14. The salary to be paid instructors can not be specified, but the average annual turnover in teaching force shonld not exceed 40 per cent.
15. High-sehool and college students shall not be rombined into the same class forinstruction, except in forcign latiguage. In case of such combination, college stidents may claim credit at the rate of six semester hourafor a course meeting five times per week throughout the year.
16. The grading system and its administration, the form and keeping of the permanent records, the arrangement and clearness of the college catalogue or announcement, shall be such as conform to the better practice of higher institutions.
17. No inatitution will be accredited until it has graduated an acceptable class, but from a school otherwise meeting the standards a student may transfor credita
te the university without prejudice, provided his average for the first semester In the university is not leas than 80 .
18. No junior college will be accredited when maintained in connection with a secondary school unless such secondary school is fully accredited by the State department of public instruction.

- ACCREIITEEDJVIOR COLLEOES. IV:H30

Notre Inme Achilemy, Mttchell.
Wessington Springs Junio. College, Wessingtun springs.

## gTANDARDS FOR ACCREDITING TEACHERS COLLEGES

1. An accredited teachers college is one offering a course of four years in advance of the work of an accredited 4-year high school.
2. The departments of instruction shall not be less than nitue in number.
3. Six tholisand bound volumes, exclusive of Government documents, may he accepted as meeting the minimum requirement for library. This must include satisfactory reference for ench department of instruction, an well as general reference works. Not fewer than 30 periodicals of good grade should be taken. The amnal expenditure for periodicals and new books ahould not fall below $\$ 600$,
4. Laboratory equipment will correspond in extent to the courses offered. For a single year of chemistry or biology the minimum value of apparatus should be $\$ 1,000$; for a year of physics, $\$ 1,500$; for other sciences, an adequate amount.
5. Students should be required to present for admission not fewer than 15 units, as defined in the high-school manual. Conditioned freshmen may be admitted under 21 years of age with not less than 14 units, and special students over 21 years of age may be admitted on such conditions as the authorities of the college may permit. The total of conditioned freshmen and special students must not exceed 15 per cent of the total enrollment.
6. For graduation the requirement shall not be fewer than 120 semester hours, including 6 hours in English,, an equal amount in mathematics or a natural science, 12 hours in earh of three minors, and a major in education and paychology of not fewer than 32 hours.
7. The degree conferred upon graduates shall be bachelor of science in education.
8. The normal registration of students shall be 15 or $\mathbf{1 6}$ hours per week of prepared work, with a maximum of 20 hours per week under faculty regulation. Credit on transfer to the university will be granted at the rate of 24,56 , and 88 semester hours for one, two, and three years, respectively, of work in the teachers college. Applications fos transfer credit in excess of this will be determined upon the basis of the quality of the student's work during his first semester at the university. Students may be awarded advanced standing not to exceed 36 semester hours in education, 16 in any other subject, and 12 of "blanket" or unclassifiable credit.
9. Class hours should be 50 minutes in length whenever possible. Shorter periods will submit credits to a proportionate reduction upon transfer.
10. The maximum size of a recitation or laboratory section should be 30 . Not more than 5 per cent of all sections may exceed this maximum.
11. The minimum scholastic requirement of all instructors shall be graduation from a standard college, or its definitely established equivalent. At least 50 per cent of the faculty must have the master's degree from an institution of accept:able grade. Graduate preparation of all instructors for the subject taught is very desirable, but the assignment of teachers is primarily to be adjusted by the authorities of the college.
12. Instruction shall be departmentalized as far as possible, and not fewer than 12 teachers shall be doing college work.
13. The tearhing schedule of instructors shall not exceed 18 hours per week. (For interpreting ihis standard two hours of laboratory supervision shall be considered the equivalent of one of recitation or lecture work.)
14. The salary to be paid instructors can not be specified, but the average a matal turnover in teaching force should not exceed 30 per cent.
15. High-school and college students shall not be taught in the same classes.
16. The grading system and its administration, the form and keeping of the permanent records. the arrangement and clearness of the college catalogue or :nnumement, shall be such as conform to the better practjce of higher institutions
17. No institution will be accredited until it has gradinted an acceptable class, bit from a school otherwise meeting the standards, a student may transfer credits to the university without prejudice, provided his average for the first senester in the university is not less than" 80 .

ACCREDITED TEACHERS COLLEGER, 1929-30
Fastern State Teachers Collere, Madison. State Normal Schonl, Bpearfish. Northern Normal nod Industrial School, Aberteen. State Normal School, Spriniffeld.

## Department of Public Instruction

The University of South Dakota is the accrediting agency for the State. To graduates of the institutions which the university has accredited recoguition is grauted as follows (1920-30):

For provisional diplomas ( 4 -year course), provisional certificate, provisional State certificate (2-year course), and vocational certificate:

Aupustana College, Stour Falls. S
Dskota Wesloyan University, Mitchell. Enstern State Tenchers College, Madisnn.
Huron College, Hirron.
Northern Normal and Industrinl School, Aberdeen.
Sious Falls College, Sloux Falls.

- . th Dakota State College of Agriculture and Mechnuic Arts, Brookings.
State Normal School, Spearfish. State Normal Sctiool, Springfield. University of South Dakota, Vermillion.
Yankton College, Yankton.

For provisional certificate and State certificate (2-year course):

Nutre Dame Academy, Mitchell.
Redfield College, Redfleld.
For first grade certificat§:
Aupustana Academy, Centon.
Augustana College, Blour Falls.
Finstern State Tenchars College, Madison.
Fureka Luthernn College, Euraka.
Freeman College, Freeman.

Wessington Springs Junior Collóze, Wessington Springs.

Northern Normal and Industrial 8chool, Alierdeen. Notre Dame Academy, Mitchell. State Normul School, Spearfish. State Normal School, Bpringfield.

## Tennessee

## University of Tennessee

The Uuiversity of Tennessee has adopted no standards for accrediting colleges. Credits from institutions not members of the Assosiation of Colleges and Secondary Schools of the Southern States (see pp. 15 and 16) are carefully checked and are accepted only tentatively pending the completion of a year's work in the University of Tennessee.

## Department of Education

The Department of Education of Tennessee approves the colleges of the State ou the basis of the result of personm inspection by a representative of the State board of education. Graduates of 4 -year approved institutions whe have completed at least 27 quarter hours credit in education may be issued certificates to teach in 4 year high schools. The certificates are limited to the suljects in which the applicants have completed at least 18 quarter hours credit.

Graduates of standard junior colleges or normal schools who have been in attendance for 72 weeks and completed 90 quarter hours credit, including 18 quarter hours credit in professional education, may be issued 4 -year certificater. to teach all the subjects in junior high schools or permanent certificates to teach the elementary branches.

- Applicants from institutions outside the State may be issued professional certificates, provided the institution from which they conse is a member of a standard accrediting association and, provided also, their records show that they have completed the required professional educational work.

FOUR-YEAR COLLEGES ACCREDIT\&D, 192930

Bethel College, McKenzie
Carson and Newman College. Jeffermon City Cumberland University. Lebanon.
East Tennassee State Teachers College, Johnsin City.
George Peabody College for Teachers, Nash ville King Collere. Bristol.
Lincoln Memorial Universits. Harrogate.
Lambuth Colleze, Jacksun.
Maryville College, Maryuille.
Middle Tennessee State Teachers College. Murfreeshoro.

Milligan Colleze, Milligan. swhthestern College, Memphis.
Trinessee Colleze, Murfreestum. Tennessee Polytechnic Institute. Cinwerille. Tusculum College, Greenville. Union Coniversity, Jaskson. TViversity of Chattanonga, Chatfadooga, University of the South, Sewanee. Tniversity of Tenneasee. Knoxrille. Vanderbilt University, Nushville. West Tennessee State Teachers Gollege. Memphls.

## NFGRO COLLEOES

Agricultumal and Industrial Normal College for Negroes, Nashville.
Fisk C'niversity, Nashville.

Knoxville Colleze, Knoxville. Lane College, Jackson.

JUNIOR COLLEGES

Centenary College, Cloveland.
David Lipscomb College, Nashville.
Freed llardeman College, Henderson.
Hiwassee College, Marlisonville.
Martin College, Pulaski.
Nashville Agricultural and Normal Institute. Madison.

Tennassee Wesleyan Colleze, Athens.
'Trevecca' College, Nashville.
Iniversity of Tennessee Junior College, Martin.
Ward-Belmnnt Junior College. Nashville.

NEGRO JUNIOR COLIEEGEG
Morristown Normal and Industrial College, Morristown. "
Awift Memorial College, Kogersville (one year only.)

## Texas

University of Texas

## MINIMUM STANDIRDS FOR SENIOR COLLEEGES

1. Admission.-A senior college shall reguire for admission a minimum of $\mathbf{1 5}$ units, accredited by the State department of education, or obtained by examination as an equivalent. (All examinatimpapers are to be kept on file for one year, subject to inspection.) No quantitative condition may be allowed, but subject conditions are permissible provided 15 acceptable unit:s are presented.

No affiliated units are to be accepted exeept from graduates of the secondary school from which they are obtained, or from another accredited school by which they were accepted for advanced standing.

The major portion of the secondary school credit should be definitely correlated with the curriculum of the college to which the student is admitted.

From a sccondary schoul which is urganized with separate junior high school and 3-year senior high schum, 12 units done in the upper three years of the high school will satisfy the entrance reguirement, the other three units being accepted on bloc from the junior ligh schawl work.
2. Requircments for graluation. - The senior college should require for gradur ation the satisfactory completion of not hes than 180 term hours (or its equivalent in other college units of credit), with such further qualitative scholastic requirements, as each college may determine according to its conditions of work. The satisfactory completion of this amount of credit implies four full years of college work (with nn aggregate of at least 144 weeks), unless the time is reduced by quality work, which grants the student the privilege of taking more than the normal amount of work each term. Any plan which reduces the aggregate time below 126 weeks must be considered as tending toward educational inefficiency.
3. Number of degrces-The conferring of a multiplisity of degrees.is discouraged. It is far better for a small institution to build one or two strong degrees.

When mote than one baccalaureate degree is offered, all should be equivalent in. requirements for admission and graduation. Institutions of limited resources and madequate facilities for graduate work should confine themselves strictly to undergraduate work:"
4. Number of collcge departments. - There should be maintained at least eight separate departments in liheral arts and sciences with not fewer than one professor devoting his whole time to each department.
The size of the farulty should bear a definite relationship to the type of instruction, the number of students, and the number of classes offered.
5. Separation of college and academy.-The'college should not maintain a preparatory school as a part of the college organization. In case such a school is maintained under the college charter it must be rigidly separated to the extent of separate faculty, classes, and discipline.

At least 75 per cent of the students of a senior college should be pursuing courses leading to baccalaureate degrees in arts and sciences.
6. Training of the facully,-A faculty properly qualified should consist entirely of graduates of standard colleges, and each head of a department shall hold at least a master's degree from a standard college or have attained eminent success as a teacher. Graduate study and 6raining in research equivalent to that required for a Ph. D. degrec are urgently recommended for the heads of departments. In the department of education, in addition to the above, teachers should have had successful experience in public-school work.
7. Salaries.-Heads of departments should receive salaries not less than those paid by standard institutions. Under normal conditions it is expected that the salary of a full professor of a senior college should be made at least $\$ 3,000$ for the regular college year of 36 weeks.
8. Classroom hours per teacher.-The number of hours of work for each teacher will vary in the different departments. The amount of preparation required for the class and the time needed to keep abreast of the subjects, together with the number of students in, the department, should be taken into account in determining this factor. Teaching demands exceeding 16 hours per week for each instructor should be interpreted as endangering educational efficiency. In general, two laboratory hours will be counted as equivalent to one recitation hour.
9. Number of students in classes.- The number of students in a recitation or laboratory class should be limited to 30 . A smaller number is much to be desired.
10. Support. - There should be an annual income of not less than $\$ 30,000$ from either or all of tuition, fees, rentals, or endowment (but not including charges for board and room) for the maintenance of the college exclusive of the academy, fine arts, and other departments.

To insure permanency it is urged that an adequate productive endowment be established and maintained by each standard senior college.
11. Library. - The library should contain, exclusive of public documents and periodical publications, at least 8,000 volumes bearing specifically upon the subjects taught in the college.
12. Laboratories. - The laboratory equipment should be sufficient to perform all the experiments called for by the courses offered in the sciences, sufficiency to be measured by the use value. These facilities should be kept up by annual appropriations in keeping with the curriculum.
13. General statement concerning material equipment.-The location and construction of the buildings, the lighting, the heating, and ventilating of the rooms, the nature of the laboratories, corridors, closets, water supply, school furniture, apparatus, and the methods of cleaning shall be such as to insure hygienic conditions for both students and teachers.
14. General statement concerning curriculum 'and spiril of administration.-The character of the curriculum, the efficiency of instruction, the scientific spirit, the soundness of scholarship, the standards for regular degrees, the conservatism in granting honorary degrees, and the tone of the institution shall also be factors in determining its standing.
15. Standing in educational world.-The instilution must be able to prepare its graduates to enter recognized schools as candidates for advanced degrees.
16. Extracurricular activilies. - The proper administration of athletics, student publications, student organizations, and all other extracurricular activities is one of the fundamental tests of a standard college and, therefore, should be considered in classification.
Athletics: The members of the association will be expected to make regular reports on their supervision of athletics, showing that the latter are on a cleansand healthy basis, that they do not occupy an undue place in the life of the college, and that strict eligibility and scholarship requirements are enforced. Professionalism and commercialism in athletics shall disqualify a college from membership in the approved list of the association.
17. Enrollment. - In order to maintain the tone and spirit of a standard senior college of the first class, a minimum enrollment of boha fide students (those carrying at least 12 hours of college credit work) shall be 135 , of whom at least 35 shall be third and fourth class college students.

## First-Class senion Colleges, may 15, 1929

Institutions that meet in full all the respective criteria prescribed. Students from institutions so rated should receive hour for hour credit.

Abilene Christian College, Abilene.
Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas, College Station.
Austin College, 8 berman.
Baylor College, Belton.
Baylor University, Wico.
College of Industrial Arts, Denton.
Daniel Baker College, Brownwood.
Enst Teras State Teachers College, Conımerce.
Howard Payne College, Brownwood.
Incarnate Word College, San Antonio McMurry College, Abilene.
North Teras State Teachers College, Denton.
Our Lady of the Lake College, sim Antonio Rice Institute, Houston.
st, Edward's University, Austin.
St. Mary's College, San Antonio.


## MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR JUNIOR COLLEGE8

1. The preparatory work of a junior college must be accredited by the State department of education to the extent of at least four units for each year offered.
2. It should require for admission not fewer than 15 units, accredited by the $\$$. State department of education. No quantitative conditions may be allowed; but subject conditions may be permitted, provided 15 acceptable units have been presented. Graduation from an accredited secondary school is a primary qualification for admission to full collegiate standing; 15 units without graduation does not meet the requirements (except of course, by examination or by individual approval). The major portion of the secondary-school courses accepted foradmission should be definitely correlated with the curriculum to which the student is admitted.
From a secondary school which is organized with separate junior high school and 3-year senior high school 12 units done in the upper three years of the high school will satisfy the entrance requirement, the other threc units being accepted en bloc from the junior high-school work.
3. It should offer two years of college work, the equivalent of 1560 -minute hours per week of recitation each year.
4. If courses are offered in science above the academy, it should have laboratory equipment sufficient to perform all the experiments called for by such courses; sufficiency to be measured by the use value. These facilities should be kept up hy the annual appropriations in keeping with the curriculum.
5. It should have a library of not fewer than 2,000 volumes bearing specifically upon the subjects taught.
6. It should maintain at least five departments with a professor giving his full time to each. Teachers other than heads of departments may teach in more than one department. As specdily as possible such schools should go from five to six and seven, and even more, full professors. The library and laboratories should not lag in constant growth.
7. No teacher should be required to do more than 21 hours per week of classroom work.
8. No student should be allowed to do more than 15 hours of classroom work per week on a basis of 60 year-hours for graduation, i. e., as a rule the student

[^27]should be allowed only one-fourth of his degree work per year. A student may take, in addition to 15 hours, a given amuunt of music or other fine arts.
9. All teachers should be graduates of standard colleges. The head of at least three departments should hold nn M. A. degree from a standard college, and the heids of the other departments shall have the work for their M. A. degree actively in progress.

Graduation from a standard college is the desired standard for teachers of such special subjects as music, art, expression, physical edycation; and this standard is emphasized, but temporarily not requirèd; teachers of such special departments must show a record of acceptable training in schools of their own specialties, and ho.. much academic training each has had; on the basis of these data tle committee shall determine the acceptabilities in each case.
10. Teachers may teach both preparatory and college classes. Preparatory students may carry classes only under the following restrictions:
(a) A student who is not a graduate of an affiliated school, or who has not 15 approved units, must be claksed as a preparatory stident and not as a college student.
(b) Only the student who is within two units of graduation from the preparatory department may enroll in any college class.
(c) A student must enroll for all required and elective entrance subjects necessary for his graduation from the preparatory department beforn enrolling for any college subject.
(d) All students who complete the preparatory course must be graduated and not simply passed into college without a diploma.
(e) In receiving students into the preparatory department each subject must be checked separately either by its affiliation, or by examination, or by the completion of an advanced preparatory course in that subject. Merely spending a year (or less) in the preparatory department does not approve the units previously enrned by the students.
11. Enrollment. In order to maintain the tone and spirit of a staudard junior college of the first class, a minimum enrollment of bona fide college students (those carrying at least 12 hours of college credit work) shall be 60 , of whom at least 20 shall be second-year colleger students.

## FIRST-CLASS JINIOR COLLEGES, MAY 15,1029

Institutions that meet in full all the respertive criteria preseribed. Students from institutions so rated should receive hour for hour credit.

[^28][^29]
## SECOND-CLASS JUNIOR COLLEGES

Institutions that approximate the respective criteria prescribed but fall short of them in certain particulars. Students from institutions so rated should receive not more than 13 session hours, or 26 semester hours, per year.
Blinn Memorial College, Hrenham.
Ranger Junior College, Ranger.
Littlefield College, Littlefield.
St. Mary's Colleqe, Dallss.
Department of Education
MINIMLM HEQUIHEMENTS FOR A COL'rit: OH UNIVEHSITY OF THE FILST-CLABS AS ADOPTED BY THE STATE DEPARTMANT OF EDUCATION AND APPHOVED BY THE COLLEGE SECTION OF THE STATE TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION

1. Entrance requirements.-Entrance requirements should not be less than $\mathbf{1 5}$ standard high-school units.
2. Required for graduation. - The completion of four years of work of 36 weeks (ach. with an average of not fewer than fifteen 60 -minute recitations per week, During each rear the student may not complete, as a rule, more than onefourth of the requirements for graduation, except when making up conditions. Should the colloge have four quarters, of 12 weeks each, then a student may graduate in less than four years. At least one year of actual residence work should be required of all students who enter. with advanced standing.
3. Number of degrecs.-The tomferring of a multiplicity of degrees is to be disronraged. It is far better for a small institution to build up one strong degree.
4. Number of college departments.- There should be maiutained at least seven separate departments in liberal arts and sciences with not less than one professor devoting his whole time to each department.
5. Separation of college and academy.-The college should be separate from any academic or preparatory school, to the extent of separate faculties and classes.
6. Training of the faculty.-A faculty properly qualified shall consist entirely of graduates of standard colleges and each head of a department shall hold at least a master's degree from a standard college or have attained eminent success is a teacher. Graduate study and trainthg in resenrch equivalent to that reguifed for the Ph D. degree are urgently recommended. In departments of education, in addition to the above requirements, trachers should have had successful experience in public-school work.
7. Salaries.-Heads of departments should not receive salaries less than those paid by standard institutions. The average salary paid to members of the faculty is a serious factor in determining the standing of any institution.
8. Number of classroom hours per teacher.-The number of hours of work given by each tencher will vary in the different departments. To determinte this, the amount of preparation required for the class and the time needed for study to keep abreast of the subject, together with the number of students, must be taken into account; but in no case shall more than 20 hours per week be required, 15 being recommended as a maximum.
9. Number of students in classes.- The number of students in a recitation or laboratory class should be limited to 30 . A smaller number is much to be desired.
10. Support. - There should be an annual income of at least $\$ 20,000$ from either ir all tuition fees, rent,' or endowment. This does not include charges for bosird.
11. Library.-The library should contain, exclusive of public documents and periodicals, 5,000 volumes bearing specifically upon the subjects taught.
12. Laboratories.-The laboratory equipment should be sufficient to perform all of the experiments called for by the courses offered in the sciences-sufficiency.
to be measured by the value of the apparatus-which shall be, in chemistry not less than $\$ 2,500$; in physics, not less than $\$ 3,500$; in biology, not less than $\$ 2,500$.
13. General statement concerning material equipment.-The location and construction of the buildings, the lighting, heating, and ventilation of the rooms, the nature of the laboratories, corridors, closets, water supply, school furniture, apparatus, and methods of cleaning shall be such as to insure hygienic conditions for both students and teachers.
14. General statement concerning curriculum and spirit of administration.-The character of the curriculum, the efficiency of instrurtion, the scientific spirit, the standard for regular degrees, the conservatism in granting honorary degrees, and the tone of the institution shall also be factors in determining its standing.
15. Slanding in educational world.-The institution must be able to prepare its graduates to enter recognized schwols as candidates for advanced degrees.

## SENIOR COLLEGES ACCREDITED ON OR BEFORE JANUARY 1, 1930

Abilene Christian College, Abilene.
Agricultural and Mechanical Collene of Tevas, Coliege Station.
Austin College, Sherman.
Baslor College for Women, Belton.
Bayhir Tonlversity, Waco,
College of Industrial Arts, Denton.
Daniel Baker College, Brownwood.
East Texas State Teachers College, Commerie Howard Payne College, Brownwood.
lncarnate Word College, San Antonio. McMurry College, Abilene.
North Texns State Teachers College, Denton. Our Lady of the Lake College, San Antonio. Rice Institute, Houston.
St. Edward's University, Austin. 8t. Mary's College, San Antonlo.

Sam Houston statc Teathers Collage, Huntsville Simmons University, A bilene.
Southern Methodist University, Dallns.
Southwestern Ubiversity, Georgetown.
Southwest Teuss State Teachers College. Sna Marcos.
Stephen F. Austin Sinte Teachers Collega. Nacordoches.
Sul Ross State Teachers Colloge, Alpine.
Texas Christian University, Fort Worth.
Texas College of Arıs and Industries. Kingsville."
Tevas Technologimal College, Lubtmek.
Telas Woman's Colleze, Fort Worth.
Trinity University, Waxahachle.
Luiversity of Texas, Austin (including Texas school of Mines, El Pasn).
West Teras Stato Teachers Collere. Canynn.

## STANDARDS FOR ACCREDITING JUNIOR COLLEGES

## GENERAL REUUIREMFATS 20

1. Definition.-A standard junior college is an institution of higher education which offers and maintains at least 60 semester hours of work acceptable for advanced standing in the colleges of arts and sciences of standard senior colleges. including the equivalent of the required work of the first two years of said colleges of arts and sciences. A semester hour is defined as one period of classroom work in lecture or recitation extending through not less than 55 minutes net, or its - equivalent, per week, for a period of 18 weeks at least, two periods of laboratory work being required as the equivalent of one hour of lecture or recitation. . The junior college work is based upon and continues or supplements the work of secondary instruction as given in any accredited 4 -year high school. Its classes are composed of only those students who have complied with the minimum requirements for admissign. No junior college student shall receive credit for more than 16 hours in one semester exclusive of the required practical work in physical education. The maximum credit a student can earn in a junior college is $\mathbf{6 0}$ semester hours.

[^30]2. Admission.-The junior college shall reç iire for admission at least $\mathbf{1 5}$ unita, representing a 4 -year curriculum of secondary work as defined by the high-school division of the State department of education or the equivalent. These unite must represent work done in a secondary achool approved by a recognized accrediting agency, excepting that credit for work completed in an unaccredited secondary school may be obtained upon the basis of examination. In no case shall entrance examinations be given for more than four units for each yoar spent in a secondary school. These examinations for secondary credit must be taken at the beginniug of the term in which the student enters the junior college.

Students over 21 years of age who are able to demonstrate their fitness to do college work, may be admitted to college classes as special students, but they can not be candidates for graduation until they have met the requirements for admission as regular students.
A student shall not be given unconditioned college credit until all entrance conditions have heen fully met.
It is recomimended that the major portion of the units accepted for admission be definitely correlated with the curriculum to which the student is admitted.
3. Organization-The work of the junior college shall be organized on a college, as distinguin!ed from high-school hasis, so as to secure equivalency in prerequisites, scope, and thoroughness to the work done in the first two years of a standard college.
4. Faculty.- It shall maintain at least five departments with a professor giving his full time to each. Tenchers other than heads of departments may teach in more than one department. As speedily as possible such schools should go from five to six and seven, and even more, full professors. The minimum scholastic requirement of all teachers of clasees in the junior college should be graduation from a standard college, and in addition, graduate wofk amounting to one year in a university of recognized standing. All the teachers shall be graduates of standard colleges. The head of each of at least three departments shall hold an M. A. degree from a standard college, and the heads of the other departmenta shall have the work for their M. A. degrees actively in progress. The courses taught by any teacher must be in the field of specialization represented by his graduate work. The teaching schedule of instructors shall not exceed 18 houra a week; 15 hours is recommended as the maximum.
5. Size of classes.-Classes of more than 30 students shall he interpreted as endangering educational efficiency.
6. Regisiration.-No junior college shall be accredited unless it has at least 50 students regularly registered in accordance with these standards. Beginning with the acssion of 1928-29 the minimum will be 60 . Of those enrolled, at least 20 should be in the second year. To be counted in this requirement the student must be taking 12 hours of work per week.
7. Libraries. -The junior college shall have a modern, well-distributed, catalogued, and efficiently administered library of at least 2,000 volumes, exelusive of public documents, selected with special reference to the college work being offered, and with a definite annual appropriation for the purchase of current books and periodicale. It is urged that such an appropriation be at least $\$ 500$.
8. Laboratories.-If courses are offered in science above the academy, it should have laboratory equipment sufficient for all the experiments called for by such courses, sufficiency to be measured by the value of the apparatus and its relation to the science courses offered.
9. Student load.-No student should be allowed to do more than 15 hours of classmoom work per week on a basis of 60 year-hours for graduation; i. e., as a rule the student should be allowed only one-fourth of his degree work per year, unless
a student is a conditioned freshman. A student may take, in addition to 15 hours, a given amount of music or other fine arts.
10. Inspection. - No junior college shall be accredited until it has been inspected and reported upon by an examiner representing the State superintendent of public instruction. Such inspection will not be authorized until the college has filed the regular information blank furnished by the State board of examiners.
11. Affliation.-Before being classified, a junior college must have had its preparatory department affiliated hy the State department of education to the extent of at least four units for each vear offexd.

## JUNIOR COLLEGES ACCREDITED ON OR BEFORE JANLARY 1, 1930

Amarillo Junlor College, Amarillo. Blinn Memorial College, Brenham. Hurleson College, Oreenville. Clarendon Junior College, Clarendon. Clifton Collere, Cultton. College of Marshall, Marshall. Decatur Baptist College, Decatur Edinburg Junior College, Edinturg. ${ }^{-}$ (iatnesville Juntor College, Gaingurille. Hillsboro Juntor College, Hilshorn. Houston Junlor Collere, Houston. Jacksonville Junior College, Jacksnnville. John Tarleton College, Stephenville Junior College of the Lower Riu Grantie Vithes. Brownsville.
Kidd-Key College, Sherman.
Litilefield College, Littlefield.
Lon Morris College, Jacksoaville. Lutheran College, Seguin.
North Teasa Agricultural Conlege, Arlingion.

Paris Junior Collesce, Paris. Randolph Junior College, Clisn. Ranger Junior Collece, Nanker. Ein Adzelo Junlor College, San Ankeln. San Antonio Junlor College. San Antunio. St. Mary's College, Dallas. Schreiner Institute, Kerville. South Park Junior C'ollece, Bemmont Temple Junior College. Temple Tevarkana Junior Colleke, Tevarkana, Tevas Christlan College, Terrell. Tevas Military College, Terrell T'yler Junior College, Tyler. Victorta Juntor Colle; de, Victumi Wayland Ccllere, Plainview. Wcatherford College, Weatherford. Weley College, fireenville. Westminster Colleze. Toluanmin. Westmourland College, San Antomio. Wichita Falls Junior Colloge, Wiehita Falls

COLIEGES FOR NEOROES

## Senior

Bishop College, Marshall.
Samuel Ilouston Collere, Austin.
Guadalupe Collece. Seguin. Wiley College, Marshall.
Pralrie View Staie Normal and Industrial College, Pralrie View.

Junior

Butler College, Tyler.
Houston Colored Junior College, Thuston. Jarvis Christlau Institute, Hawkins.
Mary Allen Seminary, Crocket!

St. Phillp's Junior College, San Antonio
Texas Collere, Tyler.
Tillotson College, Austin.

> Utah
> University of Utah

There are but two 4-year colleges in Utah outside of the State university-the Agricultural College of Utah, Logan, and Brigham Young University, Provo. The University of Utah accepts, in general, the work of the other two colleges on the same basis as its own, reserving the right to evaluate it as it sees fit. In the case of Brigham Young University, no credit is allowed for work done in theology.
Students from the four junior colleges maintained by the Church of the Latter Day Sainta-Dixie College, St. George; Latter Day Saints College, Salt Lake City; Snow College, Ephraim; and Weber College, Ogden-and from Westminster Junior College and St. Mary's of the Waantch, Salt Lake City, are admitted to the university with advanced standing, but in the case of the Latter Day Saints institutions frequently with a reduction in credits.

## Department of Public Instruction

The Department of Publio Instruction of Utah has adopted no requirementa for accrediting the three 4-year higher educational institutions of the State, but it recognizes their work as being of standard grade. The lnstitutions are:
Agricultural College of Otah (Including the Branch $\mid$ Brigham Young University, Provo. Agricultural College at Cedar City), Logan. . University of Utah, Balt Lake Clity.

## STANDARDS FOR ACCREDITING JUNIOR COLLEGES

1. A junior college shall be understood to designate an institution of higher dearning which gives two years of college work commonly known as the freshman and sophomore years.
2. A junior college shall require for admission the satisfactory completion of 15 scholastic units in a secondary school approved by a recognized accrediting agency, or 12 scholastio unitsi in the upper three years of a secondary school similarly approved.
3. A junior college shall offer college work in at least four groups or departments, including in each yeatione or more subjects in each of three of the following groups: Language, history and social science, biological science, physical science, mathematics, business, vocational training, and education. The recognition of practice teaching in junior colleges shall be a prerogative of the State board of education.
4. A junior college shall require as a minimum for graduation 60 semester hours or 90 quarter hours of college work.
5. The faculty of a junior college shall be made up of teachers of recognized ability, holding at least the master's degree from an accredited inatitution, or the equivalent of such degree.
6. No instructor in a junior college shall carry more than 20 teaching hours a week. If part of the instructor's teaching is in the high school, five hours of highschool teaching may be counted as four hours of junior college teaching.
7. The nature and quality of the instruction in all subjects taught in a junior college shall te approved by the State board of education as a prerequisite of accreditation.
8. By permission of the faculty of a junior college, a high-school student of special ability, who has finighed his junior year with an excess of credits, may, after registering for the high-school subjects needed to complete 16 units for graduation, take the remainder of his year's work in the junior college. He shall not be classified as a junior oollege student, however, until he has fully completed all requirements for entrance to the college.
9. The student load in a junior college shall consist of 16 hours with a maximum of 18 hours for exceptional students.
10. A junior college shall possess a library with a minimum of 5,000 volumes, exclusive of public documents, bearing specifically upon the subjects taught. It shall be receiving regularly at least two standard periodicals. It shall be provided with a definite appropriation of not less than 50 cents per capita of students enrolled for the purchase of new books yearly.
11. In a course requiring laboratory work, a junior collego shall possess equipment necessary to meet college standards, the adequacy of such equipment to be determined by the State board of education.
12. Accreditation, once granted, shall not be consldered a permanent acquirement. It may be withdrawn whenever it is evident that the standards as set forth by the State board of education have not been fully mot.

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13. A State school desiring to be accredited as a junior college shall apply to the State board of education for inspection.
The work of the following institutions is accepted toward fulfilling requirements for State certification (1929-30) :

Dixie Normal College, St, George.
Judge Memorlal High School, Salt Lake City.
Latter Day Baints College, Balt Lake City.
Logan Acadamy, Logan.
Rowland Hall, Dalt Lake City.
Sacred Heart Academy, Ogden.
St. Ann's 8chool, Salt Lake City.
8t. Joseph's School, Ogden.

St. Mary's of the Wasatch, Balt Lake City. Seventh Day Adventist Bchool, Ogden. Serenth Day Adventist School, Salt Laze City. Snow College, Ephraim.
Wasatch Acsdemy, Mount Pleasant.
Weber Normsl Collego, Ogden.
Westminster College, Salt Lake City.

## Vermont

## University of Vermont

The University of Vermont has rot formally adopted standards for accreditiog higher institutions. It gitants ciedit as indicated to the following 4 -year colleges of the State:
Middlebury College, Middlebury:
Credenthals accepted at full value.
Norwich University, Northfield:
Btudents are not transierred unless the University of Vermont entrance requirements are eatisted, and then only subject to a discount of 30 semester hours of credit.
8t. Michael's College, WInooski Park:
The work in Greek, Latin, and French is satisfactory.
Other credits are not accepted eacept by advance standing examination.
There are no junior colleges in the State.
A standardized 2 -year course in teacher training is offered at the University of Vermont, Burlington, and st the State normal schools at Castleton and Johnson. The University of Vermont does not recognize the teacher-training work given on its own campus for advanced standing in the college of arts and science, and accordingly can not recognize that given at the other two institutions.

## Department of Education

There is no formal accrediting of higher educational institutions by the Department of Education of Vermont. Institutions which are accepted for the certifcation of teachers are:
Middlebury Collegs, Middlebury.
Trinity Collegge, Burlington.
Norwich Unlversity, Northfield.
St. Mlohael's Collego, W lnooski Park.
Ualveralty of Vermont, Burlington.

## Virginia

## University of Virginia

In granting advanced standing to students from instltutions of higher learaing in the State the University of Virginia accepts the lists of 4 -year colleges, junior colleges, and teacher-training institutions prepared by the State board of education.

Department of Education
For accrediting 4 -year colleges the State Board of Education of Virginia has adopted, with slight modifications, the standards of the Association of Colleges and Secoudary Schools of the Southern States (see pp. 15 and 16); for junior colleges it has adopted the standards, also slightly modified, recomended by
the American Association of Junior Colleges (see pp. 31 and 32). It has adopted no standards for teachex-training institutions. -
The following institutions are recognized as standard colleges, standard junior colleges, standard technical and professional colleges, and standard normal schools (1929-30):

## COLLEGES

Bridgewater College, Bridgewater.
College of $\mathbf{W}$ illiam and Mary, Whlliamshurg. Fmory and Heary College, Emory.
Hampden-Sidney College, Hampden-Sidney. Hollins College, Hollins.
Lynchhurg Collige, Lynchburg.
Randolph-Macon Collegr, A stiland.
Mundolph-Macon Woman's College, Lyachburg.
Roanoke College, Balem.

Sweet Rriar College, 8weet Brlar.
Unlversity of Rlchmond (Rlchmond Collige, Westhampton ( (ollege), Richmond. Inlversity of Virginla, Charlottesville. Virpinia Military Institute, Lexington. Virginla Polytechnic Institute, Blackshurg. Virginia U'nion University, Richmond. Washington and Lee University, Lexington.

## JUNIOR COLLEGES

A verett College, Danville. Blackstone College for (irls, Blackstouc. Hhurfield College, Blucficld. Marion College, Marion. Martha Washlagton College, Abingion. Mary Baldwin College, Staunton.

Shenandoah College, Dayton. Stonewall Jackson College, Ablngdon. Sullins College, Bristol. Virainia College, Roanoto. Virginia Intermont College, Bristol. Virginia Theological Beminary and College (college department), Lynchburg, Va. ${ }^{\prime}$

Under the designation"Standard technical colleges-and standard professional colleges," the board lists the following institutions:

## TECHNICAL AND PROFESSIONAL COLLEGES

Medical College of Virginia; Richmond state Teachers College, Farmville. state Teachers College, Froderickshurg State Teachers College, Harrisunburg.

State Teachera College, Radiord.
Virginia Normal and Industrial Institute, Peterb burg.

## NORMAL SCHOOLS

Armstrong Normal School, Rlchmond.
Hampton Normal and Agricultural Institute, Hampton.

Richmond Clty Normal School.
8t. Paul Normal and Industrial Institute, Lawrencerllle. ${ }^{\circ}$

## Washington

## University of Washington

The University oi Washington has not adopted formal standarda for accrediting institutions of higher learning. Its practice in accepting credits from the institutions in the State is shown in the following statement:

## FOUR-YEAR COLLEGES

Transcript of record givan full value subject to univerait y regulations. Degree accepted for graduate standing. Graduate work accepted for advanced degrees: State College of Washington, Pullman.
Transcript of record given full value subject to university regulations, Degree sccepted for graduate standing: College of Puget Sound, Tacoms. Gonzaga University, Spokane (accredited at the rate of 16 bours per semester). Whitman College, Walls Walla.

## - Colored.

## ACCREDITED HIGHER INSTITUTIONS

Transcript of record given full value subject to univeraity regulations. Graduation certificste accopted for Junlor standing. (Two-year Junlor colleges.): Seattle Colloge, Seattle. Beattlo Pacific College, Seattle (Ireshman and sophomore years). spokane University, Spokane (Ireahman and sophomore years). Walla Walla College, College Place (treshman and sophomore years).
Transcript of record accepted for admission on a provisional basls. Valuation determinedafter completion of satisfactory record in residence (usually in upper division courses) or upon specia ficommendation of the presidents of the institutions concerned: Seattle Paciffe Senlo. College, Seattle (Junlor and senior work accepted on spectal recommendation). Walla Walla Sentor College, College Place (Juntor and senior work accepted on spectal rocommendation).
Transeript of record given no valuation. Admlssion granted with only first-year standing: Spokane Unilversity Senfor College, Spokane. Whitworth Collere, Spokane.

## JUNIOR COLLEGES

Transcript of record given full value subject to university regulations. Graduation certificate accepted fir Junior standing. (Two-yenr Junlor colleges.)

Centralla Junlor College, Centralla.
Foreat Ridge Convent, Scattle
Mount Vernon Junior College, Mount Vernon. Paclfic Lutheran College, Parkland.
Seattle Itacific College, Seatle.

Epokane University, Spakane.
St. Martir's College, Laces.
Walla Walla College, College Place.
Yakima Junlor College, Yakinua.

## NORMAL SCHOOLS

Holy Names Academy, Normal Department, - Seattle.

Baly Names Academy, Normal Department, Spokane.

State Normal School, Cheney.
Washlngton State Normal Schopl, Bellingham, Washlogton State Normal School, Ellenshurg.

## Department of Education

The State Board of Education of Washington has provided "That there be two plans for accrediting higher institutions within the State of Washington ${ }^{21}$ to be knowe as Class A accreditation and Class B accreditation."

## CLASS A ACCREDITATION

Class A accreditation shall extend to all schools based on acceptable national standards of accreditation. Class A accreditation shall extend to all graduates applying for certifcation when the standard certification requirements bave been met.


## CLASS B ACCREDITATION

Class B accredftation shall be under the immediate direction of the State board of education, which may recognize rraduates worthy of consideration only when the individual achievement of the particular gradiuate is satisfactory: Prooided, That in no case shall more than the upper two-thirds of the graduating class, meeting the certification requiremants at the time of graduation, be recommended by the institution for certificates to teach in the State of Washington; Proolded further, That if at any time a larger number be recommended by the institutjon, suth recommendation shall be presented to the State board of education for consideration at its annual meating in June.

## COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES

> CLASS A, 1920-30

College of Puget Sound, Tacoma. Gonzaga University, Spokane. State College of Washington, Pullman.

CLASS B, 1929-30
8pokano University, 8pokane.
Whitworth College, Bpokane.
${ }^{11}$ The State board of education also maintains a list of Institutions outaide the State of Washington which it accredits for teacher certifcation; but since the accrediting of institutions is provided for in every State by elther the State undverslity or State depaftment of education or by at least one of the voluntary accrediting assodations, the list is omitted.

## NORMAL SCHOOLS

CLASS A, 1929-30
Holy Names Academy, Normal Departwent, State Normal School, Bellingham. $^{\text {Na }}$ Seattle.
Holy Names Academy, Normal Department, frokane.
State Normal School, Cbeney. Btate Normal Schonl, Ellensburg. Walls Walla College, Normal Department, College Place.

CLASS B, 1829-30
Pacific Lutheran College, Normal Department, Seatile Pacilio College, Normal Departmeṇt. Parklamb Sesttle.

## West Virginia

West Virginia University bases its recognition of the higher educational institutions in the State on information obtained from inspections which it conduets from time to time. With reference to other State institutions, its practice is to give full credit for courses approved by the State bogrd of education.

## STANDARD COLLEGES WHOSE CREDITS ARE ACCEPTED AT FACE VALUE (1929-30)

Bethany College, Bethany.
Coucord state Normal School (teachers college), Athens.
Lavis and Elkins College, Elkins.
Fairmont State Normal School (teachers college),
Falrmont.

Marshall College, Huntington.
New River State School, Montgomery, ${ }^{\text {B }}$ Salem College, Salem.
West Virginla Wesleyan College, Buck Lannoa.

## STATE NORMAL SCHOOLS OFFERING 3-YEAR COLLEGECOURSES FOR WHICH FULL CREDIT IS GIVEN BY THE UNIVERSITY

Glenville State Normal School, Glenville.
Bhepherd College State Normal School, Shepherdstown. West Liberty State Normal Bchool. West Liberty.

## JUNIOR COLLEGES

A maximum of two years of college wofk is accepted from these institutions Alderson Junfor College, Alderson.
Oreenbrier College for Women, Lewisturg.
Potomac state Bchool, Keyser.

## State Department of Education

The State Department of Education of West Virginia has adopted no formal standards for accrediting higher educational iustitutions. It gives recognition to the institutions in the State as follows:

Standard 4-year colloges:
Bethany College, Bethany.
New River State School, Montgomery.

Standard 4-year colleges-Continued.
West Virginia University, Morguntown
West Virginia Wesleyan College, Buckhannon.
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[^31]
## NEGRO COLLEGES

Bluefleld Institute, Bluefield.
West Virginis State College, Institute. Standard toachers colleges:

Concord State Normal School, Athens.
Fairmont State Normal School, Falrmont. Mershall College, Huntington.

Approved for two and three year courses:-
Glenville State Normal School, Glenville. Shepberd College Stato Normal School, Shepherdstown.
West Liberty State Normal Bchool, West Liberty.

All college credits accepted for State teachers' certificates in so far as they meet the group requirements and other requirements of teacher-training courses:

Broaddus College, Phllippi. Davis and Elkins College, Elkins. Mortis Harvey College, Barboursvilla. Junior colleges: Alderson Junior College, Alderson. Salam College, Salem. Greenbrier College for Women, Lewisburg. Potomac State School, Keyser. (Approved for tbree years of college work.)
Storer College, Harpers Ferry. ${ }^{1}$

# Wisconsin <br> University of Wisconsin $\sim$ 

The University of Wisconsin handles each transeript of record on its individual merits. Grades must average "Fair" or above; that is, a grade of C on a scale of $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}, \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{D}, \mathrm{E}$, if D is the passing grade. Ordinarily, however, transcripts from the schools listed below fall intothe classifications indicated (1929-30):

4-YEAR COLLEGES
Transcript of record given full value:
Belolt-College, Beloit.
Carroll College, Waukesha.
Lawrence College, Appleton.
Marquette University, Milwaukee.
Milton College, Milton.
Milwaukee-Downer Collegr, Milwaukea.
Mount Mary College. Milwaukee,"
Ripon College, Ripon.

## STATE TEACHERS CQLLEGES

(The State teachers colleges have not had their new 4 -year courses estimated for entrance to the graduate school. However, their records will be handled as though they came from accredited colleges.)

Central State Teachers College, Btevens Point.
State Teachers College, Eau Claire.
State Teachers College, La Crosse.
State Teachers College, Mllwaukee.
State Teachers College, Oshkosh.

State Teachers College, Platteville. State Teacbers College, River Falls. State Teachers College, Superior. State Teachers College, Whitewater.

Transcript of record accepted for admission on a provisional basis. Valuation determined only after completion of satisfactory record in residence:
Nashotah House, Nashotah. (Olves a 8 -year colleglate courso.)
Northweatern College, Watertown. (No credit aliowed for work In laboratory sclences.)
St. Francls Seminary, St. Francis.
${ }^{1}$ Colored. $\quad$ Formerly St. Mary's College, Prairle du Ubien

Valuation of credentials not covered by preceding classification and stated fully on report:

Mission House College, Plymouth.
Northland College, Ashland. 8t. Norbert's College, West De Pere. Stout Institute, Menomonie.

Graduates may enter as seniors. If their college committee recommends a particular student for entrance to the graduate school, he will be admitted.
(A State teachers college. Has a course in industrial education which meets the entrance requirements to the graduate school if taken since 1022. The home economics course does not admilt the student to the griduate school.)

## JUNIOR COLLEGES

Transcript of record accepted for admission on a provisional basis. Valuation determined only after completion of satisfactory record in residence:
Central Wisconsin College, Scandinavia.
Edgewood Junior College, Madison.
Grafton Hall, Fond du Lac.
Northwestern Military Academy, Lake Genera. (Has a 1-year college course which is recognized tentatively on their recommendation.)
Transcript of record given full value. Graduation certificate accepted for fult junior standing:
University of Wisconsin Extension Day Scbool, Milwaukee.

## Department of Public Instruction

The Department of Public Instrletion of Wisconsin has no formal standards for accrediting colleges. In giving recognition to institutions outside the State, it makes use of the lists of institutions prepared by the qational and regional accrediting associations. The institutions in the State which it approves for teacher certification (1929-30) are:

Beloit College, Beloit *
Carroll College, Waukesha.
Central State Teachers College, Stevens Point.
Lawrence College, Appleton.
Marquette Universif, Marquette.
Muton College, Milton.
Muwaukee-Downer College, Milwaukee.
Mount Mary College, Milwaukee."
Nortbland College, Ashland.
Ripon College, Ripon.

State Teachers College, Eau Claire.
State Teachers College, La Crosse.
State Teachers College, Milwaukee. State Teachers College, Oshkosh. State Teachers College, Platteville. State Teachers College, River Falls. State Teachers College, Superior. State Teachers College, Whitewater. Stout Institute, Menomonie. University of Wisconsin, Madison.

## Wyoming

The presence of but one institution of higher learning in the State of Wyoming obviates the necessity for accrediting activity on the part of the State university or the State department of education. For admission with advanced standing to the University of Wyoming and for certificating teachers, dependence is had upon the policy of the State universities of the States in which the institutions whose students are concerned are located and upon the lists of the accrediting associations. (See pp. 9 to 31.)

[^32]
# III. Professional and Technical Schools Accredited, Approved, or Classified by National Organizations 

## American Association of $\dot{C}_{\text {clleges of }}$ Pharmacy

Secretary: Zada M. Cooper, Btato Unlversity of Iowa, Iowa City, Iows

Members, 1929-30
Alabama Polyteckntc Institute, Department of Pharmacy, Auburn, Ala.
-

University of Callfornia, Californla College of Pharmacy, San Francisco, Calle. University of Southern Californis, Colloge of Pharmacy, Los Angeles, Calif.
University oi Colorado, College of Pharmacy, Boulder, Colo.
George Washington University, School ol Pharmacy, Washington, D. O.'
Howard University, College of Pharmacy, Washington D. C. 1
University of Florida, College of Pharmacy, Gainesville, Fla.'
University of Georgis, 8chool of Pharmacy, A thens, Ga. ${ }^{1}$
4 University of Idaho, Southern Branch, Dlvision of Pharmacy, Pocatello, Ídaho. ${ }^{1}$
University of Illinois, School of Pharmacy, Chicago, 11.
Indlanapolis College of Pharmacy, Indianspolis, Ind.
Purdue University, School of Pharmacy, La Fayelte, Ind.
University of Notre Dame, Department of Pharmacy, Notre Dame, Ind.
Valparaiso University, Department of Pharmacy, Valparalso, Ind.
State University of Iowa, Collage of Pharmacy, Iowa City, Iowa.
University of Kansas, 8chool of Pharmacy, Lawrence, Kans.
Louisville College of Pharmacy, Loulsville, Ky.
Layola University, New Orleans College of Pharmacy, New Orleans, Le.
Tulane University of Louisians, Bchool of Pbarmacy, New Orieans, Ia.
University of Maryland, School of Pharmacy, Baltmore, Md.
Massachusetts College of Pharmacy, Boston, Mass.
Detroit Institute of Technology, College of Pharniaoy and Chemistry, Detrolt, Mioh.
Unlversity of Miehigan, College of Pharmacy, Ann Arbor, Mich.
University of Minnesota, College of Pharmacy, Minneapolis, Minn.
University of Mississippl, Bchool of Pharmacy, University, Miss.
St. Louls College of Pharmacy, 8t. Louls, Mo. $>$
Btate University of Montans, School of Pharmacy, Missoula, Mont.
Creighton University, College of Pharmacy, Omaha, Nebr.
Universlty of Nebraska, College of Pharmacy, Lincoln, Nebr.
Rutgers Unlversity, The State University of New Jersey, New Jersey College of Pharmacy, Newark, N. J.
University of North Carolma, Schoof of Pharmacy, Chapel Hill, N. C.
North Dakota Agricultural College, School of Pharmaey, University, N. Dak,
Oblo Northern University, College bf Pharmacy, Ada, Ohlo.
Ohio State Úniversity, College of Pharmacy, Columbus, Ohio.
Western Reserve Unlversity, Bchool of Pharmacy, Oleveland, Ohio.
University of Oklahoma, School of Pharmacy, Norman, Orla.
Oregon Agricuttural College, School of Pharmacy, Corvallis, Oreg.
North Pacific College of Oregon, School of Pharmacy, Portland, Oreg.
Philadelphla College of Pharmacy and Sclence, Pblladelphla, Pa.
University of Pittsburgh, Pitsburgh College of Pharmsof, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Temple University, Bchool of Pharmaoy, Philadelphia, Pa. ${ }^{1}$
Unlversity of the Phulppines, 8chool of Pharmacy, Manill, P. I.
University of Porto Rico, Oollege of Pharmacy, Rio Piedras, P. R.
Rhode Island College of Pharmacy and Allied Sclences, Providence, R. L

Medical College of the State of South Carolina, School of Pharmacy, Charleston, B. O.
South Dakota State College of Agriculture and Mechanic Agts, Division of Pharmacy, Brookinge, B. Dak. Meharry Medical College, Department of Pharmacy, Nashville, Tenn. 1
University of Tennessee, Bchool of Pharmacy, Memphis, Tenn
University of Teras, College of Pharmacy, Qalveston, Tex,
Medical College of Virginia, School of Pharmacy, Richmond, Va.
University of Washington, College of Pharmacy, Beattle, Wash.
State College of Washington; School of Pharmacy, Pullman, Wash.
West Virginia University, School of Medicine, Department of Pharmacy, Morgantown, W. Va University of Wisconsin, Course in Pharmacy, Madison, Wis.

## Associate Members

College of the City of Detrolt, School of Pharmacy, Detroit, Mich. Duquesze Unirersity, Sohool of Pharmacy, Pittsburgh, Pa.
University of South Carolina, School of Pharmacy, Columbia, 8. O.

# American Association of Collegiate Schools of Business 

Secretary: Wulam A. Rawles, Indiana University, Bloomington, Ind.

## Members, March, 1930

University of Alabarma, Bchool of Commerce and Business Administration, Univarsity, Ala.
Leland Stanford Junior University, Graduate School of Business, Stanford University, Calif.
University of California, College of Commerce, Berkeley, Calff.
University of Southern California, College of Commerce and Business Administration, Los Angeles, Calif.
University of Denver, School of Commerce, Accounts, and Finance, Denver, Colo.
University of Florlda, College of Commerce and Journallsm, Gainesviller, Fla. ${ }^{\text {? }}$
Georgia School of Technology, Bchool of Commerce, Atlanta, Ga.
University of Georgis, School of Commerce, Athens, Os.
Northwestern University, School of Commerce, Cbicago, IIl.
University of Chicago, School of Commerce and Administration, Chicago, Ill.
Iniversity of Illinois, College of Commerce and Business Administration, Urbana, ill.
Indiana University, school of Commerce and Financo, Bloomington, Ind.
State University of Iowa, College of Commerce, Iowa City, Iowa.
University of Kansas, School of Husiness, Lawrence, Kans.
University of Kentucky, College of Commerce, Lexington, Ky.
Tulane University of Louislana, College of Commerce and Business Administration, New Orieans, La. Boston University, College of Business Administration, Boston, Mass.
Harvard University, Graduate Bchool of Bustness Administration, Boston, Mass.
University of Mlchigan, School of Business Administration, Ann Arbor, Mich.
Unjversity of Minnesota, Bchool of Business Administration, Minneapolis, Minn.
University of Missouri, School of Business and Public Administration, Columbla, Mo.
Washington University, School of Business and Publio Administration, 8t. Louls, Mo.
University of Nebraska, College of Business Administration, Lincoln, Nebr.
Deptmouth College, Amos Tuck School of Administration and Financo, Hanover, N. H.
Columbis University, School of Business, New York, N. Y.
Hanover, N. F.
New York University, School of Commerce, Accounts, and Finance, Now York, N\% Y.
Syracuse University, College of Business Administration, Byraouse, N. Y.
University of North Carolina, Bchool of Commerco, Chapel Hi山, N. O.
Univeralty of North Dakota, School of Commerce, Univaftety, N. Dak.
Ohio State University, College of Commerce and Administration, Columbus, Ohlo.
University of Cincinnatl, College of Engineering and Commerce, Oincinnatl, Ohio. Unlyersity of Oklahoma, School of Business, Norman, Okla.
University of Oregon, School of Bustmess Administration, Eugene, Oreg.
Upiversity of Pennsylvania, Wharton School of Commeroe and Finanoe, Philadelphia, Pa.
University of Pittsburgh, School of Business Administration, Pittsburgh, Pa. v
Southern Methodist University, School of Commerce, Dallas, Tox.
University of Texas, School of Business Adminiatration, Austln, Tex.

Univeraity of Virginia, Mcintire School of Commerce, Charlottesville, Va. Washington and Lee University, School of Commerce and Administration, Lexington, Ve. I'niversity of Ẃashington, College of Business Administration, Seattle, Wesh. Marquatto University, College of Business Administration, Milwaineo, Wis. University of Wisconsin,' School of Commerce, Madison, Wis.

# American Association of Schools and Departments of Journalism 

Secretary: H. H. Herbert, University of Oklahoms, Norman, Okla.

## Members, June, 1930

Leland Stanford Junlor University, Division of Journallsm, Stanford Ualversity, Calk.
Northwestern University, Medill School of Journalism, Chlcago and Evanston, III, University of Illinois, School of Journallsm, Urbana, Ill.
Indiana University, Department of Journalism, Bloomington, Ind.
State University of Iowa, School of Journalism, Iowa City; Iows.
Kansas State Agricultural College, Department of Industrial Journalism, Manhattan, Kans, University of Kansas, Department of Journalism, Lawrence, Kans.
Ioulsiana State University, Department of Journallsm, Baton Rouge, La.
University of Michigan, Department of Journalism, Ann Arbor, Mich.
1
University of Minnesota, Department of Journalism, Minneapolis, Minn.
University of Missourl, Bchool of Journalism, Columbls, Mo.
State Untversity of Montana, School of Journallsm, Missoula, Mont.
University of Nebraska, \&chool of Journalism, Lincoln, Nebr.
Columbla University, Bchool of Journalism, New York, N. Y.
Syracuse University, Department of Journallsm, Byracuse, N. Y.
Ohio State University, Department of Journalism, Columbus, Ohlo.
University of Oklahoma, School of Journalism, Norman, Okla.
University of Oregon, School of Journalism, Eugene, Oreg.
Univeralty of Texas, Department of Journalism, Austin, Tex.
University of Washington, School of Journalism, Beattle, Wash.
University of Wisconsin, School of Journalism, Madison, Wis.

## American Bar Association

## Council on Legal Education and Admissions to the Bar

Becretary: Alexander B. Andrews, 239 Fayettoville Street, Releigh, N. O.

Approved Law Schools, February 1, 1930

University of Alsbama, Bchool of Law, Tuscaloosa, Als.
University of Arkansas, School of Law, Fayetteville, Ark.
Leland Stanford Junior University, Law School, Stanford University, Calli.
University of Callfornla, School of Jurisprudence, Berkeley, Callf.
University of Southern Calffornila, Bchool of Law, Des Angeles, Calif.
University of Colorado, School of Law, Boulder, Colo.
Univeratty of Denver, School of Law, Denver, Colo.
Yale University, Bchool of Law, Now Haven, Conn.
Catholia University of America, School of Law, Weshington, D. O.
Georgetown University, School of Law, Washington, D. C.
George Washington University, Law School, Washington, D. O.
University of Florlda, College of Law, Galnesville, Fla.
Emory Univaralty, Lamar School of Law, Atlanta, Gla.
Meroor Univeratty, School of Law, Maçn, Ga.
University of Georgla, Law School, Athens, Os
Univeralty of Idaho, College of Law, Moscow, Idaho.

De Paul University, College of Law, Chicago, m. Loyola University, Bohool of Law, Chicago. In.
Northwestern University,"School of Law, Chicago, III.
University of Chicago, Law School, Ohicago, III.
University of Illinois, College of Law, Urbana, Ill.
Indians University, School of Law, Bloomington, Ind.
University of Notre Dame, College of Law, Notre Dame, Ind.
Valparalso University, Law School, Valparalso, Ind.
Drake Univeraity, Law Sehool, Des Molnes, Iowa.
State University of Iowa, College of Law, Iowa City, Inwa.
Unlversity of Kansas, 8chool of Law, Lawrence, Kans.
Washburn College, School of Law, Topaka, Kans.
Üniversity of Kentacky, College of Law, Lexington, Ky.
Loulsiana State University, Law School, Baton Rouge, La.
Tulane Unlversity of Louislans, College of Law, New Orleans, Le.
University of Maryland, School of Law, Baltimore, Md.
Boston University, School of Law, Boston, Mass.
Harvard University, Law School, Cambridge, Mass.
Unlversity of Michigan, Law School, Ann Arbor, Mich.
University of Minnesota, Law School, Minneapolis, Minn.
persity of Mississippl, School of Law, University, Miss. ouis University, School of Law, St. Louis, Mo. wersity of Missourl, School of Law, Columbla, Mo.
Washington University, Bchool of Law, St. Louls, Mo.
State University of Montana, School of Law, Missoula, Mont
Creighton University, College ol Law, Omaha, Nebr.
University of Nebraska, College of Law; Lincoln, Nebr.
Columbia University, School of Law, New York, N. Y.
Cornell University, Law School, Ithaca, N. Y.
Syracuse University, College of Law, Syracuse, N. Y.
University of North Carolina, School of Law, Chapel Hill, N. C.
University of North Dakota, School of Law, University, N. Dek.
Ohio State University, College of Law, Columbus, Ohio
University of Cincinnatl, College of Law, Cincinnati, Ohio.
Western Reserve Unlversity, Franklin T. Backus Law School, Cleveland, Ohlo.
University of Oklahoma, School of Iam, Norman, Okla.
University of Oregon, School of Law, Eugene, Oreg
University of Pennsylvania, Law School, Philadelphia, Pa.
University of Pittshurgh, School of Law, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Furman University, 8chool of Law, Greenville, 8. C.
Undversity of South Carolina, School of Law, Columbla, s C.
University of South Dakota, Sohool of Law, Vermilion, S. Dak.
Viversity of Tennessee, College of Law, Knnxille, Tenn.
Vanderbilt Undversity, School of Law, Nashville, Tenn.
Bouthern Methodist University, School of Law, Dhllas, Ter.
University of Texas, School of Law, Austin, Ter.
University of Utah, School of Law, Salt Lake Cify. Utah.
University of Richmond, School of Law, Richmond.
University of Virginia, Department of Law, Charlottesville, Ve.
Washington and Dee University, Sohool of Lew, Lexington, Va.
University of Washington, Bchool of Law, Seattle, Wash.
West Virginia University, College of Law, Morgantown, W. Va.
Marquette University, Law School, Milwaukee, Wis.
University of Wisconsin, Law School, Martison, Wis.
University of Wyoming, Law School, Laramie, W yo.

## American Library Association

Board of Education for Librarianship

Ohalrman: H. W. Craver, 520 North Michigan Avenue, Chicago, III.

## Library Schools Accredited 1928-29

The following schools all conform to the minimum standards of the Board of Education for Librarianship. They vary, however, in requirements for admission, lengths of course, and degrees granted.
Los Angeles Public Library, Library School, Los Angeles, Calif.' University of California, Bchool of Librarianship, Berkeley, Calif. 4
McGill University, Library School, Toronto, Cansda. ${ }^{1}$
Carnegie LIbrary of Atlanta, Library School, Atlants, Ga.4
University of Illinois, Library School, Urbana, Ill.'
Simmons College, School of Library Science, Boston, Mass. 'I
University of Michlgan, Department of Library Science, Ann Arbor, Mich. ${ }^{1}$
8t. Louis Public Library, Bt. Louls Líbrary Bchool, 8t. Louls, Mo. ${ }^{1}$
New Jersey College for Women (Rutgers University), Library Bchool, New Brunswlck, N. J.e
Columbla University, School of Library Bervice, New York, N. Y.
Pratt Institute, Bchool of LIbrary Bcience, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Syracuse University, School of Library Bcience, Byracuse, N. Y.'
Western Reserve Unlversity, school of Library Bcience, Clevelana, Ohio. it
Carnegie Institute, Carnegie Library Bchool, Pittsburgh.'
Drexel Institute, School of Library Bcience, Philadelphia.
Hampton Institute, Library Bchool, Hampton, Va. ${ }^{13}$
University of Washington, Library School, Seattle, Wash. ${ }^{\prime}$
University of Wisconsin, Library 8chool, Madison, Wis."

## American Medical Association

Council on Medical Education and Hospitals
Becretary: N. P. Colwell, 535 North Dearbora Street, Chicago, Ill.

Class A-Acceptable Medical Colleges
July 1, 1930
University of Alabama, Bchool of Medicine, Tuscaloosa, Ala.'
University of Arkansas, Medical Department, Little Rock, Ark.
College of Medical Evangelists, Loma Linda and Los Angeles, Callf.
Leland Stanford Junior University, Sohool of Medicine, San Francisco, Callf. University of California, Medical School, Ban Franclsco, Callf.
University of Colorado, School of Medicine, Boulder and Denver, Colo.
Yale University, School of Medicine, New Haven, Conn.
Georgetown University, School of Medicine, Washligton, D. O.
George Washington University, Medical School, Washingten, D. O.
Howard University, Medical College, Washington, D. C. 1
Emory Unlversity, Bchool of Medicine, Atlanta, Ga.
Unlversity of Georgia, Medical Department, Augusta, Ole.
Loyola University, Bchool of Medicine, Ohicago, m .

[^33]Northwestern University, Medical School, Chlcago, Il .
Rush Medical College, University of Chicago, Chicago, Ill.
University of Chicago, 8chool of Medicine, Chicago, Ill .
University of Illinois, College of Medicine, Chicago, III.

- Indiana University, School of Medicine, Bloomington and Indianapolls, Ind.

State University of Iowa, College of Medicine, Iowa City, Iowa.
University of Kansas, Bchool of Medicine, Rosedale and Lawrence, Kans.
University of Louisville, Bchool of Medicine, Louisville, Ky.
Tulane University of Louisiana, School of Medicine, New Orleans, La.
Johns Hopkins Unlversity, Bchool of Medicine, Baltimore, Md.
Univerasty of Maryland, Bchool of Medicine and College of Phystcians and Surgeons, Baltimore, Md.
Boston University, Bchool of Medicine, Boston, Mass.
Harvard University, Medical School, Boston, Mass.
Tufts College, Medical School, Boston, Mass.
Detrolt Colloge of Medicine and Surgery, Detroit, Mich.
University of Michigan, Medical School, Ann Arbor, Mich.
University of Minnesota, Medical 8chool, Minneapolis, Minn.
University of Mississippl, School of Medicine, University, Miss."
8t. Louls University, School of Medicine, 8t. Louls, Mo.
University of Missourl, School of Medicine, Columbla, Mo.?
Washington University, Medical School, 8t. Louis, Mo.
Oreighton University, School of Medicine, Omahs, Nebr.
University of Nebraska, College of Medicine, Lincoln and Omsha, Nebr.
Dartmouth Medical Bchool, Hanover, N. H.?
Albany Medical College, Albany, N. Y.
Columbla University, College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York, N. Y.
Cornell Unlversity, Medical College, New York, N. Y.
Long Island College Hospital, Brooklyn, N. Y.
New York Homeopathlo Medical College and Flower Lospital, New York, N. Y.
New York University and Bellevue Hospita, Medical College, New York, N. Y.
Syracuse University, College of Medicine, Syracuse, N. Y.
University of Buffalo, 8 chool of Medicine, Buffalo, N. Y.
Unilversity of Rochester, School of Medicine and Dentistry, Rochester, N. Y.
Duke University, Echool of Medicine, Durham, N. C.

- University of North Carollna, School of Medicine, Chapel IIII, N. C.!

Wake Forest College, School of Mediolne, Wake Forest, N. C.'
Unlversity of North Dakota, School of Medicine, Unlversity, N. Dak.?
Oblo State Uaiversity, College of Medicine, Columbus, Ohio.
University of Cincinnati, College of Mediclne, Cincinnati, Oblo.
Western Reserve Unlverity, Bchool of Medicine, Cleveland, Ohto.
University of Oklahoma, Bchool of Medicine, Norman and Oklahoma Cits, Okla
University of Oregon, Medical School, Portland, Oreg.
Hahnamann Medical College and Hospital of Philadelphla, Philadelphta, Pa.
Jefierson Medical College of Philadelphia, Philadelphla, Pa.
Temple Unlversity, School of Medicine, Philadelphia, Pa.
University of Pennsylvania, School of Medicine, Phlladelphia, Pa.
Unlversity of Pittsburgh, School of Medicine, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Woman's Medical College of Pennsylvanla, Philadelphla, Pa.
University of the Phillppines, College of Medicine and Surgery, Manila, P. I.
University of St, Thomss, Faculty of Medictne and Surgery, Manila, P. I.
Medical College of the Btate of Bouth Carollna, Charleston, S. C.
Unlversity of South Dakota, College of Medicine, Vermilion, 8. Dak.:
Meharry Medical College, Nashville, Tann. 1
University of Tennessee, College of Medicine, Momphis, Temn.
Vanderbilt University, School of Medicline, Nashville, Tenn.
Baylor-University, College of Medicine, Dallas, Tex.
University of Texes, School of Medicine, Galveston, Ter.
University of Utah, School of Medicine, Salt Lake City, Utah.'
University of Vermont, College of Medicine, Burlington, Vt.
Medical College of Virginia, Richmond, Va.
University of Virginla, Department of Mediolne, Charlottesville, Va.
Weet Virginia University, Sahool of Medicine, Morgantown, W. Vs.?
Marquette Univeralty, 8ohool of Medicine, Milwaukee, Wis.
Unlveratty of Wisconsin, Medical Bchool, Madison, Wis,

[^34]Oniversity of Alberta Faculty of Medicho, Fidmonton, Alta. Dalhousie Ualversity Faculty of Medictne, Hallfar, N. S. Queen's Unlversity Faculty of Mediclne, Kingston, Ont. Opiversity of Toronto Faculty of Medicine, Toronto, Ont. University of Western Ontario Medical School, London, Ont. McGill University Faculty of Medicine, Montreal, Que. Unlyersity of Montreal Medical Faculty, Montreal, Que. Laval University Faculty of Medicine, Quebec, Que. Ualversity of Manltoba Faculty of Medicine, Winnipeg, Man.

## Association of Collegiate Schools of Architeqcture

 ecretary: Roy C. Jones, University of Minnesota, Minneapolis, Minn.
## Members, 1928-29

Alabams Polytechnic Institute, School of Arcbitecture, Auburn, Ala.
University of California, School of Architecture, Berkeley, Calif.
University of Southern California, School of Architecture, Los Angeles, Calf. Yale University, Department of Architecture, Bchool of Fine Arts, New Haven, Conn. Catholic University of America, Department of Architecture, Washington, D. C. Georgla School of Technology, Department of Architecture, Atlanta, Ga. Armour Instltute of Technology, Department of Architecture, Cbleago, Ill. University of Illinols, Department of Architecture, Urbana, Ill. Kanses State A gricultural Collage, Department of Architecture, Manhattan, Kans. Unlversity of Kansss, Department of Architecture, Lawrence, Kans. Harvard Undversity, Bchool of Architecture, Cambridge, Mass.
Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Department of Architecture, Cambridge, Mass.
University of Michigan, College of Architecture, Ann Arbor, Mich.
Unlvarsity of Minnosota, Bchool of Architecture, Minneapolis, Minn.
Washington University, Bchool of Architecture, St. Louis, Mo.
Princet on Unlversity, School of Arcbltecture, Princeton, N. J.
Columbla University, School of Architecture, New York, N. Y.
Cornell Unlversity, College of Archiltecture, Ithaca, N. Y.
Syracuse University, Department of Architecture, Syracuse, N. Y.
Ohlo Btate University, Department of Architecture, Columbus, Ohio. Unfversity of Oregon, School of Architecture and Allied Arts, Eugene, Oreg. Carnegie Institute of Technology. Department of Architecture, Pittsburgh, Ps. Pennsylvanla State College, Department of Architecture, Btate College, Pa.
Oniversity of Pennsylvania, Department of Architecture, School of Fine Arts, Philadelphla. Pa. University of Teras, Department of Architecture, Austin, Tex.
University of Weshington, Department of Architecture, Beattle, Wash.

# Dental Educational Council of America 

Secretary: Albart L. Midgley, 1108 Union Trust Bullding, Providence, R. L,

## Dental Schools Classified by the Council, July 1, 1930.

## Class A

A sehool shall be considered fully acceptable and designated as class A, if, in the judgment of the Denital Educational Council of America, it fairly meets and maintains the requirements.

College of Physicians and Surgeons of San Francisco, San Francisco, Callf.
Universty of Callfornia, Cuiiege of Dentistry, Ban Francisco, Callf.
University of Southern Calfornis, College of Dentistry, Los Angeles, Callf.
Atlanta-Sö:hern Dental College, Atlanta, Ga.
Chicago College of Dental Surgery, Dental Department of Loyola University, Chleago, ill.
Northwestern University, Dental School, Chicago, III.
University of Illinois, Colloge of Dentistry, Chicago, III.
Indiana University, School of Dentistry, Indianapolis, Iad.
Itate University of Iowa, College of Dentistry, Iowa City, Iowa.
University of Loulsville, College of Dentistry, Louisville, Ky.
Loyola University. School of Dentistry, New Orleans, La.
Baltimore College of Dental Burgery, University of Maryland, School of Dentistry, Baltimore, Md.
Harvard University, Dental School, Boston, Mass.
Tufts College, Dental 8chool, Boston, Mass.
University of Michigan, College of Dental Surgery, Ann Arbor, Mich.
University of Minnesota, College of Dentistry, Minneapolis, Minn.
Kansas City-Western Dental College, School of Dentistry, Lincolnand Lee University, Kansas Clis, Mo, St. Louls University, School of Derrtistry, St. Louls, Mu.
Washington University ${ }^{\text {C }}$ School of Dentistry, St. Louis, Mo.
Creighton University, College of Dentistry, Omaha, Nebr,
University of Buffalo, College of Dentistry, Buffilo, K. Y.
New York Unlversity, College of Dentistry, New York, N. Y.
Ohlo State Unlversity, Colloge of Dentistry, Columbus, Ohio.
Western Reserve Univetaity, Dentnh School, Cleveland, Ohlo.
North Pacific College of Oregon, 8 chool of Dentistry, Portland, Oreg.
Thomas W. Evans Museum and Dental Institute, School of Dentistry, Oniversity of Pennsylvania, Phlladelphla, Pa.
University of Pittsburgh, School of Dentistry, Pittaburgh_Pa.
University of Tennessee, College of Dentistry, Memphis, Tenn.
Baylor Ualversity, College of Dentistry, Dallas, Ter.
Medical College of Virginla, School of Dentistry, Richmond, Va.
Marquette University, College of Dentistry, Milwaukee, Wis.

## Class B

A school which in certain particulars does not meet all of the requirements, * * * but which, in the judgment of the council, will be able to meet them within a reasonable time and which meanwhile is, in the judgment of the council, making full utilization of its facilities, and is devoting all of its income to the promotion of teaching and advancement of dental education, shall be considered as worthy of assistance and designated as class $B$.

University of Denver Bchool of Dentlistry, Denver, Colo. ${ }^{\prime}$
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Howard Unlverslty, Dental College, Washington, D. C.I
University of Nebraska, College of Dentistry, Litcoln. Nebr.
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Moharry Dental College, Nashville, Tenn. 1

[^35]
## National Association of Schools of Music

Becretary: H. L. Butler, Syraruse University, Syracuse, N. Y.
$\stackrel{*}{*}$

## List and Classification of Institutional Members, 1929

## State-supported university schools of music:

University of Arizona, School of Music, Tucson, Ariz. State University of Inwa, School of Musle, Iowa City, Iowa. University of Kansas, School of Fine Arts, Lawrence, Kans. University of Michigan, School of Music, Ann Arbor, Mich. University of Oregon, School of Muslc, Eugene, Oreg.
University of Washington, College of Fine Arts, Seattle, Wash.
Schools and conservatories of music connected, with endowed colleges and uni versities:
University of Southern Callfornia, College of Music, Los Angeles, Callf.
College of the Pacific Conservatory of Music, Stockton, Calif.
Yale Unlversity, School of Music, New Haven, Conu.
Nortbwestern Unlversity, School of Music, Evanston, Ill.
Byracuse University, College of Fine Arts, Byracuse, N. Y.
Oberlin Conservatory of Music, Oberlin, Ohlo.
Converse College, School of Music, Spartanburg, 8. O.
University school with separate endowment:
Eást mald School of Muslc of the Unlversity of Rochester, Rochester, N. Y.
Independent endowed school of music:
Institute of Musical Art of the Juilliard School of Music, New York, N. Y.
Independent, privately supported schouls and conservatories of musio:
Denver College of Music, Inc., Denver, Colo. ${ }^{11}$
American Conservatory of Music, Chlcago, Ill.
New England Conservatory of Music, Boston, Mass.
Kansas City-Horner Conservatory of Music, Kansas Clty, Mo.
College ol Music of Cincinnatl, CincinnatI, Ohlo.
McCune School'or Music and Art, Salt Lake City, Utah.
Cornlah School of Music, Seattle, Wash.
Independent, unendowed schools and conservatories of music:

[^36]10 Formerly the Wolcott Conservatory of Musia.
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Washington and Lee University (Virginala), 13, 19, 125; school of commerce and administration, 133; school of lasw, 134.
Weshington Juntor College (Iowz), 64.
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Washington, University of. See University of Washington.
Waukon Juntor College (Iown) 64.
Wirland College (Texas), 118, 122.
Waynesburg College (Pennsyivania), 108.
Weatherford College (Texas), M18, 122.
Wewer Collkge (North Carolina), 89.
Weber College (Utah), 122, 124.
Webster City Junior College (Iowa), 64:
Webster College ( $N$ issouri), 24, 84.
Wellesley College (Massachusetts), 12.
Wells College (New York), 13, 14, 94.
Wentworth Military Academy (Missourl), 2f. 86.
Wesley College (Norţh Dakota), 100; (Toxns), 118, 122.
Wesleyan College (Ceorgia), 12, 18, 53.
Wesleyan Methodist College (South Carollna), 109.
Wesleyan Unlversity (Connecticut), 11.
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West Tennessee Stnte Teacherss Colloge, 19, 40, 114.
West Texas State Teachers College, 19, 40, 117, 120,
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West Virginia Wesleyan College, 25, 127.
Western Carolins Teachers College (North Carolins), $40,09$.
Western Callege for Women (Ohio), 13, 24, 102, 104.

Western Illinois State Teschers College, 23, 89, 88. Western Kentuiky Stata Teschers Collego, 10, 89, 73, 76.
Western Maryland College, 14, 78.
Western Ontario, Unlversity of. See Unlversity of Western Ontario.
Western Reserve University (Ohlo), 18, 24, 102, 104;
school of education, 39; school of pharmaoy, 181; Franklln T. Backus Law School, 134; achool of library science, 135; school of medicine, 136; dental school, 138.
Western State College (Colorado), 23, 80, 81.
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Westminster College (Missouri), 12, 24, 84; (Pontsylvania), 18, 15, 108; (Texas), 118, 122.
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Willberlorce University (Ohlo), 102, 104.
Wiley College (Texas), 122.
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william Smith College (Hobart College) (Now York), 14, 94.
William Woods Collage (Missour), 20, 88.
Williams College (Messachusetts), 12.
Williams Junior College (Berkeley, Calif.), 48.
Wilmington College (Ohlo), 102, 104.
Wilson College (Pennsylvania); 13, 15, 108.
*ingate Junlor College (North Carolina), 00.
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Wittenberg College (Ohlo), 13, 24, 102, 104.
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Woodstock Collego (Maryland), 78.
Woosfer, College of. See Colloge of Wooster.
Worcester Polytechnic Institute (Massachusetts), 12.

Wyoming, Univeralty of. See University of Wyoming.

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Xavier University (Loulsiana), 77.
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Yakima Junior College (Washington), 128.
Yale University (Connecticut), 11, 49; department of arcbitecture, 137; school of law, 133; school of medicine, 185; school of music, 139.

Yankton College (South Dakota), 25, 110, 113
Yeshiva College (New York), 94.
York College. (Nebraska), 86, 87.
Young Harris College (Georgis), 53.
Youngstown Y. M. C. A. Junior College (Ohio). 102.
Yuba Junior College (Marysville, Calif.), 48.


## ACCREDITED HIGHER INSTITUTIONS

Changes in the Accredited Lists of. National and Regional Accrediting Association, 1930-1933


I

UNIVERSITIES AND COLLEGES, JUNIOR COLLEGES, AND TEACHER TRAINING INSTITUTIONS

ASSOCIATION OF AMERICAN UNIVERSITIES
Added:
Adelphia Cellege, Garden City, N. Y.
Augustana College, Rock Island, Ill.
Baldwin-Wallace College: Berea, Ohio.
Bradley Polyteohnic Institute, Peoria, Ill.
Carroll College, -Waukesha, 'Mism
Collegle of Puget Sound, Tacoma, Wash.
Colorado Sohool of Mines, Golden, Colo. A
George washington University, Washington, D. C.
Georgiah School of Technology, Atlanta, Ga.
Incarnafe Word College, San Antonio. Tex.
Marquette University, Milwaukee, Wis.
Maryville College, Maryville, Tenn.
Michigan State College of Agriculture and Applied Science.
East Lansing, Mich:
Millsaps College, Jackson, Miss.
Mofitana State College, Bozeman, Mont.
New Jersey College for Women (moman's college of Rutgers University), New Brunswick, N. J.
Oklahoma College for Women, Chickasha, Okla.
St: Olaf College, Northfield, Minn.
Shorter College, Rome, Ga.
Southwestern College, Memphis, Tenn.
United States Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md.
Ursinus College, Collegeville, Pa.
Virginia Military Institute, Lexington, Va.
West'Virginia University, Morgantown, W. Va.

## ASSOCIATION OF COLLEGES AND SECONDARY SCHOOLS

 OF THE SOUTHERN STATES
## Universities and Colleges

## Added:

Delta State Teachers College, Cleveland, Miss.
Hollins College, Hollins, Va.
John B. Stetson University, Deland, Fla
Mary Baldwin College, Staunton, Va.
Morehead State Teachers College, Morehead, Ky.
Queens-Chioora College, Charlotte, N. C.
State Teachers College, Fredericksburg, Va.
Union College, Barbourville, Ky .

Transferred from teacher-training college list:
College of Education, University of Georgia, Athens, Ga
East Carolina Teachers College, Greenville, N. C.
East Tennessee State Teachers College, Johnson City, Tenn.
East Texas State Teachers College, Commerce, Tex.
Eastern Kentucky State Teachers College, Richmond, Ky.
Louisiana State Normal College, Natchitoches, La.
Middle Tennessee State Teachers College, Murfreesboro, Tenn.
Murray State Teachers College, Murray, Ky
North Texas State Teachers College, Denton, Tex.
Sam Houston State Teachers College, Huntsville, Tex.
Southwest Texas State Teachers College, San Marcos, Tex.
State Teachers College, East Radford, Va.
State Teachers College, Farmville, Va.
State Teachers College, Harrisonburg, Va.
Stephen F. Austin State Teachers College, Nacogdoches, Tex.
Sul Ross State Teachers College, Alpine, Tex.
West Tennessee State Teáchers College, Memphis. Tenn.
Rest Texas State Teachers College, Canyon, Tex.
Western Kentucky State Teachers College, Bowling Green, Ky.

Restored to membership in 1933 (on probation in 1931-32):
Brenau College, Gainesville, Ga. 1/

Bestered to membership (after suspension since September 1, 1931):
Mississippi State College for Women. Columbus. Miss.
University of Mississippi, University, Miss. 2/
d/ Not now fully meeting one or more standards, but continued on the approved list pending the removal of deficiencies.

On probation (after suspension since September 1, 1931):
Mississippi State College, State College, Miss.
State Teachers College, Hattiesburg Miss.

Removed (effective September 1, 1932):
Eton College, Elan College, N. C.
Texas College of Arts and Industries, Kingsville, Tex.

## Junior Colleges

## Added:

Brownsville Junior College, Brownsville, Tex.
Cumberland College, Williamsburg, Ky.
Edinburg College, Edinburg, Tex.
Pikeville Junior College, Pikeville, Ky.
St. Bernard College, St. Bernard, Ala.
St. Petersburg Junior College, St. Petersburg, Fla.
State Agricultural and Normal College, Americus, Ga.
Sue Bennett College, London, Ky.
Sunflower County Junior College, Moorhead, Miss.
Texarkana Junior College, Texarkana, Tex.
Tyler Junior College, Tyler, Tex, 3 /

## On probation:

Hiwassee College, Madisonville, Tenn.
Pearl River College, Poplarville, Miss.
Sullins College, Bristol, Va.

Approved List of Colleges and Universities for Negro Youth (First list published in 1930.)

Standard Four-Year Colleges-Class A

Institutions in this class meet in full the standards set up by the association for four-year colleges.

Atlanta University, Atlanta, Ga.
Fisk University, Nashville, Tenn.
Hampton Institute, Hampton, Va. 4/
Morehouse College, Atlanta, Ga.
Spelman College, Atlanta, Ga.


Talladega College, Talladega, Ala.

3/ Fails to meet standard 17 .
4/ Transferred from Class B in 1932.

## Universities and Colleges

Added:
Delta State Teachers College, Cleveland, Miss.
Hollins College, Hollins, Va.
John B. Stetson University, Deland, Fla.
Mary Baldwin College, Staunton, Va.
Morehead State Teachers College, Morehead, Ky.
Queens-Chicora College, Charlotte, N. C.
State Teachers College, Fredericksburg, Va.
Union College, Barbourville, Ky.

Transferred from teacher-training college list:
College or Education, University of Georgia. Athens, Ga
East Carolina Teachers College, Greenville, N. C.
East Tennessee State Teachers College, Johnson City, Tenn
East Texas State Teachers College, Commerce, Tex.
Eastern Kentucky State Teachers College, Richmond, Ky.
Louisianą State Normal College, Natchitoches, La.
Middle Tennessee State Teachers College, Murfreesboro, Tenn.
Murray State Teachers College, Murray. Ky .
North Texas State Teachers College, Denton, Tex.
Sam Houston State Teachers College, Huntsville, Tex.
Southwest Texas State Teachers College, San Marcos, Tex.
State Teachers College, East Radford, Va,
State Teachers College, Farmville, Va.
State Teachers College, Harrisonburg, Va.
Stephen F. Austin State Teachers College, Nacogdoches, Tex.
Sul Ross-State Teachers College, Alpine, Tex.
West Tennessee State Teachers College, Memphis. Tenn.
West Texas State Teachers College, Canyon, Tex.
Western Kentucky State Teachers College, Bowling Green, Ky.
Restored to membership in 1933 (on probation in 1931-32):
Brenau College, Gainesvillo, Ga. 1/
Zestored to membership (after suspension since September 1, 1931):
Mississippi State College for Women, Columbus, Miss.
University of Mississippi, University, Miss. Z/
d/ Not now fully meeting one or more standards, but continued on the approved list pending the removal of deficiencies.

2/ On account of financial difficulties, not now meeting one or

Uh probation (after suspension since September 1, 1931):
Mississippi State College, State College, Miss.
State Teachers College, Hattiesburg, Miss.

Removed (effective September 1, 1932):
Eion College, Elon College, N. C.
Texas College of Arts and Industries, Kingsiville, Tex.

## Junior Colleges

## Added:

Brownsville Junior College, Brownsville, Tex.
Cumberland College, Williamsburg, Ky.
Edinburg College, Edinburg, Tex.
Pikeville Junior College, Pikeville, Ky.
St. Bernard College, St. Bernard, Ala.
St. Petersburg Junior College, St. Petersburg, Fla.


State Agricultural and Normal College, Americus; Ga.
Sue Bennett College, London, Ky.
Sunflower County Junior Colírege, Moorhead, Miss.
Texarkana Junior College, Texarkana, Tex.
Tyler Junior College, Tyler, Tex. $\mathbf{3} /$

On probation:
Hiwassee College, Madisonville, Tenn.
Pearl River College, Poplarville, Miss.
Sullins College, Bristol, Va.

Approved List of Colleges and Universities for Negro Youth
(First list published in 1930.)

## Standard Four-Year Colleges-Class A

- Institutions in this class meet. in full the standards set ${ }^{*}$ up by the association for four-year colleges.

Atlanta University, Atlanta, Ga.
Fisk University, Nashville, Tenn.
Hampton Institute, Hampton, Va. 4/
Morehouse College, Atlanta, Ga. 4/
Spelman College, Atlanta, Ga. 4/
Talladega College, Talladega, Ala.

3/ Fails to meet standard 17.
4/ Transferred from Class B in 1932:

## Standard Four-Year Colleges-Class B

Institutions in this class do not yet meet in full one or more of the standards set up by the association for four-year colleges, but the general quality of their work is such as to warrant the admission, without condition, of their graduates to any institution requiring the bachelor's degree for entrance.

Bennett College, Greensboro, N. C.
Bishop College, Marshall, Tex.
Clark University, Atlanta, Ga.
Florida Agricultural and Mechanical College for Negroes.
Tallahassee, Fla.
Johnson C. Smith University, Charlotte, N. C.
Kentucky State Industrial College, Frankfort, Ky.
Knoxville College, Knoxville, Tenn.
Le Moyne College, Memphip Tenn.
Livingstone College, Salisbury, N. C.
Louisville Municipal College, Louisville, Ky
Negro Agricultural and Technical College. Greensboro, N. C.
North Carolina College for Negroes, Durham, N. C.
Paine College, Augusta, Ga.
Prairie View State Normal and Industrial College, Prairie View, Tex.
Southern University, Baton Rouge, La.
State Normal, Industriai, Agricultural and Mechanical College of
South Carolina, Orangeburg, S. C.
Tougalop College, Tougaloo, Miss.
Virginfa State College, Petersburg, Va.
Virginia Union University, Richmond, Va. $\theta$
Wiley College, Marshall, Tex.
Xavier University, New Orleans, La.

## Standard Four-Year Teachers Colleges-Class B

Institutions in this class do not yet meet in full one or more of the standards set up by the association for four-year teachers colleges, but the general quality of their work is such as to warrant the admission, without condition, of their gfaduates to any institution accepting the degree from an approved four-year teachers college for entrance.

Tuskegee Normal and Industrial Institute, Tuskegee, Ala.

Institutions, in this class meet in full the standards set up by this association for junior colleges.

Mary Allen Seminary, Crockett, Tex.

## Standard Two-Year Junior Colleges-Class B

Institutions in this class do not yet meet in full one or more of the standards set up by this association for junior colleges, but the general quality of their work is such as to warrant the admission of their graduates into the junior year of any standard four-year college

Bethune-Cookman College, Daytona Beach, Fla.
Houston Municipal Junior College for Negroes, Houston, Tex.
Joseph K. Brick Junior College, Bricks, N. C.
MIDDLE STATES ASSOCIATION OF COLLEGES AND SECONDARY SCHOOLS

Colleges and Universities

Added:
Brothers College, Madison, N. J.
Carnegie Institute of Technology, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Good Counsel College, White Plains, N. 'Y.
La Salle College, Philadelphia, 仓a.
Loyola College, Baltimore, Md.
Mercyhurst College, Erie, Pa.
Mourt St. Joseph"s College, Philadelphia, Pa.
Nazareth College, Roohester, N. Y.
Rosemont College, Rosemont, Pa .
Seton Hall College, South Orange, N. J.
Susquehanna University, Selinsgrove, Pa.
Villanova College, Engineering Department, Villanova, Pa.

## Removed:

Wagnef Memorial Lutheran College, Staten Island, N. Y.


Centenary Collegiate Ins itute, Hackettstown, N, J.
Packer Collegiate Institute, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Sarah Lawrence College, Bronxville, N. Y.
Seth Low Junior College, Brooklyn, N. Y.

NORTH CENTRAL ASSOCIATION OF COLLEGES AND SECONDARY SCHOOLS

Colleges and Universities

Added:
Arizona State Teachers College, Tempe, Ariz.
Arkansas State Teachers College, Conway, Ark.
Augustana College, Sioux Falls, S. Dak.
Bethany College, Lindsborg, Kans.
Butler University, Indianapolis, Ind.
College of the Ozarks, Clarksville, Ark.
College of St. Benedict, St. Joseph, Minn.
College of St. Scholastica, Duluth, Minn...
Concord State Normal School, Athens, W. Va.
Evansville College..Evansville, Ind.
Findlay College, Findlay, Ohio.

McKendree College, Lebanon, Ill.
Manchester College, North Manchester, Ind.
Mary Manse College (woman's college of St. John's University),
Toledo, Ohio.
Marymôunt College, Salina, Kans.
Notre Dame College, South Euclid, Ohio.
Southwestern College, Winfield, Kans.
University of Detroit, Detroit, Mich.
Ursuline ofllege, Cleveland, Ohio.

Transferred from teacher-training college list:
Bowling Green State College, Bowling Green, Ohio.
Harris Teachers College, St. Louis, Mo.
Illinois State Normal University, Normal, Ill.
Kent State College, Kent, Ohio,
Nebraska State Teachers College, Chadron, Nebr.
Nebraska State Teachers College, Kearney, Nebr.
Nebraska State Teachers College, Peru, Nebr.
Nebraska State Teachers College, Wayne, Nebr.
New Mexico State Teachers College, Silver City, N. Mex.
Northern Illinois State Teachers College, DeKalb, Ill.
Southern Illinois State Normal University, Carbondale, IIl.
State Teaohers College, Supepinc, Wis.
Stout Institute, Menomonie,

Transferred from junior college list:
Mount St. Charles College, Helena, Mont.
Sioux Falls College, Sioux Falls, S. Dak.
State Aǵricultural and Mechanical College, Jonesboro, Ark.

## Removed:

Augusta College and Theological. Seminary, Rock Island, Ill. Hambine University, St. Paul, Minn.
Municipal University of Wichita, Wichita, Kans.
New Mexico State Teachers College, Silver City, N. Mex.
Oaachita College, Arkadelphia, Ark.
Penn College, Oskaloosa, Iowa:
West Virginia Wesleyan College, Buckhannon, W. Va.

## Resigned:

Kenyon College, Gambier, Ohio.
Montana State College, Bozeman, Mont.
St. Mary's College, St. Mary's, Kans.
State University of Montana, Missoula, Mont.

## Junior Colleges

Added:
Blackburn College, Carlinville, Ill.
Colorado Woman's College, Denver, Colo.
Crane Junior College, Chicago, Ill.
Eveleth Junior College, Eveleth, Minn.
Jackson Junior College, Jackson, Mich.
Lyons Township Junior College, LaGrange, Ill.
Mount Mercy Junior College, Cedar Rapids, Iowa. '
St. Joseph's College, Collegeville, Ind:
Springfield Junior College, Springfield, Ill.
Thornton Township Junior College, Harvey, Ill.

Resigned:
Galloway Woman's College, Searcy, Ark.
Panhandle Agricultural and Mechanical College, Goodwell. Okla.


Teachers Colleges
-
Removed:

- New Mexico Normal University, Las Vegas, N. Mex.


## Resigned:



Cleveland School of Education, Cleveland, Ohio. * Detroit Teachers College, Detroit, Mich.
Eastern State Teachers College, Madison. S. Dak.
Montana State Normal College i, Dillon, Mont.
State Normal School, Spearfish, S. Dak.

## Universities and Colleges

## Added:

Albany College, Albany, Oreg.
Dominican College, San Rafael, Calif.
Immaculate Heart College, Hollywood, Calif.
Loyola University, Los Angeles, Calif
Marylhurst College, Oswego, Oreg.
Montana State College, Bozeman, Mont.
Montana State School of Mines, Butte, Mont.
Mount Angel College, St. Benedict, Oreg.
Mount St. Mary's College, Los Angeles, Calif.
Pacific Union College, Angwin, Calif.
Pacific University, Forest Grove, Oreg.
State University of Montana, Missoula, Mont.
University of San Francisco, © San Francisco, Calif.
University of Santa Clara, Santa Clara, Calif.
University of Utah, Salt Lake City, Utah.
Whitworth College, Spokane, Wash.
8)

## Junior Colleges

Added:
College of St. Mary-of-the-Wasatch, Salt Lake City, Utah.
Eastern Montana Normal School, Billings, Mont.
Northern Montana College, Havre, Mont.
'Northwest Nazarene College, 'Nampa, Idaho.
St. Martin's C\&llege, Lacey, Wash.
Snow College, Ephraim, Utah.
Southern California Junior College, Arlington, Calif
Falla Falla College, College Place, Wash.
Weber College, Ogden, Utah.

## Teachers Colleges and Normal Schools

## Added:

Eastern Oregon State Normal School, La Grange, Oreg.
Holy Names Normal School, Spokane, Mash.
Marydhurst Normal School, Oswego, Oreg.
Montana State Normal College, Dillon, Mont.
Mount Angel Normal School, Mount Angel; Oreg.
Seattle Pacific College, Seattle, Wash.

## 'AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF TEACHERS COLLEGES

The listing of accredited teachers colleges into classes $A, B$, and C, was abandoned by the American Association of Teachers Colleges in 1932. All accredited institutions are now included in a single list. Following is, a list of the institutions accredited for 1933-34. The Roman numerals following the names of certain institutions indicate the standards which the institutions fail to meet in full. The figures preceding the names of institutions represent the number of years in the longest curricula offered.
'Alabama:
State Teachers College, Florence.
State Teachers College, Jack ${ }^{\circ}$ nville.
State Teachers College, Livingston.
State Teachers Coilege, Troy, IV

Arizona:
Arizona State Teachers College, Flagstaff. VIII Arizona State Teachers College, Tempe.
a.Arkansas:

Arkansas State Teachers College, Conway.
Henderson State Teachers College, Arkadelphia.

California:
State Teachers College, Fresno.
State Teachers College, San Diego.

Colorado:
Colorado State Teachers College, Greeley.
Western State College of Colorado, Gunnison. V

District of Columbia:
Jámes Ofmond Wilson Teachers College, Washington. IV, IX
Miner Teachers College, Washington. IX
Georgia:
College of Education, University of Georgia, Athens. IV
Georgiá State College for Women, Milledgeville.
Geqorgia State Woman's College, Valdosta.' 'V
South Georgia Teachers College, Collegeboro. IX

Illinois:
3 Chicago Normal College, Chicago. IV
Eastern Illinois State Teachers College, Charleston. VIII

Illinois State Normal University, Normal. V, VI
Northern Illinois State Teachers College, De Kalb.
Southern Illinois State Normal University, Carbondale.
Western Illinois State Teachers College, Macomb.
Indiana:
Ball State Teachers Colloge, Muncie.
College of Education, Butler University. Indianapolis
Indiana State Teachers College, Terre Haute.
Iowa:
Iowa State Teachers Cóllege, Cedar Falls.

Kansas:
College of Education, University of Wichita. Wichita, $V$
Fort Hays Kansas State College, Hays.
Kansas State Teachers College, Emporia.
Kansas State Teaçers College, Pittsburg.
Kentucky:
Bowling Green College of Commerce, Bowling, Green. XI
Eastern Kentucky State Teachers College. Richmond.
Morehead State Teachers College, Morehead.
Murray State Teachers College, Murray V, VIII
Western Kentucky State Teachers College, Bowling Green.

Louisiana:
College of Education, Southwestern Louisiana Institute, Layafette Louisiana State Normal College, Natchirtoches:

Maryland:
3 Maryland State Normal School, Towson.

## Michigan:

Central State Teachers College, Mount Pdeasant.'.
Detroit Teachers College, Detroit.
Michigan State Normal College, Ypsilanti.
Northern State Teachers College, Marquette.
Western State Teachers College, Kalamazoo.

State Teachers College, Bemidji. IX
State Teachers College, Duluth.
State Teachers College, Mankato.
State-Teachers College, Moorhead.

State Teachers College, St. Cloud.
State Teachers College, Winona.

Mississippi:
Delta State Teachers College, Cleveland.
State Teachers College, Hattiesburg.

Missouri:
Central Missouri State Teachers College, Wartensburg. .VI, VIII Harris Teachers College, St. Louis.
Northeast Missouri State Teachers College, Kirksville.
Northwest Missouri State Teachers College, Maryville.
Southeast Missouri State Teachers College, Cape Girardeau.
Southwest Missouri State Teachers College, Springfield.
Stowe Teachers College, St. Loui's, IV, V
Teachers College of Kansas City, Kansas City.

Montana:
State Normal College, Dillon.

Nebraska:
Nebraska State Normal College, Chadron.
Nebraska State Teachers College, Kearney
Nebraska State Teachers Callege, Peru.
Nebraska State Teachers College, Wayne:

New Hampshire:
State Normal School, Keene. V'
State Normal School, Plymouth. . .

New Jersey:
3 New Jersey State Normał Schootw-Jersey City. IV, V New Jersey State Teachers College, Trenton. III
3 New Jersey State Normal School, Newark.
State Teachers College, Upper Montelair.
New Mexico:
New Mexico Normal University, Las Vegas. IV. V New Mexico State Teachers Gollege, Silver City. VIII

New York:
New York, State College for Teaóhersi Albany. V, VI School of Education, College of the City of New York,

- State Teachers College, Buffala

3 State Normal Sohool. Fredoniazer,

3 State Normal School, Geneseo.
3 State Normal and Training School, Oswego V, VI
3 State Normal School, New Paltz. V, VI

North Carolina:
Asheville Normal and Teachers College, Asheville. IV
East Carolina Teachers College, Greenville.
Western Carolina Teachers College, Cullowhee. V, IX
North Dakota:
State Normal School, Dickinson. V
State Normal and Industrial School, Ellendale. IX
State Teachers College, Mayville.
State Teachers College, Minot. V
State Teachers College, Valley City. V

Ohio:
© $\cdot$
Bowling Green State College, Bowling Green.
College of Education, Ohio University, Athens.
Kent State College, Kent.
School of Education, Miami University, Oxford.
School of Education, Western Reserve University, Cleveland.

Oklahoma:
$\Leftrightarrow$
Central State Teachers College, Edmond.
East Central State Teachers College, Ada.
Northeastern State Teachers College, Tahlequah
Northwestern State Teachers College, Alva،. V
Southeastern State Teachers College, Duránt.
Southwestern State Teachers College, Weatherford. V
Pennsylvania:
State Teachers College, Bloomsburg. V
State Teachers College, California.
State Teachers College,' East Stroudsburg. IX
State Teachers College; Edinboro, IX
State Teachér's College. Indiana.
State Teachers College, Kutztown. V, IX
State Teachers College, Lock Haven.
State Teachers College, Mansfield.
Statepachers College, Millersville.
State Teachers College, Shippensburg?
State Teachers College, slippery Beqk.
State Teachers College, West Chester:
outh Dakota:
2 Eastern State Normal School, Madison.
Northern Normal and Industrial School, 'Aberdeen.
2 Southern State Normal School, Springfield. VI
2 State Normal School, Spearfish.

Tennessee:
State Teachers College, Johnson City. V
State Teachers College, Memphis.
State Teachers College, Murfreesboro, V
Tennessee Agricultural and Industrial State College, Nashville. VI. IX.
Texas:
East Texas State Teachers College, Commerce.
North Texas State Teachers College Denton. VI
Sam Houston State Teachers College, Huntsville.
Southwest Texas State Teachers College, San Marcos.
Stephen F. Austin State Teachers College, Nacogdoches.' IX
Sul Ross State Teachers College, Alpine.
West Texas State Teachers College, Canyon.

## Utah:

School of Eeucation, University of Utah.

Virginio:
State Teáchers College, East Radford.
State Teachers College, Farmville.
State Teachers College, Fredericksburg.
State Teachers College, Harrisonburg.

West Virginia:
Concord State Teachers College, Athens. V
Fairmont State Teachers College, Fairmont.
Marshall College, Huntingtop.
Shepherd State Teachers College, Shepherdstown.

Wisconsin:
Central State Teachers College, Stevens Point. V, VIII
State Teachers College, Eau Clajre.
State Teachers College, La Crosse.
State Teachers College, Milwaukee.
State Teachers College, Oshkosh. V
State Teachers College, Platteville.
State Teachers College, River Ealls.
State Teaohers College, Whitewater.
${ }_{0}$ Stout Institute, Menominie.
Superior State Teachers College, Superior.

Transferred from associate membership to full membership:
Colleges of the City of Detroit, College of Pharmacy, Detroit, Mich Duquesne University, School of Pha cy, Pittsburg. Pa.
University of South Carolina, Schob f Pharmacy, Columbia, S. C.

## AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF COLLEGIATE SCHOOLS OF BUSINESS

Added:
College of the City of New York, School of Business and Civic Administration, New York, N. Y.
Louisiana State University, College of Commerce, Baton Rouge, La. Miami University, School of Business Administration, Oxford, Ohio University of Arkansas, School of Business Administration,

Fayetteville, Ark.
University of Buffalo, School of Business Administration, Buffalo, N. Y.

## AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF SCHOOLS AND DEPARTMENTS OF JOURNALISM

Added:
Boston University, Department of Journalism. Boston, Mass.
Iowa State College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts, Department of Technical Journalism, Ames, Iowa.
Marquette University, College of Journalism, Milwauke日, Wis.
Pennsylvania State College, Department of Journalism, State College, Pa.
Rutgers University, Department of Journalism, New Brunswiçk, N. J. University of Colorado, Department of Journalism, Boulder, Colo*. University of Georgia, Henry 7 . Grady School of Journalism, Athens, Ga.

Universty of Kentucky, Department ofornalism, Lexington, Ky. Washington and Lee University, Department of Journalism, Lexington, Va.

Notes: The former Department of Journalism of Louisiana State University has been changed to School of Journalism. The former School of Journalism of the University of Oregon, and the former Department of Industrial Journalism of the Oregon Agricultural College have been merged and now constitute the Sohool of Journalism of the Oregon State System of Hisher Education.

Added:
Bay Ior University, School of Law, Waco, Tex, 5/
Boston College of Law, Boston, Mass.:
College of William and Mary, School of Jurisprudence, Williamsburg,
Va .
Dickinson School of Law, Carlisle, Pa. S/
Duke University, School of Law, Durham, N. C.
Howard University, School of Law, Washington, D. C. 6/
John B. Stetson University, College of Law, Deland, Fla,
Loyola University, School of Law, New Orleans, La,
New York University, School of Law, New York, N. Y.
Union University, Albany Law School, Albany, N. Y.
University of Arizona, College of Law, Tucson, Ariz.
University of Louisville, Şchool of Law, Louisville, Ky. 5/

Removed:
Furman University, School of Law, Greenville, S. C.

## AMERICAN LIBRARY ASSOCIATION

BOARD OF EEUCATION FOR LIBRARIANSHIP

Added:
College of St. Catherine, Library School, St. Paul, Minn
Emory University, Library School, Emory University, Ga. 7/ George Peabody College for Teachers, Library Science Department, Nashville, Tenn.
Kansas State Teachers College, Library School, Emporia, Kans.
New York State College for Teachers, Library School, Albany, N. Y, University of Oklahoma, School of Library Science, Norman, Okla. University of Tennessee, Department of Library Science, Knoxville, Tenn.
Woman's College of the University of North Carolina, Department of Libsary Science, Greens̀boro. B/

5/ Except as to students who commenced their law school study pri to Septèmber 1, 1931.

- 6/ Except as to students who commenced their law schoole"study prif to April 14, 1931. 1

I/ Formerly Atlanta Library School. Under control of Emory University beginning September, 1930.

8/ To be discontinued after June, 1933.

## Provistonally accredited:

Louisiana State University, School of Library Science, Baton Rouge, La.
University of Denver, School of Librarianship, Denver, Colo.
University of North Carolina, School of Library Science, Chapel Hill, N. C.

## Discontinued:

Los Angeles Public Library, Library School, Los Angeles, Calif
St. Louis Public Library, St. Louls Library School, St. Louis, Mo. 9 /
AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CHEMICAL ENGINEERS 10/ COMMITTEE ON CHEMICAL ENGINEERING EDUCATION

## Accredited Ghemical Engineering Institutions

"The American Institute of Chemical Engineers has adopted on the recommendation of its Committee on Chemical Engineering Education the following list of . . . instifutions as those recognized by the institute as 'prepared to teach chemical engineering according to acceptable standards.'"

Armour Institute or Technology, Chicago, Ill.
California Institute of Technology, Pasadena, Calif.
Carnegio Institute of Technology, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Case School of Applied Science, Cleveland, Ohio.
Columbia University, New York, N. Y.
Iowa State College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts, Ames, Iowa Lehigh University, Bethlehem, Pa.
Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, Mass.
Ohio State Wiversity, Columbus, Ohio.
Polytechnic Institute of Brooklyn, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Purdue University, Lafayette, Ind.
Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, Troy, N. Y.
State University of Iowa, Iowa City, Iowa.
Univeraity of Cincinnati, Cincinnati, Ohio.
Univ̀ersity of Michigan, Ann Arboritalich.
University of Minnesota, Minnéapolis, Minn.
University of Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh, Pa.
University of Washington, Seattle, Wash.
University of Wisconsin, Madison, Wis.
Yale University, New Haven, Conn.
2/ Suspended operation, June, 1932, for two years, 10/ Not listed in Bulletin 1930, No. 19, Aocredited Higher Institutions.

## AMERICAN MEDICAL ASSOCIATION COUNCIL OF MEDICAL EDUCATION AND HOSPITALS

Added:
Louisiana State University Medical Center, New Orleans, La.
University of Southern California, School of Medicine Los Angeles, Calif., 1l/
University of Saskatchéwan, School of Medical Sciences, Saskatoon, Canada.

Removed:
University of Mississippi, School of Medicine, University. 12/ -

ASSOCIATION OF COLLEGIATE SCHOOLS OF ARCHITECTURE

Added:
New York University, Department of Architecture, College of Fine Arts, New York, N. Y.
University of Cincinnati, School of Applied Arts, Cincinnati, Ohio University of Notre Dame, Department of Architečture, College of Fine Arts, Notre Dame, Ind.

DENTAL EDUCATIONAL COUNCIL OF AMERICA

## Class B Dental Schools

Added:
Texas Dental College, Houston, Tex.

NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF SCHOOLS OF MUSIC

Added:
Alabama College, Montevallo. Ala.
A department of the college, State supported. (On probationlist in 1932; fully accredited 1933.)

Arthur Jordan Conservatory of Music, Indianapolis, Ind. Independent, sponsored by an endowed foundation; affiliated wi Butler University.

11/ Gives only the first two years of the medical course.
12/ Approved schools "may accord full oredit for work done to students actually enrolled on February 12, 1933."

Baldwin-Wallace College, Conservatory of Music: Berea, Ohio. A conservatory connecied with a college supported by the Methodist Episcopal Church.

Baylor Universìty, School of Music, Waco, Tex.
Part of a university supported by the Baptist General Convention of Texas.

De Paul University, School of Music, Chicago, Ill.
A department of a university, supported by the Catholic Church (On probation list in 1932; fully accredited 1933.)

Florida State College for Women, School of Music., Tallahassee, Fla A department of the college, State supported.
H. Sophie Newcomb Memorial College, Tulane University, New Orleans, La.
A school of an endowed college.

Illinois Wesleyan University, School of Music, Bloomingt Ill. An unendowed school of music connected with a university supported by the Methodist Episcopal Church.

Zouisiana State. University, Baton Rouge, La. A department of the university, State supported.

MacMurray College for Women, Illinois Conservatory of Music, Jacksonville, Ill.
A department of the college, endowed.
Nashville Conservatory of Music, Nashville, Tenn. Independent, privately supported.

Rollins College, Conservatory of Music, Winter Park, Fla. A conservatory connected with an endowed college.

Simmens University, Conservatory of Music, Abilene, Tex. 13/

- A univesity school, part of an endowed university.

Smith College, Northampton, Mass.

- A college school, endowed.

Southwestern College, Department of music, School of Fine Arts, Winfield, Kans.
A department of a college supported by the Methodist Episcopal Church.

University of Oklahoma, School of Music, Norman, Okla,
A university school. State supported.
F
Admitted to provisional membership:
Birmingham Conservatory of Music, Birmingham, Ma.
Independent, unendowed.
Capital University: Conservatory of Music, Columbus, Ohio. A department of an endowed university.

Judson, College, Marion, Ala.
A department of the college, supported by the Baptist Church.

Our Lady of the Lake College, San Antonio, Tex.
A department of the college supported by the Catholic Church.

Salem College, Winston-Salem, N. C.
A department of the college, supported by the Moravian Church.
Southern Methodist University,. Dallas, Tex.
A school in the university, supported by the Methodist Church, - South.

University of Colorado, Boulder, Colo.
A. university school, State supported.

Wittenberg College, Springfield, ohio.
A department of the college, supported by the Lutheran Church.
Woman's Cole of Alabama, Montgomery, Ala.
A department of the college, supported by the Methodist Church South.

Accredred Ior the first two orrs of their courses:
Concordia Conservatory of Music, Fargo, N. Dạk.
Unendowed; affiliated with Concordia College, Moorhead, Minn.
Incarnate Word College, San Antonio. Tex.
A part of the college, supported by the Catholic Church
Jacksonville College of Music, Jacksonville, Fla
Independent, unendowed.
Lamont School of Music, Denver, Colo.
Independent, unendowed.
New Orleans "Conservatory of Music, New Orlearts, La. . Independent, unendowed.

## Removed:

Glenn Dillard Gunn School of Music. Chicago, . Ill Independent, unendowed.

Institute of Musical Art of the Juilliard School, of Music. - New York, N.•Y. Independent, endowed.
Louisville Conservatory of Music, 'Louisville, Ky. Independent, unendowed.


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Not an accrediting agency. The principles and standards for accrediting institutions of higher learning which it has promulgated serve as guldes to active accrediting agencies.
    ${ }^{1}$ Acarediting activities bave axtended to universities and colyeges anly.

[^1]:    ${ }^{3}$ Not an accrediting agency. Its standards are intended to ser ve as a gulde to active accrediting agencies.

[^2]:    ${ }^{1}$ Added to list in 1929.

[^3]:    - Formerly at Myerstown

[^4]:    - At its meeting in 142才 the association voted to make the standards for colleges of arts and scienoes and teacher-training collages identical, except that two additional atandards be fncluded for teachers colleges.

[^5]:    ${ }^{1}$ Added to list to 1929.

[^6]:    Marion Institute, Marion, Ala. Andrew College, Cuthbert, $\mathrm{An}_{\mathrm{n}}$. Berry College, Mount Berry, Qa. 1 Junior College of Augusta, Augusta, Oa . Bethel Womar's College, Hopkinsville, Ky. Nasareth Junlor College, Nezareth, Ky. 1

    Oulf Park Collegs, Gulfpert, Miss. Hinds Junlor College, Raymond, Miss. Uarrison-Stone-Jackson Agticultural Ligh School und Junlor College, Perkínston, Miss. 1
    Pearl River College, Poplarville, Miss,
    Whitworth College, Brookhaven, Mles.

[^7]:    ${ }^{1}$ Added to Ust In 1026.
    1 "Teacher-training Institutions in the north central territory which meet the standards of higher education for colleges and universities may be accredited by the North Contral Association in the regular way as colleges by applying theso standards, although they are professional institutions and grant professtonal degrees."

    I A semester bour is hore used to designate credit for ane class perlod per weok of not less than 60 minutes mor ons semester of at least 18 wreks.

[^8]:    - Colored.
    - Added to list in 1930.
    it Transferred trom teachers college list in 1930
    ${ }^{13}$ Name changed from West Virginla Collegiate Institute In 1929.
    uname changed from 8t. Mary's College (Prairie du Chien) in 192\%

[^9]:    - Colored.
    "Transferred trom college and univeralty list in 1830.

[^10]:    ${ }^{1}$ Added to list ln 1029.

[^11]:    Ha computing enrollment for library standards the "average annual enrollment on a 36 -week basis" as used by the U. B. Omce of Education in its report on Teachers Colleges and Normal Schools should be used.

[^12]:    - Added to llst in 1930.
    ${ }^{13}$ Ralsed to clasa A ieachers college in 1330

[^13]:    ${ }^{1}$ Athens College is not at present a member of the Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools of the Bouthern States. It is, however, a member of the Association of Alabams Colleges and the Univeralty of Alabama has been agreeing to accept the work of the institution at fice value, pending the time when it will be able to meet tu full the requirements for membership in the Southern assiociation.

    - Bt. Bernard College (also not a member of the association) is given aredit for two years of wort, in the belief that it will soon be able to meet the requiroments for membership in the Southern essochation.

[^14]:    University of Minnesota, Minneapolis, Minn. University of Missouri, Columbia, Mo.
    University of Niebraska, Lincoln, Nebr.
    Columbla University, New York, N. Y.
    Cornell Unlversity, Ithaca, N. Y.
    New York University, New York, N, Y. Ohio State University, Columbus, Oblo. University of Cincinnatl, Cincinnati, Obia. University of Oklahoma, Norman, Okla. University of Oregon, Eugene, Oreg. University of Pennsyivania, Pblladelphla, Pa Brown Unlversity, Providence, R. I. University of Texas, Austin, Ter. Universilty of Virginla, Charlottesville, Va iniversity of Washington, Seattle, Wash. Jniversity of W isconsin, Madison, Wis.

[^15]:    Albion State Normal School, Alblon. Lewiston State Normal School, Lewiston.

[^16]:    ${ }^{4}$ Formerly Mount st Jnseph College.

    - Formerly Central IIolitness University.

[^17]:    Buena Visin Tollege, Storm Take.
    Central College. Fella.
    ('larke Colleke, Dubuque.
    Coe College, Cedar Rapids.
    Columbia Collere, Duhuque
    Cornell College. Mount Vernon.
    Drake University, Des Mrines.
    Grinnell College, Grinnell.
    lowa state College of Akriculture and Mechanic Arts, Ames.
    Iowa State Tenchers College, Cedar Falls

[^18]:    - Formerly Mount St. Joseph College.

[^19]:    - Limited.

[^20]:    St. Benodict's Collere, St. Joseph.' St. Cloud State Tearhers College, st. Cloud.
    St, Mary's College, Winona.* st. Olaf College, Northfled.
    sitate Teachers College, HeinidjI.
    
    State Teachers College, Morrhend.
    State Teachers College, Winona
    University of Minnesota, College of Education, Minneapolis.

[^21]:    - Member of Missoari College Union.
    to Certain specifc requirements concerning filing of entrance certificates, credit for admisaion and adranced itanding, records, etc., are also designited.

[^22]:    " Approved for three jears of college work. No senior work until 1030-31.

[^23]:    - Colored.
    ${ }^{13}$ Added to necfedited list of North Centril Assucintion at its annual meeting in March, 1950.
    ${ }^{14}$ Thase institutions have not been measured ahd classified according to funior college standards, hut they approach the status of junior colleges.

[^24]:    " Moved trom Mjerstown. Pa., In 1929.

[^25]:    ${ }^{1}$ Beginning with 1928 summer school no araduate work accented for master's degree. Graduate work sccepted for doctor's lepree.
    "Cousolidated with Erakine College in 1928; prior to 1928 classified as "b."

[^26]:    Augustana College. sicur Falls.
    Daknta Wealeyan University, Mitchell.
    Huron College, Huron.
    Biour Falls College, sloux Falls.

[^27]:    "Formerly (until 1929) South Texas State Teachors Colleje.
    14 Discontinued at end of 1929-29.

[^28]:    Brownsville Junior College, Brownsvilte.
    Burleson College, Greenville.
    Clarendon Junior College, Clarendon.
    Cuifton College, Clifton.
    College of Marshall, Marshall.
    Decatur Baptist:College, Deratur.
    Edinburg Junlor College, Edinhurg.
    Oninesville Junfor College, Oninesville.
    Hillsbore Junior College, Hillsboro.
    Houston Junior College, Houston.
    Jacksonville College, Jacksonville.
    John Tarleton Agricultural College, Siephenvile.
    Kidd-Key College and Conservatory, sherman
    Lon Morts College. Jacksonville.
    North Texas Agricultural College, Arlington. Paris Jumior College, Paris.

[^29]:     sin Anturio Junior Collere, San Antunio. -chreiner Institute, Kerrville. South Pak Juntor Colleze, Heauminat. Tew, ple Junior Collere. Temple. If urhuna Iunior Collepe. Texarkane.7 evas Military Collezc. Terrell. Thurp Spring Christian College. Torrell. Ty ler Junior College, Tyler. Vistoria Junior College, Victoria. Wayland College, Plainview. Weatherford Colleye, Weatherford. $W$ esley College, (ircenville. Weviminster College, Teluncans. Westmoorland College, San Autonio. Wichita Falls Junior College, Wichita Falls'

[^30]:    11 Formerly (until 1029) South Texas State Teachers' College.

    - The department has also a set of apecial requirements concerning credit for admission and for advanoen standing.

[^31]:    n This insititution has been recently authorized to extend Its coursa to four years and to grant degrees. The university has accepted as much as three years' work from the institution, and will probably accept tourth-year work when applications are made, since it is the practice of the university to accept at face value all credits of State institutions whose courses of study bave been approved by the State boafd of education.

[^32]:    m Formerly St. Mary's College, Fraite du Chien.

[^33]:    1 Colored.

    - Junior undergraduate library school.
    - Oraduato llbrary sohool.
    - Benlor undergraduate library school.
    - Provisionally accredited senlor undergraduate library school.
    ' Cives only the Arst two years of the medical course.

[^34]:    Gives only the irst two years of the medicgivelarse.

    - The rating of this institution is in doubt bebause of reports relating to sweepling changes recently ordered tn the faculties of both the Univeralty of Mississippl and ite medion echool.

[^35]:    ${ }^{1}$ Colored.

    - A bout to discontinue. Will not admilt new studenta.

[^36]:    Bush Conservatory, Chlcago, III. -
    Chicago Musical College, Chicago, Ill.
    Columbia School of Music, Chicago, Ill.
    Cosmopolitan School of Musle and Dramatic Art, Chicago, IIl,
    Glenn Dillard Gunn School of Music, Chicago, Ill.
    Loulsville Conservatory of Music, Louisville, Ky.
    Detrolt Institute of Musical Art, Detrolt, Mich.
    MacPhall School of Music, Minneapolls, Minn.
    University Scbool of Music, Lincoln, Nebr.
    American Institute of Applled Music, New York, N. Y,
    Cincinnatl Conservatory of Music, Inc., Clnclnati, Oblo.
    Cleveland Institute of Muslc, Cleveland, Ohlo.
    Philadelphia Musical Academy, Philadelphia, Pa.
    Combe Conservatory of Muslo, Phlladelphis ,Ps.
    Pittaburgh Musical Institute, Pittsburgh, Pa.
    Wisconsin Conservatory of Music, Milwaukeo, WIs.

